THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

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BRAVING DEADLY GERMAN BARRAGE AMERICANS GAIN NEARLY 2 MILES

KNIGHT APOLOGIZES FOR CALLING "LIAR" TO HOUSE MEMBER

Sensation Caused by Interruption by Compiler of Records of Speech Made at the Morning Session by Seaton Grantland.

EXPRESSES DEEP REGRET FOR ACTION IN MORNING

Incident Precipitated by Address Made by Mr. Grantland in Which He Related Conversation With Mr. Knight.

Following a sensational incident in the house of representatives at the morning session, when Lucian L. Knight, compiler of state records, who was in the gallery, interrupted the address of Seaton Grantland, or Spalding, with the cry "You are a liar," Mr. Knight appeared on the floor Tuesday afternoon to offer an apology to the house and to Mr. Grantland. The apology was accepted with but three dissenting votes and the incident was closed.

Immediately after the occurrence a resolution was passed, declaring Mr. Knight in "contempt of this house" and the sergeant-at-arms was directed to apprehend him and bring him before the bar for judgment. He was found in his office and then released from custody on his promise to appear at 3 o'clock.

Knight Given Floor.

After roll call in the afternoon Speaker Holder extended the privileges of the floor to Mr. Knight, who, with a slight tremor of voice at first, proceeded to deliver his apology.

Among other things he said: "Gentlemen, I respect the proprieties of this hall; I deeply regret the occurrence that brings me into your presence at this time.

"I love Georgia from the depths of my heart. When I was ill attempting to regain my health on a far-off lonely island, my chief thought at that time was my home—Georgia—and I wrote about her. I am a touchstone and a hotspur; I wish to apologize to this house and to apologize to the gentleman from Spalding, Mr. Grantland."

Apology Is Accepted.

Mr. Swift, of Muscogee, then moved that the apology be accepted and that he be discharged from the custody of the house.

Judge Atkinson then said, "I have known Mr. Knight many years and have the greatest respect for him. I was shocked when I heard the language used from the gallery this morning. I gladly accept the explanation of the gentleman."

Vote was then taken on the question of accepting the apology tendered in person, with the result that there were only three dissenting votes: Barrett,

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"Now America Must Pay the Bills"

Two full pages of the report, by Dr. Arthur Davis, of his personal interviews with the Kaiser during his fourteen-year residence in Berlin.

"Wilson is a Real Scoundrel"

"Mr. Hearst Has Helped Our Cause Very Much"

So Said William Hohenzollern

Many Other Great Features

Including—

"The Marines at Belleau Woods," by George H. Seldes, The Constitution's special correspondent with the A. E. F. in France.

Frank H. Simonds, on the progress of the War.

Ex-Chief Flynn, of the Secret Service, in "The Eagle's Eye," and

"Britain's Great Part in the War," by Louis Tracy, the popular author.

In Sunday's Constitution

Lieut. LeConte Slain During Drive By Forces of Foch

Former Captain of Boys' High Football Team Is Second Atlanta Officer to Fall in Great American Offensive.

Atlanta's second commissioned officer known to have made the supreme sacrifice in the allied triumph in the recent great offensive is Lieutenant William L. LeConte, son of James A. LeConte, of 155 Cleburne avenue.

News of his death came Tuesday in a telegram to his father from the war department stating that he died July 19 from wounds received in action. This was one day following the inauguration of the Franco-American drive which smashed Ludendorff's offensive and converted the advance of the German army into a retreat that is still under way, and which has netted the allies more than 30,000 German prisoners and a score of towns in a wide extent of territory.

Lieutenant LeConte was only 22 years of age at the time of his death. He was a member of the 59th infantry, which trained for overseas service at Camp Greene, N. C. His unit sailed for France last May.

Leade rin Athletics.

Lieutenant LeConte was educated in the Boys' High school in Atlanta and at Emory college at Oxford. He was widely known as a leader in athletics in the high schools, and during his last year in the Boys' High school was captain of the football team.

When he left college he became connected with the General Electric company in Atlanta, where he was employed when he made application for entry into the officers' training school.

He attended the second officers' training camp at Fort Oglethorpe, where he was commissioned a second lieutenant. He was then assigned to Camp Greene from whence he sailed overseas.

Besides his father, he is survived by his mother and two brothers, J. A. and Joseph LeConte.

News was received Monday night by Colonel P. H. Brewster of the death in action in France of his son, Lieutenant Eldon F. Brewster.

Wrote to His Mother.

In an interesting letter dated June 20 Lieutenant LeConte writing to his mother, told of his first impressions of France and of his subsequent experiences. He said in describing scenes of the conflict:

"The last village we were in we remained several days. It had once been a flourishing little place, but the Germans had been in it during the early days of the war, and there are only two or three families there now. Its name has appeared in print frequently and is on a famous river.

"Most of the little villages in the part of France I am now in have been occupied by the Huns, and they are practically deserted except for a few families. Very few of them have been damaged, due to the fact that the Germans had almost no artillery with them when they came in, and about the only thing they did was to pillage the wine cellars. That was before they went so raving crazy because of the devil they have in them.

"The French think there is nothing alive like the American soldier, and they can't do too much for one. Night before last two other officers and myself were strolling along a road when some poilus going up to the line passed. As soon as they saw us they began to shout 'Vice L'Amerique!'"

Captain Nicholson Wounded.

Captain John W. Nicholson, of Athens, has been slightly wounded in action in France, according to a dispatch from Washington received in Atlanta Tuesday afternoon by his mother, Mrs. Augustus Nicholson, who has been called to this city on account of the serious illness of her sister, Mrs. W. A. Cook, at a local hospital.

Captain Nicholson was a member of the 59th infantry, Eighth brigade, Fourth division, and arrived in France last April. Before he was ordered to the front he was stationed at Camp Greene, at Charlotte, N. C.

He entered the army in January, 1917, and after attending a training school at Washington, D. C., received a commission as first lieutenant. Recently he was promoted to the rank of captain. He is a graduate of the University of Georgia and was widely known.

Captain Nicholson has four brothers and a brother-in-law in the service of Uncle Sam.

SHIFTING OF LABOR PLACED UNDER BAN BEGINNING AUG. 1

Washington, July 30.—Labor movements from one state to another, from one point to another within a state, unless authorized by state employment directors will be prohibited after August 1, when the government plan for labor recruiting becomes effective, according to regulations issued tonight by the department of labor.

Private labor recruiting will be under the control of the state directors and no permission for the use of private recruiting forces will be granted except upon recommendation of the director general of the employment service or of a state director, the regulations provide.

10 PER CT. WAR TAX ON SALES OF AUTOS

Tentatively Accepted by the Revenue Bill Framers. Sporting Goods, Patent Medicines and Similar Articles Included.

Washington, July 30.—A 10 per cent tax on gross sales of manufacturers, producers and importers of automobiles, piano players, graphophones, sporting goods, cosmetics, patent medicines, cameras and similar articles was tentatively agreed upon today by the house ways and means committee, which is drafting the new $8,000,000,000 revenue bill. The present excise tax on most of these articles ranges around three per cent and the increased taxation will produce an immensely greater revenue from these sources, although no estimate was made of the total yield. Motor trucks will be taxed only half the increased rate, on the ground that they are for business purposes and not in the same class with passenger automobiles.

The automobile tax was discussed at length. It was felt by some members of the committee that a large proportion of automobiles are used for business as well as other purposes, but it was agreed that it would be impossible to differentiate. Some of the committee voted against taxing of motor trucks, but the committee finally compromised on a tax of 5 per cent on gross sales on original transactions. There was no effort to put a tax on gasoline, although such a tax has been urged.

There was some discussion by the committee today of the tobacco tax schedule. The treasury department has recommended doubling the present rates on tobacco. The committee wants more revenue than this would yield and will decide the increases later. Data laid before the committee showed that consumption of cigars in this country is decreasing while cigarette consumption is mounting rapidly.

Statement by Kitchin.

Chairman Kitchin made this statement tonight explanatory of the work of the committee:

"The committee has under consideration today the excise taxes, such as automobiles, piano players, graphophones, sporting goods, cosmetics and proprietary medicines, cameras, etc., and has tentatively decided to levy a tax of 10 per cent on the gross sales of the manufacturer, producer, or importer, in lieu of the present rates. A distinction is made between motor trucks and other classes of automobiles. In the case of motor trucks a tax of only 5 per cent was agreed to be levied.

"It also had under consideration a tax on admissions to theaters, operas, moving picture shows, etc. The committee favored doubling the tax on admissions and club dues and also to impose a 1 cent tax on all admissions where the maximum charge does not exceed 7 cents.

"Under existing law all moving picture shows, theaters and other amusements whose maximum charge does not exceed five cents are exempt from the tax.

"The committee proposes to take up the luxury tax suggestions of the treasury department. The tobacco tax schedule was postponed awaiting receipt of some data and statistics from the treasury department which the committee has asked for."

Gross Sales Tax Not Certain.

Today's committee action, it was said, does not commit the committee to a general gross sales or consumption tax, although that may be resorted to at the last moment if the revenue yield from all other sources is not sufficient. It has been estimated that a gross sales tax on all articles and on transactions affecting all articles would produce upwards of $2,000,000,000 if only a 2 per cent rate was adopted.

A war profits superimposed tax has not yet been even tentatively passed upon by the committee, but it may be considered this week.

The committee cut the treasury suggestions in half, so far as rates are concerned, on most of the articles affected by today's tentative agreement on a 10 per cent tax on original sales of articles included in the existing war excise tax class.

Under the present law the tax on automobiles, trucks, piano players, graphophones, phonographs, talking machines and records, sporting goods and cameras, sold by the manufacturer or producer or importer is 3 per cent of sale price; on perfumes, cosmetics, proprietary medicines, toilet soaps and waters, hair dyes and tooth pastes and chewing gun, 2 per cent, club dues, 10 per cent and admissions to amusements 1 cent per 10 cents or less paid, and in case of permanent or leased use of opera house or other amusement seats or boxes 10 per cent of sale price.

COTTON GINNING TO COST FARMERS 25 PER CENT MORE

Washington, July 30.—Cost of cotton ginning this year will be at least 25 per cent higher than last, largely because of increased cost of labor, the food administration announced today. The cotton seed oil refiners will meet here August 14 for a general conference and later stock feeders and fertilizer manufacturers will meet.

$34,920,000 Daily Spent by Britain For War Expenses

National Debt Has Increased More Than Twelve Times, But Credit Is Still Unimpaired.

London, July 30.—(Via Ottawa.)—The war is costing the people of Great Britain $34,920,000 per day, or $1,455,000 every hour, or nearly $25,000 a minute, according to a statement prepared by the imperial authorities, which says:

"After four years of exhausting war, Britain's credit is still unimpaired. Her 'silver bullets' are being turned out by the hundred million and every one is finding its billet. Her people are cheerfully bearing the ever-increasing strain which has been placed upon their shoulders and will spare no effort in blood or treasure till victory is assured.

"Britain's national debt has increased during the war from $3,225,000,000 to $39,900,000,000, or in excess of twelve times over, and yet she is paying all—and much more than all—her debt charges out of current taxation, while the new taxation raised by Germany is not enough to pay the interest accumulated upon her war debt.

"Before the war the people of Britain paid taxes amounting to approximately $1,000,000,000 a year; today they are paying in taxes $3,270,000,000 annually. In spite of this, Great Britain raised her third war loan of $5,000,000,000—a sum equal to nearly half her entire national income in 1914.

"Great Britain is now spending $9,305,000,000 a year on her army, her navy, her air service and her munitions factories and supplies, but, despite this colossal financial burden, she has advanced loans to her allies amounting in the aggregate to $8,160,000,000."

BANDIT GETS $135,000 BY LOOTING EXPRESS CAR

Messenger Bound and Gagged. Big Pay Rolls Were Taken.

Charlottesville, Va., July 30.—While railroad detectives are said to have a clue that might lead to an arrest within 24 hours, the lone bandit who early today robbed the safe of an express car on a Chesapeake and Ohio westbound train, after binding and gagging Express Messenger Al Marshall, still was at liberty tonight. The robbery occurred at 2:20 a. m., while the train was en route from Charlottesville to Staunton.

Officials have declined to divulge the extent of the robber's haul, but the local police express the belief that it was around $135,000. Funds to make up the semi-monthly payroll of thousands of employees of the big government nitrate plant in West Virginia were said to be in the safe, and this apparently was what the bandit was after, as he did not carry off a package of bonds.

Messenger Marshall, who is 65 years old, and who has been on this run for a number of years, said the bandit entered the express car soon after the train left Charlottesville, covering him with a revolver. After binding the messenger securely, the robber took Marshall's keys and gained easy access to the safe.

The messenger, still bound, was discovered by trainmen when Staunton was reached. He was unable to say when the bandit left the train, but it is believed he dropped off when the train entered a siding at Greenwood, twenty miles west of here. In that event officers believe he may be hiding in the Blue Ridge mountains. Railroad special agents say from the way the bandit worked he apparently is an amateur.

RELIGION OF OWN LANDS DRAFTED MAN IN PEN FOR 20 YEARS

Camp Dix, N. J., July 30.—Private Earl S. Robinson, of New York, a "conscientious objector," who recently was characterized by a special appeal board as having a religion of his own, today had his sentence of life imprisonment, imposed by courtmartial, reduced by Major General Hugh L. Scott, to 20 years at hard labor at Fort Jay, N. Y. He will forfeit all pay and finally will be dishonorably discharged from the army. Robinson, whose mother is said to be wealthy, gave his occupation as "a farm hand" when he was drafted. He was not exempted, but when he arrived at camp refused to perform military duty, don a uniform or obey orders.

3,000,000 Grenades Monthly.

Washington, July 30.—Two million hand grenades and 1,000,000 rifle grenades are being produced monthly, said an announcement today by the ordnance department.

DR. PARKS' OFFER TO RESIGN REFUSED

Action Is Declared "Grandstand Play" in Card Given Out for Publication by Judge George Gober.

The offer of Dr. M. M. Parks to quit his place as president of the Georgia Normal and Industrial college at Milledgeville, the refusal of the trustees to accept his resignation, and a statement by Judge George Gober, a member of the board, in which he declared that the action of the head of the institution was a "grandstand play," were interesting news developments of Tuesday.

The controversy was given prominence by the fact that Dr. Parks stated his resignation was prompted by the presence on the board of Judge George Gober, and he is said to have declared at the meeting of the trustees, which was attended by six members, and was held at the Terminal hotel, that Judge Gober's appearance on the official board boded no good for him or for the college, further stating that the new trustee is too close a friend of Judge Hamilton McWhorter, of Athens, who, according to Dr. Parks, is his outspoken enemy.

Takes Parks to Task.

After reading the report as published in an afternoon newspaper of the meeting before which Dr. Parks offered his resignation, Judge Gober commented freely upon the situation and made a number of personal references to the president of the Georgia Normal and Industrial college, taking the well-known educator severely to task.

Declaring Dr. Parks to be suffering from some delusive nightmare" which prevents him from seeing things as they really are, Judge Gober states that Dr. Parks knew when he offered the resignation that the body to which he offered the instrument could neither accept nor reject it.

Judge Gober called especial attention to the high character of the members of the board of trustees of the Georgia Normal and Industrial college. He emphasized the statement that the suggestion that he could control or influence these men or any of them was nothing short of ridiculous.

Resignation Refused.

The resignation was not accepted, the official board of the college refusing to allow Dr. Parks to sever his relations with the college. The meeting of the board was called by Dr. Parks and the following members were present: President T. E. Atkinson, of Newnan; Secretary E. A. Tigner, of Milledgeville; Treasurer Miller S. Bell, of Milledgeville; John B. Hutchinson, of Jonesboro; Richard B. Russell, of Winder, and E. R. Barrett, of Gainesville. The above members, with Judge W. H. Davis, of Waynesboro, who was not present, make up the original board, consisting of seven members, which has presided over the Georgia Normal and Industrial college. Last June there were added to this board three members from the board of trustees of the University of Georgia, consisting of Hugh Rowe, of Athens; Byron Bower and Judge George F. Gober, thus making ten members. None of the new members of the board were present, however, at the meeting.

The presence of Judge Gober on the board of trustees of Georgia Normal and Industrial college has been the occasion before this date of friction, several members of the original board, it is declared, being dissatisfied. Dr. Tigner, of Milledgeville, member of the board of trustees for Georgia Normal and Industiral college, said last night that several members of the original board did not regard Judge Gober as a good man for the official board of the institution, and he stated himself that the jurist is the one man who should not have been placed upon the board, giving as his reason that Judge Gober has always been believed to be unfriendly toward the Georgia Normal and Industrial college.

Action of the Board.

The action of the board in refusing to accept Dr. Parks' resignation was given out as follows:

After making a statement as to his resignation Dr. Parks withdrew from the room and those present at the conference discussed the situation, and being of one mind, requested T. E. Atkinson to make the statement for them.

Dr. Parks having returned to the conference room, Mr. Atkinson said:

"Dr. Parks, I am authorized by all those present to say:

"We are unwilling to accept your resignation as president.

"We have listened with interest and deep concern to your statement. You have done a great work for Georgia in building up this college. Your labors, given without measure, are appreciated by the thousands of students who have attended the college, by all the members of the board of directors and by the people of Georgia. The college has prospered wonderfully under your administration; it needs your continued guidance. You have the full confidence and unanimous support of our board of directors. That a few should criticise you should be expected. Every man that moves in great things, that lifts the world to higher ground, meets with opposition and criticism. While a few criticise, many appreciate. A resolution passed by the board about a year ago grants you a vacation to be taken at such time as you choose.

"Considering all these circumstances, we suggest and urge that you withdraw your

Continued on Page 10, Column 4.

Big German Shells Proved Too Much For Congressmen

American Solons Watched Sergy Fight Until German Artillery Got Range and Then They Left.

With the American Forces on the Aisne-Marne Front, July 30.—(By the Associated Press)—Six war-tired American congressmen are on their way back to Paris today after having witnessed from a hillside on Monday the tussle for possession of the town of Sergy, two and a half miles southeast of the former German base at Fere en Tardenois in the Soissons-Rheims pocket.

The congressmen saw American infantrymen in action, witnessed the firing of entente allied big guns and heard the rattle of German machine guns and the crashing of the heavy cannon of the German crown prince. The congressmen probably would have remained on the eminence longer had not the German heavy shells begun exploding overhead. That ended the sight-seeing trip in that vicinity, one congressman remarking that the Germans could quit that sore of business right then so far as he was concerned.

The congressmen, who had visited the Austro-Italian front, said their observations Monday showed to them the first actual fighting worth talking about. The party was conducted by Lieutenant Freeman Light, of South Norwalk, Conn., and it consisted of Representatives Thomas A. Chandler, of Oklahoma; M. Clyde Kelly, of Pennsylvania; Louis C. Cramton, of Michigan; Thaddeus H. Caraway, of Arkansas; John A. Elston, of California, and Joseph Thompson, of Oklahoma.

The congressmen had luncheon on the hillside of Chateau Thierry amidst the ruins of numerous fine homes, the lazy Marne creeping along through a great gap in what was Chateau Thierry's finest bridge and now destroyed by the Germans.

While the congressmen were sitting down to a basket luncheon a fashionably attired woman from Paris came to the ruins of her old home, where she found a group of American soldiers in possession. The woman explained her mission in broken English. She went to the basement, requested the aid of the American soldiers and had a private dig a hole in the basement at a point indicated by her. The soldier soon uncovered a basket full of bonds, securities and other valuables. Among them were a lot of 5 per cent gold $100 bonds of the defunct St. Louis, Oklahoma and Gulf railroad. The woman gave the soldier three bonds for his trouble.

NAIVE RECKLESSNESS SHOWN BY AMERICANS

According to German Correspondent—Alleges American Losses Are Heavy.

Amsterdam, July 30.—The Berlin Vorwaerts correspondent at the front telegraphs the following under date of July 27:

"In the battle between the Aisne and the Marne, the entente for the first time threw American forces into the fire. As a result of personal injuries among the divisions of Generals Von Etzel and Von Watter in the center of the German front, I am able to state the following:

"The Americans fought partly in serried divisions, partly incorporated in the French forces. Of the regiments now in the battle most have been over a year in France; the others were only superficially trained in America and on the continent. Their equipment is excellent throughout.

"The new American army, like the French, has a number of negro divisions, but these have not yet been thrown into the battle.

"Among the American prisoners a surprisingly large percentage bear German names. They say men of German descent are prominent among the American army leaders.

"The consensus of opinion among our front troops is that the fighting value of the American soldiers should in no wise be underrated. Boastful of their American superiority and in high spirits, owing to the fulsome flattery of the French public, they rush into the fire with naive recklessness, but, as yet they have not learned to fight in extended order and how to protect themselves skilfully from artillery fire, their losses are immensely heavier than the others.

"The piles of American dead, for instance, fronting Monthiers Hill, is only comparable with the Russian corpse strewn fields at the time of Brussiloff's offensive.

"Keen as the Americans are in attack, they are clumsy enough in defense. All the German counter thrusts, even by the smallest detachments, have so far been successful when directed against the Americans.

"From July 21, when the German counter action set in, the Americans suffered casualties which, officers who participated place a between 50 and 75 per cent. The result was that several American divisions had to be relieved after they had been no more than five days fighting."

AMERICAN TROOPS FORM VERY APEX OF ALLIED FRONT ACROSS SALIENT

Men From the Middle West and the Eastern States Drove Their Line Northwest From Sergy Tuesday and Now Rest on Slopes Beyond Town of Nesles.

GERMANS PREPARING TO END THEIR RETREAT AND TURN FOR BATTLE

This Is Evidenced by the Many Heavy Counter Blows Which Are Being Struck at the Allied Line. At No Point, However, Have the Germans Gained, Though Allied Advance Has Been Slowed Down.

With the American Army on the Aisne-Marne Front, July 30.—(By the Associated Press.)—Through a barrage as deadly as any the Germans have laid down on any sector for months, the American soldiers, comprising men from the middle west and eastern states, pushed their line forward a little more today, and tonight it forms the apex of the long allied front.

Their progress was considerable, though less than two miles, but it is regarded as a brilliant operation in view of the determined countering by the Germans.

On either side the French also moved forward, while steady pressure was maintained against the east and west flanks.

Information early in the day indicated the withdrawal of the Fourth guards, but it developed that that renowned organization and the Bavarians were still on the front, and the strong opposition they offered justified their reputation. But their sacrifice was in vain.

Americans Moved at Daylight.

The Americans withstood two heavy attacks during the night, and at daylight began their operations, which left them tonight well to the north of Sergy on the long slopes approaching the heavy woods beyond Nesles, a little town directly east of Seringes-et-Nesles whose retention the Germans bitterly opposed.

The east end of the line swings northeasterly opposite this point and then drops off sharply in the direction of Clerges and Roncheres. The Ourcq river has been left far behind, the line being pushed forward across the zone to the northwest.

The Germans are holding positions in

Weather Prophecy

OCCASIONAL THUNDERSHOWERS.

Washington—Forecast:
Georgia—Occasional thundershowers Wednesday and probably Thursday.

Local Weather Report.

Highest temperature	83
Lowest temperature	67
Mean temperature	75
Normal temperature	78
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.00
Deficiency since 1st of month, ins.	2.07
Deficiency since Jan. 1, inches	3.56

Reports of Weather Bureau Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	High.	Rain 24 h'rs Inches
ATLANTA, cldy	72	83	.00
Birmingham, p. c.	78	82	.00
Boston, rain	72	86	.52
Buffalo, cldy	66	68	.04
Charleston, cldy	78	84	.18
Chicago, clear	64	64	.00
Denyer, clear	90	90	.00
Des Moines, clear	76	78	.00
Galveston, rain	82	92	.12
Hatteras, cldy	78	78	1.90
Havre, clear	94	96	.00
Jacksonville, cldy	78	78	.08
Kansas City, clear	78	80	.00
Memphis, pt. cldy	78	86	.00
Miami, cldy	80	88	.04
Mobile, cldy	84	90	.00
Montgomery, rain	76	88	.00
New Orleans, cldy	78	92	.10
New York, rain	72	82	.26
North Platte, p. c.	86	90	.00
Oklahoma, clear	90	92	.00
Phoenix, pt. cldy	106	108	.00
Pittsburg, cldy	68	72	1.24
Raleigh, cldy	82	86	.68
San Francisco, p. c.	60	64	.00
St. Louis, clear	78	80	.00
Salt Lake City, clear	98	100	.00
Shreveport, clear	94	96	.00
Tampa, pt. cldy	80	84	.22
Toledo, clear	66	66	.00
Vicksburg, clear	76	90	.64
Washington, cldy	72	84	.08

C. F. von HERRMANN,
Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

Nesles forest, from which their guns are shelling ineffectively.

It was late in the day before the whole of Seringes was wholly cleared. The Germans clung to the northern part of the town tenaciously and used their machine guns murderously.

Neither side used artillery in this particular battle. There was hand-to-hand fighting in the streets in which the Americans proved the masters, driving the enemy before them.

The story of the fight for the possession of Meurcy farm, lying directly south of Seringes, will long be remembered in the history of the divisions. The Germans, on their withdrawal, left behind a strong force of machine gunners and infantry. The Americans moved forward through the yellow wheat fields, which were sprayed and torn by bullets. But they advanced as though on a drill ground.

The American guns laid down a heavy artillery fire, but notwithstanding this many of the Germans remained when it came to hand-to-hand fighting. In a group of farm buildings the enemy had set up a strong defense. Here the Germans stuck to their guns, and the Americans rushed them and killed the gunners at their post.

Battle Without Mercy.

It was a battle without mercy and typical of similar engagements occurring along the whole line. The Prussian guards and Bavarians everywhere fought in accordance with their training, discipline and traditions, but were outwitted and outfought.

To the north of the farm, up the long slopes leading to the woods, the Americans encountered the fiercest exhibition of Germany's war science. The Germans laid down a barrage which, it is said, was as heavy as had ever been employed. The American guns replied heavily.

The order for the advance came and the line moved forward across the grain fields directly through the barrage. On a nearby hillside the chief staff officers watched the operation. They saw shells fall, in some cases leaving long gaps in the lines, but the troops never halted.

On through the barrage the Americans went into the German positions, attacking fiercely the machine gun and infantry detachments. The barrage died away, the Germans leaving the work of resistance to the men they had failed to protect with their heavy guns.

The Germans were "mopped up" and the Americans held their new line just east of the forest. Not many prisoners were taken, but here and there a few were rounded up and brought in. Sergeant Louis Loetz, of Sioux City, contributed fourteen. He attacked eighteen Germans who had become separated from their command, killing four of them and capturing the others. Awful execution was done by the Americans. Eight captured guards said they were all that remained of a company of 86. Yesterday their number had been reduced to thirty and a lieutenant. Today the lieutenant and all but they were killed.

UNDER HEAVY FIRE AMERICANS RUSHED GERMAN POSITIONS

London, July 30.—The Reuter correspondent with the American forces on the Aisne-Marne front sends the following under Tuesday's date:

"Yesterday was a day of ceaseless fighting, in which little actual progress could be made. The enemy offered a most determined resistance and brought up fresh troops, but although he delayed us for a day my conviction is unaltered that the Germans have no intention of standing this side of the Vesle.

"Throughout yesterday the enemy's machine gun fire scarcely ceased, even when apparently none of our men were in the open. The fire swept every bit of cover where they might be expected to be, and during the morning was strongly backed by artillery, whose fire slackened in the afternoon, except at this hour when our attack on Seringes is in progress.

"It was plain that the guard division had been bitterly chagrined by the loss of Sergy the previous evening, after four times having retaken it. Therefore it was no surprise when, shortly after dawn, they launched a fresh attack from both sides of the southernmost angle of the Nesles forest. The attack was backed by field guns and with a ragged barrage on our second line and batteries, the enemy's gun positions above Cierges being well placed for a flanking fire which the holders of Sergy found most trying.

American Gun Fire Too Accurate.

"They were forced to withdraw from it and fall back across the river. The enemy was permitted a few unpleasant hours of occupation during which he did his best to improve the defenses and daringly brought some field guns toward the brow of the hill above it. But these apparently found the price of their daring much too high, and the American gunfire too accurate for their disappearance was more rapid than dignified.

"As they fell back what one hopes may have been the last American attack on Sergy developed. The guards apparently had been shaken by their last exploit, and though in a few instances they stayed to face the bayonet, the fighting was less desperate than the day before.

"Shortly after they recaptured Sergy, the Americans, who forced the passage of the Ourcq overnight, advanced up the narrow valley dividing the hill between Sergy and after a fight, in which the bayonet and the rifle butt were almost alone used, took Meurcy farm, about a mile up the valley.

"This was preliminary to an attack on Seringes, as from the farm it was possible to outflank the Seringes defenses and approach them by a less steep ascent.

Americans Formed in Open.

"The enemy held Seringes in great strength. The village was also protected by machine gun nest on either side. The attack was an almost incredible affair for the coolness with which it was carried out and for the mere fact that it could be done under such conditions.

"The assaulting troops formed up on the south side of the Ourcq on open ground. The enemy opened upon them a heavy fire of artillery and machine guns along the slopes east and west of the river. The ground in front of the advancing lines was ploughed by the enemy's fire and the advance was obscured by clouds of dust from the cornfields through which they were marching. Nevertheless the men forded the river with drill-like steadiness.

"It was a wonderful performance for any troops, astounding for troops so recently blooded and as fine a test as any to which the American army has been put.

"The men went steadily up the slopes, silenced one after another the German machine gun nests and swept on to the top of the hill, then, wheeling eastward stormed the village. It was a fierce fight. There was no asking or giving quarter. The enemy was stout-hearted, and the Americans were glad to find him so. They wanted that sort of a finish to their ordeal. Some of the Germans fled into Nesles forest. The remainder are where they will remain—in the village.

"The last success of the day was the capture of Hill 212, above Sergy, which can now be held on much secuer terms.

"So once more the line is re-established, although the Germans are still apparently holding the pocket at Cierges, from which it seems nobody has yet turned them."

ALLIES HOLDING DESPITE ATTACKS MADE BY GERMANS

Paris, July 30.—Northeast of Fere en Tardenois the allied troops in local fighting Tuesday advanced their line and also retained the ground captured in the region of Sergy, notwithstanding several German counter attacks, according to the French official communication issued this evening.

Attempts by the Germans to retake the village of St. Euphraise, southwest of Rheims failed, although the enemy made a slight advance to the west of the village.

The text of the communication follows:

"On the right bank of the Ourcq some local fighting enabled us to advance on the height to the northeast of Fere en Tardenois.

"In the region of Sergy we maintained our gains, in spite of several reactions by the enemy.

"Southwest of Rheims the Germans attacked on both sides of St. Euphraise. All their attempts to capture St. Euphraise failed, in spite of a slight advance made by them to the west of the village.

"There is nothing of importance to report from the rest of the front."

BRITISH CAPTURE MERRIS VILLAGE.

London, July 30.—Australian troops have captured the village of Merris, southwest of Ypres, according to Field Marshal Haig's report from British headquarters tonight.

The statement says:

"During the latter part of the night patrols of the First Australian division, who had entered German positions about Merris, successfully established themselves east of the village, which they surrounded and captured. One hundred and sixty-nine prisoners and a number of trench mortars and machine guns were taken by us in the course of this enterprise. Our casualties were light. A few additional prisoners were captured by our patrols during the day in Nieppe forest.

"The hostile artillery has shown great activity today against our new positions at Merris."

ALLIES REPULSED WITH HEAVY LOSSES, GERMANS REPORT

Berlin, July 30.—(Via London.)—The German official communication of today dealing with the fighting north of the Ourcq and southwest of Rheims Monday, says the allied forces, including French, British and Americans, attacked in strength, but were thrown back with the heaviest losses over the entire battle line.

The communication says the heaviest of attacks were launched against the Hartennes-Fere en Tardenois front, but that the assaulting waves broke down at or before the German lines and sometimes under counter attacks. From Fere en Tardenois eastward the allied thrusts likewise were unsuccessful, while repeated attacks southwest of Rheims were everywhere repulsed with heavy losses.

The text of the communication follows:

"There have been lively reconnoitering activity during the night. Partial attacks by the British in the region of Merris and on both sides of the Ayette were repulsed.

"The enemy launched attacks with strong forces against our new lines north of the Ourcq and on our positions on the wooded heights southwest of Rheims. The French, British and Americans were thrown back on the whole of their attacking front with the heaviest of losses.

"The main weight of the enemy's attack was directed against the Hartennes-Fere en Tardenois front, where during the morning and afternoon the enemy stormed again and again in dense waves. His assaults broke down before and at our lines, sometimes under our counter attacks.

"In the afternoon the enemy extended his attack beyond Fere en Tardenois eastward. They were just as unsuccessful as partial attacks he launched in the morning at the Bois Meuniere, Southwest of Rheims the enemy renewed his attack as many as five times at isolated points between Chambrecy and Vrigny, keeping them up in violent partial attacks until late in the evening. He was repulsed everywhere with sanguinary losses.

"In Champagne south of Mont Fiestel we drove the enemy out of trenches which he had occupied since his thrust of Saturday and captured an enemy point of support northeast of Perthes.

"After his defeat of yesterday the enemy has remained quiet," says the German official communication this evening.

An Old Favorite Remedy With Rheumatic Sufferers

That old and popular tonic for rheumatic troubles of all kinds, Hunnicutt's Rheumatic Remedy, may now be had at Jacobs' Pharmacy, all stores, at one dollar per bottle. Postpaid on receipt of price.

Through Hunnicutt's Rheumatic Remedy thousands of people have found welcome and permanent relief, both from rheumatic complaints and disorders of all kinds due to kidney troubles.

Well known and efficient both as a remedy and as a tonic, Hunnicutt's Rheumatic Remedy has been used with success for many years. It allays pain and irritation by removing the cause of it. It is a purely vegetable blood purifier. It is a splendid alterative and diuretic, and a gentle but effective laxative.—(adv.)

Adams National Detective Agency
EXPERT DICTOGRAPH SERVICE
420 CONNALLY BUILDING

BACKACHE KILLS!

Don't make the fatal mistake of neglecting what may seem to be a "simple little backache." There isn't any such thing. It may be the first warning that your kidneys are not working properly, and throwing off the poisons as they should. If this is the case, go after the cause of that backache and do it quickly, or you may find yourself in the grip of an incurable disease.

GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney and bladder troubles, which may be the unsuspected cause of general ill health. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules are imported direct from the laboratories in Holland. They are prepared in correct quantity and convenient form to take, and are positively guaranteed to give prompt relief or your money will be refunded. Get them at any drug store, but be sure to insist on the GOLD MEDAL brand, and take no other. In boxes, three sizes.—(adv.)

SHE WAS DYING OF PELLAGRA

Texas Woman Was on Deathbed and Doctor Said There Was No Hope.

Took Baughn Treatment

Soon Got Better—No Symptoms Have Returned.

Mrs. H. U. McCrary, Bardwell, Tex., writes: "In the Spring of 1915 I was taken with Pellagra. My doctor said there was no hope. By then I could not leave my bed any. I heard of Baughn's Pellagra Treatment and sent for it. After two or three days I began to get better and continued to get better until I got well. I am sure I would have been in my grave today if I had not got it, and no symptoms have returned."

The symptoms—hands red like sunburn, skin peeling off, sore mouth, the lips, throat and tongue a flaming red with mucus and choking; indigestion and nausea; either diarrhoea or constipation. If you have Pellagra you can be cured by Baughn's Pellagra Treatment. Get big free book on Pellagra. Address American Compounding Co., Box 2003, Jasper, Ala., remembering money is refunded in any case where the treatment fails to cure.—(adv.)

Germans Must Strike Or Confess Campaign Has Ended in Failure

If Ludendorff Decides on Another Drive, Simonds Thinks It Will Be Aimed at British—Waiting Game Best for Allies.

By Frank H. Simonds.

New York, July 30.—(Special.)—Three times in four years the Germans have undertaken to achieve a decision in the western field. Three different commanders, Moltke, the younger; Falkenhayn and Ludendorff, have essayed to solve the great problem. Moltke and Ludendorff failed at the Marne, Falkenhayn at Verdun. Each of the earlier failures cost the Germans the initiative on the west front. It remains now to be seen what will be the effect of the third defeat.

We are bound to recognize, too, that in each case the German failure has been the result of the same miscalculation, a false appraisal of the condition alike of the French army and the French people. In each case the German high command undertook operations which could only be undertaken in the presence of a beaten foe. Three times this presumption has been punished. The will of the French army, supplemented in 1914 by the British, in 1918 by the Americans, has been sufficient, not alone to break the attack, but to wrest the offensive from the enemy.

Ludendorff Must Strike Quickly.

As it now stands Ludendorff must attack again and promptly or else confess defeat in the campaign which all Germany has been educated to believe would win the war in the present summer and bring a victorious German peace before snow came again. Another delay of forty days, such as has separated previous efforts would take us well into September, bring at least 300,000 more Americans to France, and what is vastly more important, allow time for at least 300,000 American troops already in France, but not yet ready for the combat, to finish their training. Automatically Foch would thus acquire another strategic reserve materially larger than that which he used with such deadly effect south of Soissons the other day.

But if Ludendorff attacks, now he must attack the British, since the armies of the German crown prince, fighting disastrously between the Argonne and Soissons, are in no condition to undertake an offensive. Their supplies have been exhausted, their transport disorganized and their reserves consumed in the recent unsuccessful battle, and subsequent retreat. It is one thing to draw a great army out of a bad hole skilfully and another to throw this army into another vast offensive in a period of days. The thing was possible in the old war of movement, when the question of munitions and transport was not so important, it is well-nigh inconceivable under existing conditions.

If Germans Strike British.

If Ludendorff elects to strike the British, however, he can employ little more than 25 divisons of reserves, so great has been the consumption of shock troops in recent months. Four months ago he brought off his Picardy success with 40 divisions, followed immediately by another 40. But the British have now at least 90 full divisions on the west front, equal in strength to at least 100 German divisions. They almost certainly outnumber the Germans before them and the mass of their divisions are in better condition than those of the enemy. The reason for this is simple. The German has steadily pursued the policy of milking most of his divisions of the best men in order to create a certain number of shock divisions. This has given him a wonderful striking force, but it has had two evil consequences. It has materially lowered the value of all but the selected divisions and it has entailed a disproportionate loss among the best of his man power, since the shock troops were used in the terribly expensive first assaults in the various offensives. Thus, after five great efforts, the German finds his shock troops terribly reduced in number, while the balance of his forces are revealing the bad effects of losing their best material. The allies, on the contrary, have preserved an equality of standards with respect to all their divisions.

Dilemma for Rupprecht.

Again, if Rupprecht of Bavaria returns to the attack against Haig he must attack one of two salients, each resembling the Marne salient, which has proven so disastrous for the Germans. If he attempts to push in the wedge south of Ypres, he must present two flanks to the foe and risk a counter thrust like that which won the recent Marne battle, either from Bethune or from Ypres. If he strikes for Amiens, he leaves Foch an opening flank either between Albert and Arras or between Montdidier and the Oise. If the German thrust fails, as the Marne thrust failed, the counter attack is bound to come, for Foch will never go back to the completely defensive strategy, and such a thrust would involve a retreat to the old Hindenburg line, or else a fatal retreat in Flanders. If Foch has, as yet, no decisive or considerable superiority in numbers, he has at least an unquestioned equality and can afford a counter offensive whenever the German original thrust fails.

As it stands Foch can afford to let the Germans make the first move, and for moral, if not for military reasons, they can hardly refrain from making this move. But it has become excessively risky for them to undertake a new offensive which would eat up the last reserve divisions of shock troops and insure a counter thrust if it failed, a counter thrust bound to be exceedingly dangerous, as the marine experience has just demonstrated.

Waiting Game Best for Allies.

On the other hand, Foch is in no position to let loose a general offensive, such as the Germans have been indulging in. Should he undertake this and fail the Germans would be able to pass to the offensive again with far better chances of success than they now have. As far as one can see the waiting game, with certain clear modifications, remains the best game for the allied commander-in-chief. His numbers are growing, he has mastered the new German method of attack, he has pulled down both the strength and the confidence of his foes enormously and he is in a position to profit instantly by miscalculation of theirs.

If the Germans try a new offensive and fail then may come the moment for the general offensive of the allies. This will depend upon the extent of the German failure and the effect of the defeat upon the morale of their army. But all things considered, Foch seems unlikely to attempt a Ludendorff stroke now. On the other hand, he can and may multiply his local operations and worry and disconcert the German commanders by relatively minor operations at various points. He is sure to do this if he does not desire the Germans to deliver another great blow, but for many reasons he may desire that such a blow be delivered.

Ludendorff is not likely again to possess the initiative as he did from March 21 to July 15. The conditions have entirely changed and Foch is in a far different situation, having the power to deal blow for blow with Ludendorff, meet offensive with counter offensive and wait or strike as he may choose, instead of waiting to be struck, as he has had to do hitherto for many months.

Ludendorff May Be Forced.

Ludendorff may have to strike, whether he is in a condition to bring off a great success or not, because of political reasons. But when political reasons begin to interfere with military, disasters come thick and fast, as the French experience in the last war with Germany demonstrated.

Public attention continues to be fixed upon the fighting in what is left of the Marne salient, but in the larger sense this phase is already completed. The Germans have gotten away and are going presently to stand at the Aisne. At either place their positions will be too strong to be forced by Foch's troops, without long preparation. The capture of villages, the daring and splendid valor of our troops, the dramatic incidents of the current news, are, therefore, in a sense, of minor importance. Ludendorff has lost his Gettysburg, and is going back to new lines. He is going back, on the whole, with as little peril to himself as Lee ran in his retreat from Pennsylvania to Virginia. Indeed, recalling the flood in the Potomac during that time, one is bound to recognize that Ludendorff's situation is the better.

All this does not disguise the fact that a great battle, the third great battle on the western front, has been lost by the kaiser with consequences which may prove as fatal to William the Little as those of Leipzig were to Napoleon the Great.

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GERMANY GOT NOTHING FOR PROPAGANDA MONEY

Viereck Says Kaiser Spent $30,000,000 to $50,000,000 Vainly in America.

New York, July 30.—That the German government spent $30,000,000 to $50,000,000 for propaganda in this country, "and got nothing for it," was a declaration by George Sylvester Viereck, alleged pro-German publicist, in testimony given at the inquiry here into Teutonic activities in the United States.

Viereck favored purchase of important newspapers in all large American cities, according to a statement today by Attorney General Becker.

As a witness in the investigation being conducted by the attorney general's office at the request of the department of justice, Viereck declared that if a string of influential newspapers had been bought with German money, "we could have arranged that America would never have entered the war." He asserted that he had favored acquisition and conduct of a group of papers "along legitimate lines" to present the German side of the war to American readers.

From federal officials it was learned today that the grand jury will report within a day or two on its investigation of the alleged purchase of The Mail for Germany.

RUTHLESS ACTION ASKED AGAINST GERMAN CHIEFS

Amsterdam, July 30.—A memorandum demanding ruthless action against the men at the helm of the German government in 1914 as guilty criminals has been issued by former Captain von Beerfelde, says a Berlin telegram quoting The Cologne Volks Zeitung. The memorandum is entitled "A Necessary Correction of the German White Book," and was sent to the members of the reichstag last week by the captain, who was prominent in connection with the Prince Lichnowsky affair brought about by the prince, who was German ambassador to London in 1914, declaring that Germany was responsible for the war.

Captain von Beerfelde's memorandum says that the German leaders at the beginning of the war were guilty of appalling deceits and acted in the service of traitors.

He demands the immediate arrest of former Chancellor von Bethmann Hollweg, and declares that if the reichstag does not fulfill his demands the curse of this and all succeeding generations will fall upon it for cowardly neglect of duty.

In case of the reichstag's refusal, Captain von Beerfelde declares he will immediately request passes for himself and family to Switzerland, because he will no longer share Germany's shame and dishonor.

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the Child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle. (adv.)

BOOZE-SOAKED HUSBANDS

The Chicago Tribune editorially says: "A man can not expect to soak his constitution in alcohol and have healthy children." The Neal Treatment will eliminate the virulent poison, create a loathing for liquor and soon restore a natural appetite, sleep and normal mental and physical conditions. Address NEAL INSTITUTE, 239 Woodward avenue, Atlanta, Ga. Dr. J. H. Conway, ten years with the "Keeley," physician in charge.

60 Neal Institutes in Principal Cities

SNAVELY AND ALEXANDER TO SPEAK AT KIRKWOOD

Dr. Guy Snavely and United States District Attorney Hooper Alexander will speak at a meeting of the Kirkwood Red Cross in the Methodist church in Kirkwood tonight at 8:30 o'clock. The public is invited.

Cash Grocery Co.

Snowdrift $2.09
SALT MEAT 17½c
113 WHITEHALL STREET

Sanitary MARKET CO.
RETAIL AT WHOLESALE
TODAY
Our Loss Is Your Gain

Veal Stew (any cut)	10c
Lamb Stew (any cut)	10c
Veal Roast (chuck)	12½c
Lamb Roast (chuck)	12½c
Veal Roast (shoulder)	15c
Veal Roast (rump)	15c
Veal Chops (any cut)	20c
Lamb Legs (any cut)	20c
Lamb Loins (any cut)	20c
Lamb Chops (any cut)	25c
Veal Steak (any cut)	25c
Beef Steak (any cut)	25c

46 Walton, 24 S. Broad
33 Edgewood, 86 S. Broad
35½ E. Ala., 20 N. Broad
7 E. Mitchell, 61 N. Broad

MOTORIZE
—Your Plant—

Our Country needs—right now—15,000,000 Man-Power.

Electricity is going to furnish the greater part of it.

The Grocer will grind his coffee —Electrically—
The Baker will mix his dough —Electrically—
The Butcher will grind and slice his meat—Electrically—

The Storekeeper, Merchant, Manufacturer, Contractor, or any other Business Man, will save his man-power (or supplant that which he has lost by the war) by doing things Electrically.

Man-power is the most expensive thing in the world. Electric power is the cheapest and most dependable.

This does not imply buying new machines. What you have can be driven Electrically. The change can be made quickly and the new way will pay for itself.

Don't go another day without that Electric Power you need. Don't feel reluctant about putting your small requirements up to us. Talking it over with us costs nothing. We will gladly help you work it out—large or small jobs.

Agents for G-E Motors—all sizes and types.

Carter Elec. Co. —63— Peachtree

Conserving Energy

Today America is producing in larger volume than ever before known.

The harvest is expected to be the largest in our history, and the factories, mills and mines are working at high pressure, straining to meet the enormous demands laid upon them.

Yet, with all this great effort—this enormous production—there is not one grain of wheat, one yard of cloth nor one ounce of any product to spare.

For our country is at war; human liberty is at stake—

And the allied peoples, who stand shoulder to shoulder with us in opposition to the forces of evil and oppression, are relying on us for food, and for many of the materials necessary for victory. They must not look to us in vain.

Every ounce of our energies must be devoted to useful, necessary purpose. There must be no waste of effort, no needless expenditure of energy.

One way in which we can all help in this great, this glorious task, is by using the things nearest to us, and avoiding unnecessary shipment of goods from a distance. Our community must be, as nearly as possible, self-supporting.

We must produce our own food and clothing; cure our own meats, make our own shoes, and manufacture our own transportation vehicles and motor trucks. We should do this as far as possible.

And then, when these things are produced at home, we should buy them and use them, and not send away to foreign markets for similar products no better, no cheaper.

This will be a real practical patriotism, and it will add nothing to our expense, involve no sacrifice.

And, besides the great, compelling reason of patriotism, which is sufficient for all good Americans in these times, there is the added reason that buying at home promotes home industry and home prosperity.

But, let's all forget that, just now. Let's all be good Americans and buy home products because it will help to win the war.

These are home manufacturers. Their products are well worthy of your confidence:

Frank E. Block Co.
Bakers of Kennesaw Biscuits.

White Provision Co.
Packers of Cornfield Hams, Bacon and Wieners.

J. K. Orr Shoe Co.
Manufacturers of Red Seal Shoes.

A. M. Robinson Co.
Makers of Aragon Shirts, Pants and Overalls.

Superior Motor Truck Co.
Builders of Superior Motor Trucks.

OVER 300,000 BRITONS SUBJECT TO U. S. DRAFT

250,000 British Subjects and 60,000 Canadians Hit by Draft Treaties.

Washington, July 30.—Ratification of the draft treaties between the United States and Great Britain and Canada were exchanged today at London, it was officially stated at the state department, making them effective from today.

It is estimated that some 54,000 American citizens in the British empire, including 36,000 in Canada, and 250,000 British subjects and 60,000 Canadians in the United States, will be affected by the treaties.

American citizens between the ages of 21 and 31 . . . the draft ages . . . resident in the British empire will be given 60 days from today in which to enlist, enroll or return to their own country for service, but after that time they will be subject to draft unless they had been granted exemption by the American ambassador as provided in the treaties

All British subjects and Canadians between the ages of 21 and 31, the state department explained, who have made declaration of intention to become citizens of the United States and who are liable to service under the draft law, may, during the 60 days from today, enlist or enroll voluntarily in the British or Canadian forces at any British or Canadian recruiting mission in the United States or may leave the country for the purpose of military service in their own country.

"British subjects and Canadians," said the department's statement, "between the ages of 21 and 30, both inclusive, who have not made declaration of intention to become citizens of the United States, and British subjects and Canadians of the age of 20 and 31 to 44, both inclusive, whether they have or have not declared their intention to become citizens of the United States, may enlist or enroll or leave the United States, as the cause may be, for the purpose of military service in their own country during 60 days from July 30, the date of the exchange of the ratifications, if on or before July 30 they are required to register by a proclamation of the president (under the draft law) or if not so required to register on or before July 30, then they may enlist or enroll or leave the United States, as the case may be, for military service in their own country, before the expiration of 30 days after the date when registration shall be thereafter required by proclamation of the president.

"If within these periods of sixty and thirty days they do not enlist or enroll or leave the United States for military service in their own country, they will, unless exempted by the British ambassador under article 3 of the conventions, be liable to military service in the United States and entitled to classification and exemption under the laws and regulations relating to compulsory military service in force in the United States in the same manner as if they were American citizens.

"British subjects and Canadians may now apply for such exemption, subject to certain rules and limitations, which will be made known by the ambassador upon request."

SAVE YOUR HAIR AND BEAUTIFY IT WITH "DANDERINE"

Spend a few cents! Dandruff disappears and hair stops coming out.

Try this! Hair gets beautiful, wavy and thick in few moments.

If you care for heavy hair, that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff; you cannot have nice, heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strenth and its very life, and if not overcome it produees a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast.

If your hair has been neglected and is thin, faded, dry, scraggy or too oily, get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine at any drug store or toilet counter for a few cents; apply a little as directed, and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.

We sincerely believe, regardless of everything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and lots of it—no dandruff—no itching scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Knowlton's Danderine. If eventually—why not now?—(adv.)

Poor Woman Makes Sacrifice

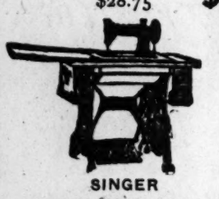
"For years I have doctored for indigestion and severe bloating with gas, all my money had gone for doctors and medicine which did me no good. I had lost all faith in medicines and as I have to work hard for the few dollars I earn, was afraid to risk any more money. A year ago my neighbor told me to try Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. I have found it to be the best medicine in the world and am glad I made the sacrifice." It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded. Druggists everywhere.—(adv.)

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.
Atlanta——New York——Paris

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS SALE TODAY OF

Sewing Machines

Singer Special, $28.75



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$1 down and a dollar a week

DOMESTIC

White, $29.75
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Domestic
Agents' Price, $65.00.
Cabinets, $49.75
Grant, $28.00
Domestic, $45.00
Halma, $16.50

SUPPLIES—Parts for all makes. Repairing a specialty.
Hemstitching and Picoting, 10c Per Yard. Third Floor.

Cool Patriotism

IT IS one of the duties of the civilian to save wool where he can in justice to his good appearance. It is one of the sacrifices expected of him to help his fighting brother.

Summer is the splendid opportunity.

Palm Beach and Brezeweve Suits

are OPPORTUNELY, ECONOMY, COMFORT

Keep cool during August and September, the warmest months of the year.

Palm Beach Suits, $8.50 to $12.50
Brezeweve Suits, $10

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.

3-5-7 Whitehall

DYKES NOT DECIDED ON ENTERING RACE

Has Been Assured of Wide Support If He Enters Race for State Legislature From Fulton.

Professor W. F. Dykes, whose resignation as principal of the Boys' High school has been presented by him to the board of education, stated Tuesday night that he had, as yet, reached no decision in regard to entering the race for the legislature from Fulton county.

"I have received a great number of letters, as well as telephone calls," said Professor Dykes, "in each case urging me to make the race and assuring me of wide support. But frankly, while I am considering making the race, I really haven't decided and can't say yet what I shall do about it.

"I can say this, however," continued Mr. Dykes, "whatever course I do pursue, I shall be actuated only by one motive, the welfare of the schools. That has been my object all through this fight and whatever I do will be simply for that cause."

Superintendent W. C. Wardlaw stated Tuesday that he could take no steps towards appointing a successor to Professor Dykes until after the resignation has been formally accepted by the board of education. The next scheduled meeting of that body is for August 22, but it was though probable on Tuesday that a special meeting would be called at an early date to consider the matter of Professor Dykes' resignation and the appointment of a successor.

A. P. Morgan, president of the board, conferred on Tuesday with several other members of the board and it is presumed that it was with the idea of calling a special meeting in view. No statement was made, however.

Rumors which were current in the city on Tuesday to the effect that other teachers in addition to Professor Dykes were about to resign, could not be confirmed. No additional resignations have been sent to the office of Superintendent Wardlaw and no definite indications that other resignations can be expected were forthcoming.

It was also stated that there was a possibility of a citizens' mass meeting, but this was also denied by those who have been active in the fight for a change in the administration of the school system, the general sentiment being that both the citizens at large and the special investigating committee of council have expressed their views in the matter with the utmost freedom and that no further or fuller expression could be made.

TAMMANY UNITES WITH REPUBLICANS TO BEAT SOCIALISTS

New York, July 30.—The executive committee of the republican county committee today ratified an agreement with the Tammany organization whereby both parties will unite to defeat socialist candidates for congress in the twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth and twentieth districts, where the socialists have shown strength in other years.

The principal object of the fusion, it was said, is to bring about the defeat of Meyer London in the twelfth and Morris Hillquit in the twentieth.

In following the line of action first suggested by the National Security league the republicans voted to support the democratic candidates in the twelfth and thirteenth districts, while the democrats agreed to indorse the republican candidates in the other two districts. In each instance, the candidates will run in the primaries of both parties.

Youngblood Still Held.

F. W. Youngblood, 31 years old, a salesman, who Monday afternoon was ordered held for the grand jury by the recorder on the charge of shooting J. L. Anthony, connected with the Fulton superior court for a number of years, Tuesday night was still held at the county jail in default of $500 bond. The shooting occurred at a late hour several nights ago when Youngblood, who rents several rooms from Anthony, who lives at 266 East Georgia avenue, claimed he looked through the front window and shot the old man thinking he was a burglar.

Transfer of Mooney Case From State to U. S. Courts Urged on the President

Washington, July 30.—A delegation of labor leaders and others headed by W. Bourke Cockran, of New York, called at the white house today to ask the president to transfer from the California state courts to the federal courts the case of Thomas J. Mooney, under sentence of death in connection with the Preparedness day bomb explosion at San Francisco. They did not see the president, who was engaged with the semi-weekly cabinet meeting, but will submit their request later in writing.

Mooney, who recently lost his fight in the state courts for a new trial, has been granted a reprieve by Governor Stephens until next December 13.

Others in the delegation besides Mr. Cockran were Fremont Older, editor of The San Francisco Bulletin; Frank P. Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, and Edward F. McGrady, of Boston, New England representative of the department of labor's employment service.

ARMY OFFICER INDICTED FOR RAINCOAT GRAFTING

Captain Vaughan Is Attached to the Office of Quartermaster General.

New York, July 30.—Aubrey W. Vaughan, a captain in the quartermaster's corps of the United States army, was indicted by a federal grand jury today on a charge of conspiring to defraud the government in connection with contracts for raincoats.

Indicted also were Felix Gouled, a manufacturer, who was arrested last week, with nearly a score of other men in connection with the government's inquiry into alleged frauds in contracts, and David L. Podell, a lawyer. Captain Vaughan in his official position, received bids from manufacturers of shoes, leather and rubber goods.

There are two counts in the indictments against the three men. The first charges "conspiracy to defraud and to commit an offense against the United States," and the second "using the mails in a scheme to defraud."

The indictments allege that Gouled had an agreement with Captain Vaughan, who is attached to the supply and equipment division of the quartermaster general's office, in Washington, whereby Gouled was to assure raincoat manufacturers he could get government contracts for them on the payment to Gouled of a "commission."

These "commissions," according to the indictment, were to be turned over to Vaughan "and divided among divers officers of the United States, acting for and in behalf of the United States under and by authority of the war department, in proportion to the grand jurors unknown."

According to the indictments, the part Podell was to play in the alleged conspiracy was to "render certain services in the incorporation of a corporation under the laws of the state of New York and under the name of the H. R. Rosenfeld Raincoat Company, Inc.," and to prepare certain contracts and agreements for the purpose of concealing the true nature and character of the transactions to be carried out and for the purpose of concealing the payments intended to be made to the defendant, Felix Gouled, for the use and benefit of the defendant, Aubrey W. Vaughan, and divers officers of the United States, whose names are to the grand jurors unknown."

The amount involved was not announced, but it was said to be many thousands of dollars.

MORTUARY

Mrs. J. P. Johnston, Lyerly.

Lyerly, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—Mrs. J. P. Johnston, wife of the ordinary of Chattooga county, died at the family residence in Summerville Monday. Mrs. Johnston had for several years been an invalid, but her death was unexpected and came as a shock to the many friends of the family throughout northwest Georgia. Mrs. Johnston is survived by her husband, Ordinary J. P. Johnston, and five daughters, Mrs. Maggie Thomas, Mrs. Alice Orr, Mrs. Annie Majors and Misses Jennie and Georgia Johnston, all of this county.

Hall McCoy Calhoun.

Hall McCoy Calhoun, 45 years old, of Arlington, Ga., died at a private hospital Tuesday night at 10 o'clock. He is survived by his widow, four sons, J. R., now serving in the navy in France; R. M., with the navy at Charleston, S. C.; Walter and Hall Calhoun, and four girls, Oliva, Mary, Kate and Carrie Calhoun. The body was removed to the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son and will be sent to Arlington, Ga., this morning.

Nellie Manier.

Nellie Manier, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Manier, of 419 Greenwood avenue, died Tuesday night at 10 o'clock at a private hospital. The body was removed to the chapel of Hunter & Woodson.

Two Soldiers Refuse To Submit to the Knife And Must Go to Prison

Spartanburg, S. C., July 30.—Two enlisted men at Camp Wadsworth have been sentenced to prison terms because they refused to undergo minor physical operations after they had been assured the operations would not endanger their lives.

Private Frank P. Attanasio, Company A, 58th Pioneer infantry, was sentenced to five years at hard labor. This sentence was reduced by Brigadier General Carleton to two years.

Private Francesco Monto, field bakery company No. 2, was convicted on the same charge, and sentenced to three months at hard labor.

STRIKERS ARE ARRESTED FOR REFUSING TO WORK

Duluth, Minn., July 30.—Two hundred striking laborers from the Great Northern Allouez ore docks were arrested tonight on state warrants, after refusing to await consideration of their grievances by the war labor board. The round-up of the strikers continued all night. The majority of the men arrested are Finns.

Five hundred ore dock workers struck Saturday after allowing the dock officials but two hours in which to grant a raise in pay of about 10 cents an hour. The docks are operated under the direction of the railroad administration, and it was impossible to grant the increase without government sanction, officials said. Representatives of the Council of Defense, railroad company and the trades and labor council conferred with the strikers, asking them to return to work pending action in Washington. The Finns refused to return and the arrest followed.

Deputy sheriffs and all available members of the police force participated in raids on hotels and lodging houses where the strikers live.

Following the arrests, the Swedish and Belgium workers agreed to return to work tomorrow.

WILSON'S NIECE BRIDE OF THE WHITE HOUSE

Washington, July 30.—Miss Alice Wilson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Wilson, of Baltimore, and a niece of President Wilson, will be married at the white house to the Rev. Isaac Stuart McElroy, Jr., of White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., Wednesday evening, August 7, according to announcement tonight.

The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Dr. I. S. McElroy, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Columbus, Ga., father of the bridegroom. Only members of the immediate families will be present. Mr. McElroy is pastor of the Presbyterian church at White Sulphur Springs, where he expects to remain for about 12 months, after which he expects to sail for Japan as a missionary.

Moonshine Case Dismissed.

Sol Williams, a negro from Cobb county, was tried before United States Commissioner Carter Tuesday afternoon on the charge of moving and concealing whisky. It was charged that he was distilling whisky because an old still was found in his house, but it was proved that the still was too old to have been used recently and some one else lived in the house last year. Commissioner Carter dismissed the case, ruling that the evidence was not sufficient.

Raymond Alley in Tower.

Raymond Edgar Alley, of No. 15 Woodward avenue, the engraver, who was made defendant in a divorce suit filed by Mrs. Sophie N. Alley, was held at the Tower in default of $1,000 bond which was assessed by Recorder Johnson as the result of charges concerning an alleged love affair between Alley and Annie McNeal, a 16-year-old girl employee in the same establishment with Alley.

Camp Meeting.

Dublin, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—Camp meeting will begin Thursday night, August 1, at Boling Spring camp grounds in this county, where sessions of the camp meetings have been held for two or three years past. Rev. J. M. Bass will have charge of the meeting and Rev. M. A. Shaw, of Adrian, will lead the singing.

HAMNER TO ORGANIZE "ARMY BEHIND LINES"

General Development Agent Will Speak Today to Employees of Seaboard.

In line with a movement among employees of the Seaboard Air Line railroad to form a loyal "army behind the lines," to stand by the government for the winning of the war, W. J. Harahan, federal manager of the line, has placed in charge of this organization campaign B. L. Hamner, general development agent.

Mr. Hamner is at present on a tour of the entire system, having started from Norfolk on July 16. He arrived in Atlanta Tuesday night and will speak to the local employees at three meetings today. He will speak in the office of the assistant general freight agent in the Third National Bank building, at the freight depot and at 12:30 p. m. will address the shop and workmen at the roundhouse at Howell's yards.

Every employee will be presented with a pin made of bronze and bearing the inscription, "In the Federal Service Railway Division, Loyalty and Best Service Pledged."

"The men of the Seaboard are, I know, among the most loyal in the country," said Mr. Hamner. "Eleven thousand and nineteen of them bought Liberty bonds during the last campaign, making a total of $823,000. Now that Mr. Harahan, Mr. Winchell and Mr. McAdoo ask service I know they will respond 100 per cent.

"The workers at home, and in particular the railroad men," continued Mr. Hamner, "are as much soldiers as those who face the Huns in France. True they do not have to face the same hardships, but every man has his own duty to the country at war to live up to and the measure of the railroad man's duty is simply the best day's effort that is in each man on every day. If the soldiers in France thought of his wage, his hours of service instead of his country, loved ones and future happiness where would we be?

"It is just as essential that the boys over here keep every wheel turning, keep every piece of rolling stock and equipment in as good repair as possible and handle our transportation as perfectly and as rapidly as possible. Because a day's delay in transportation of a single car here will mean a like delay in the delivery of a war necessity over there and the men with the bayonets cannot fight and end the war as early as possible unless the boys over here match their service by doing their utmost also not to delay the final victory one hour longer than can be helped."

When you think of Writing, think of WHITING

SUGAR
CERTIFICATES, 1,000—$1.
Delivered Anywhere.
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Some Specials From the

Notion Dept.

15c hair nets, genuine human hair, each, 10c; dozen	$1.00
30c grey hair nets, each	.19
5c English hair pins, extra heavy, all sizes, waved	.03
Celluloid sewing finger shields	.04
Mending tissue, brown or black	.04
10c patent snap fasteners, all best sizes	.06
10c darning eggs, all colors	.07
20c tape measure, 72 inches, with parcel post instructions	.10
Finishing braids, all colors and white, bolt	.10
5c twilled cotton tape 5/8-inch yard	.03
15c kid hair curlers	.08
Embroidery edging, white and colors, bolt	.10
20c pin curlers, jet black or dull	.15
25c jet hat pins, dozen	.15
25c cushion and emery for serving basket	.15
10c toilet pins, 300 count	.07
10c Mason's shoe polish	.07
15c Pearl head pins, card	.10
5c Ironing wax	02½

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

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Special

Goodwin's best preserves, 15-oz. jar.....30c
Same in 10-lb. stone crocks, regular price, $3.60. Special $2.90
Florida Grape Fruit or Orange Marmalade, jar..25c
Country made, pure Jam, 40c size, at.....32c
Pure Jellies.....12½c
Raspberry Syrup, in bottles, 50c size.....38c
Raspberry Syrup, in bottles, 40c size..... 28c

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Shoe Dept. Clearance Sale of Women's Pumps & Oxfords

$5.50

Heretofore $6.50 to $9.00

These shoes are this season's approved styles taken from our regular stock of white, brown, black patent and dull kidskin. No C.O.D. No approvals.

Women's Shoe Dept.---Main Floor

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company
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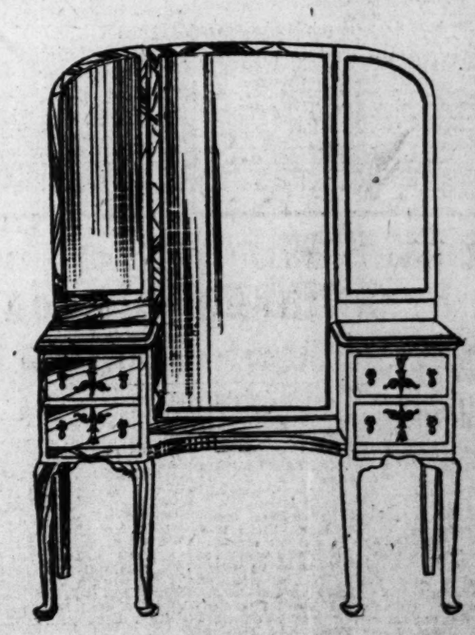
The grace and refinement of Queen Anne furniture appeals to the taste of furniture lovers.

This vanity forms a part of a suite consisting of bed, dresser, chiffonette and toilet table. This suite is a splendid summer offering, the combination of good cabinet work and utility. Brown mahogany.



Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

SOCIETY

At Hawthorne.

Mr. and Mrs. James T. Williams will entertain informally on Friday evening at their country home, "Hawthorne," the occasion celebrating Mr. Williams' birthday.

Business Women's Noonday Meeting.

The Business Women's Council will hold their regular weekly meeting at the Young Women's Christian association, Wednesday, July 31, the service to begin promptly at 12:45, lasting twenty minutes. Rev. John W. Ham will be the speaker and there will be the usual musical program. During the absence of Mrs. A. W. Richards, the council's president, in New York, the noonday meetings will be in charge of Miss Sue Newton, one of the council leaders.

Cromwell-Barnwell.

Mrs. J. D. Hearne, of Wheeling, W. Va., announces that the marriage of her sister, Miss Margaret Cromwell, to Mr. George W. Barnwell, lieutenant, U. S. A., will take place today in Wheeling.

Lieutenant Barnwell is detailed at Fort Screven, and his bride will reside in Savannah during his stay there.

Al Fresco Recital.

The pupils of Mrs. Lynwood Jester's school of expression will present a patriotic program Wednesday at 5 o'clock p. m. at "Cyrilton Farm."

Patrons, friends and all interested are invited.

The little girls participating are among Atlanta's best known child actors, as follows:

Esther Cherry, Frances Elliot, Ena Eglin, Tillie Smith, Bessie Grogan, Evelyn Jackson, Mabel Conoley, Cyril Jester, Marjorie Clifton, Lorraine Whitney, Mildred Maire, Dorothy Jernigan, Aurelia Plunkett, Kathleen Baird, Dorothy Guy, Marion Guy, Carolyn Jester, Maud Barnett.

Dillard-Jeffers.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew David Dillard, of Richland, Ga., announce the marriage of their daughter, Ada, to Mr. Ulie H. Jeffers, formerly of Sylvania, Ga., now at Camp Merritt, N. J. The marriage took place at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. R. E. Howard, at Sylvania, Ga., on July 23.

For Mrs. Cooper.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Lawler entertained at a box party at the Lyric theater Saturday evening, July 27, in honor of Mrs. Ralph Cooper, of Jacksonville, Fla., who is visiting in Atlanta. Included in the party were Mr. and Mrs. Lawler, Mrs. Cooper and Miss Mary Ellen Cooper.

Subscription Bridge Party.

The Inman Park Girls' will give a subscription bridge party in the lobby of the Lyric Thursday morning at 10:30. The proceeds will be used for the war work and charities of the club. Admission 25 cents each. For reservations call Miss Frances Noyes, H. 489-J.

Tyner-King.

Mr. and Mrs. James Warren Tyner announce the marriage of their daughter, Julia George, to Lieutenant Robert Earle King, formerly of Coleman, Texas, now stationed at Camp Gordon, on July 29. For the present Mr. and Mrs. King will reside with the parents of the bride on Beecher street, West End.

Sunday School Class Entertained.

Mrs. Andrew Cranford, president, entertained Mrs. L. L. White, teacher, and the members of Adriel class of the First Christian Sunday school last Saturday afternoon at her home on Windsor street.

Mrs. Cooper and Mrs. Cannon were the prize winners in a very interesting word-making contest, the prizes being thrift stamps.

At the finish of the game Miss Marguerite White gave several readings and vocal solos which were greatly enjoyed, after which punch and ices were served.

For Miss Mosby.

Mrs. Omar F. Elder gave a small informal tea at the Druid Hills Golf club yesterday afternoon for Miss Patty Mosby, of Somerville, Tenn., who is spending some time in Atlanta with her mother, to be near Captain Mosby at Camp Gordon.

The tea table was placed on the terrace, and had for its decoration simple baskets of garden flowers and the place cards were similarly decorated.

Covers were laid for fourteen guests.

New Class in Home Nursing.

There will be a class in home nursing organized August 12, under the auspices of the Atlanta chapter of the Red Cross. Those desiring to enter this class are urged to register at Red Cross house, 258 Peachtree street.

Supper Party.

General William H. Sage entertained at dinner Sunday evening at the Capital City Country club, dinner following a swimming party. Afterwards General Sage and his guests attended the movies at the Liberty theater.

Among his guests were Colonel and Mrs. A. R. Dillingham and their guest, Mrs. Weekes, Mrs. Orme Campbell, Miss Isoline Campbell, Miss Marian Stearns, Major Bowman, Captain DiHority, Lieutenant Estes, Lieutenant Thomas Jordan.

Afternoon Tea.

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Slaton will entertain at tea Saturday afternoon at their home, "Wingfield," in compliment to Lieutenant Monroe Mayhof, of New York, who is in the officers' training camp at Gordon.

In the party will be eight young ladies and as many student officers.

Fruit Needed for Hospital Jellies.

More fruit is needed for the canning and jelly-making the Junior league is doing for the fall supply of the army hospitals. Already 400 jars of crabapple jelly have been put up, most of this fruit coming from "Argyle," the country place of the league's president, Miss Isoline Campbell. This supply is giving out, and peaches, pears and plums are solicited.

The Junior league girls are themselves doing the work, under expert supervision. Hot weather has not deterred them, but the necessary stores will be sooner completed the sooner the league can secure the materials.

Maston-York.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Maston announce the marriage of their daughter, Annie, and Mr. Harry York, which took place Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of the bride on Orme street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Thomas E. McCutchon, pastor of the Jones Avenue Baptist church.

Elliott-McAllister.

A very quiet wedding was that of Miss Ruth Elliot, of Birmingham, Ala., and Mr. S. J. McAllister, formerly of Hawkinsville, but now of Company B, U. S. Training detachment, which took place at the home of Rev. T. E. McCutchen, 309 Luckie street, Saturday evening, July 27, at 8 o'clock. Until the departure of Mr. McAllister the young couple will be at home to their friends at the Corinthian apartments.

Hazlewood-Irwin.

Miss Mable Hazlewood and Mr. LeRoy Irwin, both of Marietta, Ga., were quietly married at the home of Rev. T. E. McCutchen, 309 Luckie street, on July 11.

Red Cross Auxiliary Will Open Today.

Formal opening of the work room of St. Anthony's church, auxiliary to the Red Cross, will be held Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 at 251 Ashby street. Mrs. Joel Chandler Harris, chairman, urges a full attendance.

For Miss Maury.

Miss Mary Cohen was hostess at a beautiful luncheon yesterday at her home on Peachtree street in honor of Miss Anne Maury, of Roanoke, Va., who is the charming guest of Mrs. M. R. Wellborn.

Vases of garden flowers decorated the table and the placecards were hand-painted in flowers.

Miss Cohen wore a becoming gown of lavender voile and Miss Maury was gowned in sand-colored Georgette crepe.

Mrs. John S. Cohen assisted her daughter in entertaining.

Invited to meet the honor guest were:

Miss Maury, Miss Jennie Johnson, Miss Emily Robinson, Miss Frances Ellis, Miss Carrie Lou Reynolds, Miss Emmie Nixon, Miss Catherine Sanders, Miss Edgarda Horton and Miss Erskine Jarnigan.

Miss Grace Goldsmith entertained at the informal dinner-dance last night at the Capital City club roof garden in compliment to Miss Maury.

The young guests included Miss Maury, Miss Catherine Dickey, Miss Catherine Sanders, Miss Mary Cohen, Miss Sara Schoen, Miss Charlotte Meador, Miss Natalie Stokes, Miss Edgarda Horton, Mr. Roy LeCraw, Mr. Norris Broyles, Mr. Wyly Reese, Mr. Harry Bewick, Mr. Roy Keaton, Mr. Clarke Foreman, Mr. Comer Howell, Mr. Forney Wyly, Mr. Henry Walker Bagley, Mr. John Wellborn, Mr. Lawson Kiser, Mr. Arch Martin, Mr. Glenn Evins, Mr. Cobb Torrance, Mr. Marion Hamilton, Mr. Warren Granger and Mr. Jack Darbon, of Virginia.

Dr. and Mrs. W. S. Goldsmith, Mr. and Mrs. Rix Stafford and Mr. and Mrs. Robert R. Wood chaperoned the party.

At the Driving Club.

The tea-dance at the Piedmont Driving club will be an enjoyable event of the afternoon.

Mrs. W. W. Banks will entertain a large party in compliment to Mrs. J. B. Hockaday, who leaves soon to reside in Richmond, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Cowles will entertain in honor of Mrs. H. J. Weeks, of Charlotte, N. C., who is the guest of Colonel and Mrs. A. L. Dillingham, and for Miss Bessie Martin, of New York, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Slaton.

Mrs. Chauncey Smith will entertain a party at tea in compliment to her mother, Mrs. Gabriella Stocker, who leaves in a few days for California.

Others having guests will be Mrs. John Morris, Jr., and Major Haynes.

Bridge Tea for Visitors.

Miss Mary Matthews entertained at bridge tea yesterday afternoon at her home in Druid Hills in compliment to Miss Anne Maury, of Roanoke, Va.; Miss Elizabeth Tinsley, of Louisville, Ky., and Miss Bessie Jeffreys, of Chase City, Va., the guests of Miss Louise Harwell.

The decorations, in gold and green, the Hollins college colors, were carried out with golden glow, marigolds and yellow daisies, filling baskets and vases which were tied with green tulle.

Miss Matthews, who was gowned in white Georgette crepe, heavily beaded, was assisted in entertaining by her mother, Mrs. L. C. Matthews, Mrs. L. D. Watson, and her cousin, Miss Anadawn Watson, of Barnesville. The guests were Misses Maury, Bessie Jeffreys, Elizabeth Tinsley, Louise Harwell, Martha Louise Cassels, Mary Burr Lake, Katherine Law, Elizabeth Perkins, Frances Dudley, Dorothy Haverty, Catherine Crichton, Josebelle Christopher, Harriet Bayly, Joyce White, Marie Fennell, Emily Phelps, Frances Hightower, Lillian Jacobs, Frances Schwalmeyer, of Memphis, Tenn.; Augusta Cohen, of Marietta; Rebecca Walker, Sarah Kennedy, Mrs. H. C. Nowell, Mrs. Willis Milner, Jr., Mrs. I. V. Walker, Mrs. Jean Christopher.

"Knitting Musicale."

The second of the Music Study Club's "knitting musicales" will be held this morning at 11 o'clock in Cable hall. All the women of the city who are engaged in war knitting or sewing, or who would like to work on the reclamation garments from the Red Cross are invited by the club to attend this morning's meeting.

A most attractive program will be rendered by Miss Marguerita Morris, of Athens, violinist; Miss Frances Stovall, of College Park, pianist, and by Miss Madeline Keipp, who will give a musical reading.

The first of the musicales was held last Wednesday and brought forth a most enthusiastic audience. A large number of garments were finished and delivered to the Red Cross as a result of the first concert.

Matinee Party.

Miss Lucile La Hatte complimented her niece, Miss Dorothy Brogdon, with a matinee party Tuesday afternoon at the Lyric. The guests included Misses Evelyn McElhannon, of Jefferson; Frances Brooks, of Winder; Mittie La Hatte, Charlotte Dickson and Bessie Bellview. Mrs. Emmett Brogdon chaperoned the party.

Negro Convention.

The Atlanta District Sunday School convention, W. H. and F. M. society, A. C. E. I. convenes today at St. Paul A. M. E. church, Stone Mountain, Ga. Dr. H. D. Canady, P. E., will be in charge. Bishop J. S. Flipper and several prominent church officials will be present.

WILL RELIEVE SICK HEADACHE

Mississippi Lady Recites Her Family's Experience in Prevention of Serious Sickness and Tells How Quick Relief Follows Use of Black-Draught.

Edinburg, Miss.—Mrs. Lula McLauchlin, who lives a few miles out of this town, recently made the following statement in regard to Thedford's Black-Draught, the old, reliable, family liver medicine:

"We have used Thedford's Black-Draught in our family for years, as a liver and stomach medicine. I have used it for indigestion, gas on the stomach, for bloating and disagreeable taste in the mouth.

A couple of good doses will relieve a sick headache and make you feel like a new person.

I keep it, especially in the winter, for grip and colds. It has been such a wonderful help to us.

Black-Draught has saved us many good dollars in doctor bills, as a great deal of sickness comes from constipation, and torpid liver which . . . can be relieved by so simple a remedy as Black-Draught. I praise it to all my friends."

Torpid, or slow-acting liver, is the commonest form of liver trouble met with in America. The liver does not do its duty in helping the digestion of food and regulating the bowels.

Thedford's Black-Draught has been found a very valuable remedy for derangements of the liver and stomach, not only in the case of this Mississippi family but in thousands of similar cases.

Try Black-Draught.—(adv.)

REMOVE FRECKLES

Tan and Pimples By Using FRECKLE-GO

FRECKLE-GO, absolutely harmless to the skin, completely removes freckles, sunburn, pimples and liverspots and leaves the skin white and soft like velvet. Prepared and sold by Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga. Price, 50c jar. By mail postpaid on receipt of price.

Cuticura Heals Itching Burning Skin Troubles

All druggists: Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50. Talcum 25. Sample each Free of "Cuticura, Dept. F, Boston."

DF

Solid Bronze Insignias for Officers

Two weeks ago we announced the arrival of the new bronze insignias for officers. Officers who have seen and adopted them are generous in their praise.

The main features are a patent safety clasp-pin, and the fact that they are warranted not to lose their color or turn black.

We have a complete selection for all branches of the service.

You will be pleased with their appearance and satisfied with their practical service.

DAVIS & FREEMAN INC.

DEALERS IN PRECIOUS STONES 47 WHITEHALL ST.

Famous In A Day For Her Beautiful Complexion, Oatmeal Combination Does It

A Free Prescription Does Its Work Overnight. You Can Prepare It At Your Home.

New York: It is my own discovery and it takes just one night to get such marvelous results, says Mae Edna Wilder, when her friends ask her about her wonderful complexion and the improved appearance of her hands and arms. You can do the same thing if you follow my advice she says: I feel it my duty to tell every girl and woman what this wonderful prescription did for me. I never tire of telling others just what brought about such remarkable results. Here is the identical prescription that removed every defect from my face, neck, hands and arms. Until you try it you can form no idea of the marvelous change it will make in just one application. The prescription which you can prepare at your own home is as follows: Go to any grocery and get ten cents worth of ordinary oatmeal, and from any drug store a bottle of derwillo. Prepare the oatmeal as directed in every package of derwillo and apply night and morning. The first application will astonish you. It makes the skin appear transparent, smooth and velvety. I especially recommend it for freckles, tan, sun spots, coarse pores, rough skin, ruddiness, wrinkles, and, in fact, every blemish the face, hands and arms are heirs to. If your neck or chest is discolored from exposure, apply this combination there and the objectionable defect will disappear. It is absolutely harmless and will not produce or stimulate a growth of hair. No matter how rough and ungainly the hands and arms, or what abuses they have had through hard work and exposure to sun and wind, this oatmeal-derwillo combination will work a wonderful transformation in 12 hours at the most. Thousands who have used it have had the same results I have had.

Note: To get the best effect be sure to follow the complete directions contained in every package of derwillo. You have only to get derwillo and oatmeal. You need nothing else and it is so simple that anyone can use it; and is so inexpensive that any girl or woman can afford it. The manufacturers and druggists guarantee that there will be a noticeable improvement after the first application or they will refund the money. It is sold in this city under a money refund guarantee by all department stores and druggists, including Jacobs' Pharmacy Co.—(adv.)

Chatham County Is First to Report Applicants for U. S. Nurses' Reserve

The Chatham County unit, Council of National Defense, is the first to report on the progress of the enrollment of student nurses in the United States Nurses' reserve, which is being conducted throughout Georgia under the auspices of the woman's committee, Council of National Defense, and the American Red Cross.

Mrs. W. L. Wilson, chairman of the Chatham County unit, reported to Mrs. S. M. Inman, chairman of the state unit, that on the Monday the first day of enrollment 22 young women enrolled and asked to become student nurses. The enrollment will continue until August 11; then the names of all applicants will be sent to Washington, and later information will be given as to the schools open for training student nurses, and the conditions, rules, etc., governing the work of applicants.

The enrollment in Fulton county continued with renewed interest yesterday, Mrs. Charles J. Haden and Mrs. Richard Johnston directing the enrollment in Fulton county. Alice Carey is chairman of the colored woman's enrollment at 157 Auburn avenue.

The nation is calling for 25,000 student nurses to release that many women now in the training schools and to meet the emergency arising from the war crisis. Georgia's quota is 375.

The recent drive has precipitated a greater need for more nurses, more medical and Red Cross supplies, and the surgeon general of the army of the United States public health department, the Council of National Defense and of the American Red Cross are co-operating in the campaign to move young women to take up trained nursing as a profession.

This campaign has no relation to that for nurses' aides made through local chapters of the Red Cross, nor with the short course in nursing offered in some communities. There is also the movement to register all women who know anything about nursing, who have been nurses, are adapted in that direction, with a view to registering them for aid to the communities in which they are, in case emergency demands that there be a recruiting of women nurses for home service.

Any information about the present enrollment for student nurses may be obtained from Mrs. Charles J. Haden, Mrs. Richard Johnston, Mrs. Samuel M. Inman or Miss Jane Van de Vraede, Healey building.

This enrollment is being conducted in every state of the union.

PEP IS DEMANDED OF LABOR WARRIOR, DECLARES SOLDIER

A rousing patriotic address was delivered Tuesday noon before the employees of the Southern Iron and Equipment company by Private J. C. Taylor, of the Canadian Expeditionary forces, who has been sent to Atlanta to assist Sidney Story in his work for the national service section of the United States shipping board.

Private Taylor is an American, having enlisted with the Canadians in 1916 from Lawrence, Mass., where he was in newspaper work. He saw service on the front from the latter part of the Somme campaign until he was wounded at Vimy Ridge. A missing index finger on his right hand and scars from shrapnel on his head and feet bear eloquent testimony to the fact that he knows what he is talking about when he mentions the war.

In his talk to the men at the Southern Iron and Equipment company, Private Taylor linked up the duties of the soldier in the front line with the man in the machine shop back home. Both are essential to the winning of the war, and the same amount of pep and ginger is demanded of the man with the hammer and sledge as th edoughboy with the bayonet.

The speaker will address the employees of the Atlanta Utility works this afternoon, and tonight he and Mr. Story will appear before the Decatur Board of Trade. Other engagements through the national service station of the shipping board are being arranged.

CROSS FAMILY OBSERVES THIRD ANNUAL REUNION

In keeping with a custom inaugurated two years ago, the Cross family observed their third annual reunion Monday at the home of A. P. Cross, a well-known planter of Fulton county, residing on the Hightower road.

Three brothers and a sister head this old Georgia family. They are: A. P. Cross, of Fulton county; H. S. Cross, of Gwinnett county; R. F. Cross, of Wilcox county, and Mrs. C. A. Cooper, of Chattanooga, Tenn.

All were present on this occasion, while two score or more of their descendants were on hand. Singing, services by the Rev. W. A. Babb and the Rev. C. N. Peek, and an out-door dinner marked the day's observance. The reunion next year will be held at the home of R. F. Cross, in Wilcox county.

COOK COUNTY CREATED

Governor Dorsey Signs Bill With Five Gold Pens.

Governor Dorsey yesterday afternoon signed the bill creating the new county of Cook, created by this legislature from portions of Berrien and Lowndes, with five gold pens. One of the pens, bearing the monogram of the governor, was presented to him as a souvenir of the enactment, and the others were distributed as souvenirs among four of those prominently identified with the new county.

Adel is to be the county seat of the new county.

MARINE POST EXCHANGE IN NEED OF SALESMEN

The post exchange of the marine corps at Paris Island, S. C., is in need of several expert salesmen to work in the exchange, it was announced Tuesday by Lieutenant H. Colvocoresses, in charge of the Atlanta recruiting office of the marines. Men accepted will receive $15 a month in addition to, regular private's pay. Applicants must furnish four good recommendations before being accepted. Applications will be received at the local marine recruiting office located at 29½ Marietta street.

Judge Newman on Vacation.

Judge William T. Newman, of the United States district court, leaves Atlanta today for Asheville, N. C., to spend his vacation in the mountains. Judge Newman will be gone for the whole month of August, and Judge Evans, of Augusta, will come here to sit for some cases in which Judge Newman is disqualified. Judge Newman goes to Asheville every year for his vacation and he is more in need of a vacation this year than ever owing to the unusually hard year just past.

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Calotabs

The purified calomel tablets that are entirely free of all sickening and salivating effects.

Medicinal virtues vastly improved

Guaranteed by your druggist. Sold only in sealed packages. Prices 35.

LARRY DOYLE WILL CELEBRATE HIS 32D BIRTHDAY

Lawrence, better known as Larry, Doyle, the veteran second baseman of the Giants, will pass his thirty-second milestone today. He is, and for many years has been, one of the heavjest hitters in the National league, being the batting champion in 1915. Larry was born in Caseyville, Ill. His youth was largely spent in the town of Broose, about forty miles east of St. Louis, and until his marriage Larruping Larry usually spent his winters in that vicinity. Since then he has made his winter home in Jacksonville, Fla.

Doyle was a coal miner in his youth, and before he was old enough to enter the mines he helped to eke out the family income by delivering papers and toiling in a grocery emporium. He was 18 when he landed his first regular baseball job with the Mattoon, Ill., club. After two seasons with Mattoon he was hired by Springfield, Ill., and in the middle of the 1907 season he was bought by McGraw.

Doyle started out this season with the bat like a race horse, but he had an accident which put him out of the game for a long time. He is now batting around .333, which isn't so bad for a sick man. Although a speedy base runner he is not the fastest in the business, but he probably loses less time in cutting the corner on the initial bag than any other player. This happy faculty enables Larry to stretch what would be a single for an ordinary runner into a two-bagger. Larry is one of the most spectacular players in the business. He can pick balls out of the air that seem to be hopeless chances—and then again he muffs 'em when they fly into his mit, but he doesn't muff them very often.

MORE BILLIONS FOR WAR REQUIRED BY BRITAIN

London, July 30.—The largest appropriation demanded since the beginning of the war will be submitted to the house of commons Thursday, says The Daily Telegraph. The vote of credit to be asked will be for 700,000,000 pounds. The previous highest was 650,000,000 pounds voted a year ago. The new appropriation is required to finance the war until the end of October.

AGE LIMIT IS LIFTED FOR MARINE CORPS

Washington, July 30.—The maximum age limit for marine corps recruits has been raised from 36 to 40 years, Secretary Daniels tonight announced. The strength of the marine corps July 29 was placed at 60,561, including officers and fleet reserves.

PLANTS IN FOUR STATES WILL GO ON WAR BASIS

Organization of Industries Will Be Effected at Meeting This Morning.

The organiation of industries of the four states, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida, will be effected at the chamber of commerce this morning, beginning at 10 o'clock, when the chairmen of eighteen sub-regions will meet in response to the call of W. H. White, Jr., acting as organizing director for the United States war industries board, resources and conversion section, Region No. 12.

The object of this organization is to furnish the machinery through which the government may secure information to be used in placing orders for war work or in converting to war work industries now engaged on other products.

Members of Conference.

The men who meet to perform this important task are:

From Georgia—R. R. Otis, Atlanta; A. W. Allison, Albany; J. G. Belding, Augusta; Albert M. Smith, Brunswick; S. A. Spivey, Columbus; George W. Hubbell, Macon; John M. Berry, Rome; W. D. Krenson, Savannah.

From Florida—W. E. Cummer, Jacksonville; Hugh C. MacFarland, Tampa.

From North Carolina—D. W. Plummer, Asheville; Charles K. Hetch, Charlotte; Garland Daniel, Greensboro; Charles B. Park, Raleigh; E. P. Bailey, Wilmington.

From South Carolina—G. M. Benedict, Charleston; T. B. Stackhouse, Columbia; John D. Owens, Spartanburg.

With them will come a number of leading manufacturers who seek information about this new plan of the government for placing war orders.

Explain Object of Meeting.

Mr. White, as organizing director, will state the object of the conference, explain the plan, and show how the organization will work when it has been put in motion. The methods by which war orders are to be placed and fairly divided among the industries of the region will be made clear.

Questions will then be invited and this will lead to an informal discussion which will fully inform the subregional chairmen as to the duties of their respective positions.

It will also be necessary to agree upon a plan of financing the organization. The methods already adopted in other regions will be explained and it is believed that there will be no difficulty in agreeing upon a satisfactory plan.

Questionnaires for the purposes of obtaining a complete survey of all plants in the city capable of performing war work, which were distributed at the meeting Monday of a large number of Atlanta manufacturers, who assured their utmost co-operation in the work, are being returned rapidly, according to D. C. Lawhorn, who has been elected temporary secretary of the organization. Mr. Lawhorn requests that all manufacturers whose plants could produce materials necessary to carry on the war, call at the chamber of commerce for questionnaires, and for further information about the organization.

DR. ALEXANDER SPEAKS TO THE KIWANIS CLUB

The weekly meeting of the Kiwanis club of Atlanta at the Kimball House yesterday was addressed by Dr. W. W. Alexander, director of the southeastern division of the overseas branch of the Y. M. C. A.

Dr. Alexander stressed the great need for red-blooded men as Y. M. C. A. workers among the soldiers, and his description of conditions on the war front, and stories of personal experiences of Georgia men who have gone across in Y. M. C. A. service aroused intense interest. At the close of the meeting R. C. McCoy was appointed Kiwanis representative on the Y. M. C. A. overseas recruiting committee.

The Kiwanis club has had printed thousands of cards bearing a broad yellow streak across the middle, and with the admonition: "Nail German Lies!" Under present conditions any man who knocks any branch of our government has a yellow streak. The members who have had opportunities of using these cards say they prove very effective in silencing the war complainers.

TWO FARMERS HURT AND MULE IS SLAIN WHEN HIT BY AUTO

When hit by an automobile on Peachtree road near Buckhead shortly before daybreak Tuesday morning Oscar Staples and Cicero Brown, two farmers, who were on their way to town with a load of vegetables, were seriously injured, two wagons wrecked and a mule instantly killed. Both were picked up by a party that was passing in an automobile and rushed to a local hospital, suffering from bruises and concussions.

Following an investigation by the county police, Will Linson, the negro who was driving the big touring car, was arrested and locked up at the Tower, where he is held on the charge of reckless driving.

According to E. W. Walton, a taxicab driver, who said he was riding with the negro at the time, the automobile struck Staples' wagon, forcing the mule into the wagon of Brown's, which was a few feet ahead, instantly killing the animal and causing Brown's mule to run away.

ELOQUENT SPEAKERS TO MAKE ADDRESSES TO METAL WORKERS

A get-together meeting to which the public and especially the employers of labor are invited will be held at the Labor Temple tonight at 8 o'clock under the auspices of the Workers' local, No. 85.

Rev. Ashby Jones, one of the most eloquent orators in the state, and Louie Marquard, former president of the State Federation of Labor, will be the speakers.

The purpose of the meeting is to form a closer bond between the sheet metal workers and employers and to further an exchange of ideas. It is hoped that the occasion will be a great success so that other similar meetings may be held in the future. The committee on arrangements for the gathering is composed of R. A. Jones, W. S. Mathis, and J. H. Hubbard.

WOMEN WHO FASCINATE

The art of fascination and attractiveness in women is founded on good health. Women who drag through long hours, days, weeks and sometimes months of suffering with headaches, backache and dragging-down pains soon wear the tell-tale expression of woe and misery. If every such woman would only turn to that good old-fashioned root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, to alleviate such ailments it would surely prove the greatest aid to health and consequent beauty that she has ever known.—(adv.)

Robinnaire Hair Dye Restores Natural Color

Keep the original, the natural, color of your hair by the consistent use of Mme. Robinnaire's hair dye. This superior preparation can be used with perfect confidence that the original color and texture of your hair will be restored and maintained. It gives the hair a natural softness, and does not cause it to become brittle. It has been widely and satisfactorily used for more than fifty years. It comes in black, brown, dark brown and light brown; and any desired shade may be secured by regulating the amount used. Trial size, 25c. Regular size, $1.00. Manufactured only by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Atlanta, Ga.—(adv.)

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SOFT AND VELVETY. Money back if not entirely pleased.

Nadine is pure and harmless. Adheres until washed off. Prevents sunburn and return of discolorations. A million delighted users prove its value. Popular tints: Flesh, Pink, Brunette, White.

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FINAL CLEARANCE

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BLACK, LIGHT AND DARK COLORS—STRAWS

CHOICE SUMMER STYLES

LOT 1 Choice Trimmed Styles—

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These two groups include most of our stock of Trimmed Hats, including fine Straws, Leghorns, Milans and Georgette Crepes.

Trimmed with fine flowers, ribbons, fruits and small wings and fancy feathers. Colors: Black, white, navy, red, sand, brown, gray, purple and green. Every hat a splendid value. No shopworn or out-of-style hats in these lots.

SALE THIS MORNING.

REGENSTEIN'S

SOCIAL ITEMS

Miss Anne Patterson, who is visiting in Mobile, will also visit in Jacksonville before returning home.

Mrs. Horner Watkins has returned home after a short visit with Mrs. Thomas Barrett.

Mrs. Thomas Barrett III., Miss Frances Broyles and Mr. Norris Broyles leave today to visit Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Emerson Brown in Kalamazoo. Mr. Brown leaves early in August for France with the Red Cross.

Mrs. Orme Campbell and Miss Isoline Campbell leave on August 15 to visit Mrs. Joseph Emerson Brown at her summer home, Hull Lake, near Kalamazoo, Mich.

Master Edward Inman, who has been ill at St. Joseph's infirmary, after an operation for tonsilitis, is better.

Mrs. Malcolm Fortson, who has been quite ill in Boston, is better.

Mrs. Walter Hill is visiting at her former home in Cambridge, Md. Mr. Hill is in California on a business trip.

Mr. James Alexander has returned from Washington.

Miss Clara Wimberly, who is spending the summer at Portsmouth, N. H., has been in New York for a few days.

Major General Leroy S. Lyon, of Camp Wheeler; Mrs. Lyon and Captain Armsby came from Macon yesterday and are at the Georgian Terrace.

Mrs. J. C. Maben, Jr., Miss Pauline Maben and J. C. Maben III., of Birmingham, are at the Georgian Terrace.

Mr. C. A. Rauschenberg, Jr., Mr. O. C. Rauschenberg, of Savannah; Mrs. A. E. Biets and Mrs. C. A. Rauschenberg, Sr., have returned from a motor trip to north Georgia.

Dr. Garnett W. Quillian, who is ill with typhoid fever, is better.

Mrs. Lewis H. Beck and Mrs. Willis Westmoreland leave today for Atlantic City, and they will be at the Marlborough-Blenheim.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Elliott Miller are at the Marborough-Blenheim, Atlantic City.

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Bellinger will spend the month of August on the Massachusetts coast.

Miss Elizabeth Crawford, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Crawford, will go to Sweetbrier school in South Carolina the coming fall.

Dr. J. Sprole Lyons left yesterday for Richmond, Va., where he will spend a short time before going to New York and afterwards to Atlantic City to spend his vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Roby Robinson, Mrs. Henry B. Tompkins, Miss Eloise Robinson, Jr., have returned from Grove Park Inn, Asheville.

Mrs. J. M. Alexander and Miss Israella Solomons are at White Sulphur Springs, after a visit to New York and Atlantic City. They will return home this week.

Mrs. Philip L'Engle and her little daughter leave Monday for a visit in Providence, R. I., Mrs. L'Engle's home before her marriage.

Miss Charlotte Meador will go to Hollins institute, Va., in the fall.

Judge and Mrs. W. T. Newman will leave tonight for Asheville, where they will join their daughter, Mrs. John L. Patterson, of Roanoke Rapids, N. C., at The Manor.

Miss Madeline Bellinger is at Hempstead, L. I., visiting her sister, Mrs. Dusenberry, while Lieutenant Dusenberry is detailed at a Long Island camp.

Mrs. Walter Howard and Miss Frances Newman will leave for Roscroggon, Skyland, N. C., Saturday to spend August.

Miss Apphia Jackson, of Waycross, is being delightfully entertained as the guest of Miss Frances Noyes.

Mr. and Mrs. Rix Stafford are moving today into a new apartment on Juniper at Third street.

Miss Bennie Belle Syms leaves Sunday for Cincinnati to visit her sister, Mrs. Arthur Maxwell Steele, for ten days. On her return home she will visit Mrs. Grace C. Cook in Athens, Ga.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Grant and children, Miss Anne Grant and John Grant left Monday for Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs.

Mrs. Frank Potts and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Adams have returned home after a ten days' stay at their country place, "Lenox."

Mrs. Joseph N. Moody and Miss Rose Moran have gone to New York to join Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Kress for a motor tour of New England.

Mrs. Henry S. Jackson has returned from Savannah.

Right Rev. Benjamin J. Kelley, bishop of Savannah, is in the city.

Mrs. S. C. Dobbs and Miss Mildred Dobbs leave Friday for New Orleans, where they will spend ten days visiting friends.

Mrs. Charles G. Giddings and Miss Katherine Giddings are at Signal mountain. Mrs. Giddings will return home the last of the week. Miss Giddings will go to Virginia for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Meador have returned from White Sulphur Springs, Ga., and are at the Georgian Terrace.

Miss Gay, of Chicago, who has been spending the summer with her sister, Mrs. E. F. Hodges, at the Georgian Terrace, will return home September 1.

Mrs. Hodges will remain while Captain Hodges is detailed at Camp Gordon.

Mr. W. Hoyt Sutton, of the American Barkers Corporation, spent his vacation week in Washington and Danburg, Ga., visiting relatives. He was accompanied by Mrs. Sutton and his mother, and made the trip in his automobile.

Mrs. Blanche Mell and daughters, Elisabeth and Ruth, have returned from St. Simons.

Judge Price Gilbert will return to the city Thursday.

Mr. Hugh Richardson returned Monday from his summer camp at Foxaway. Mrs. Richardson and children will linger.

Signor Raoul S. Bonanno has returned to Atlanta after a concert tour in the west, and will give a song recital of Italian folk songs at an early date.

Mrs. Albert E. Thornton and Mrs. Albert E. Thornton, Jr., leave today for Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs to spend several weeks. Miss Catherine Sanders will accompany them, and will join Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Paine.

Miss Margaret Hall, of Savannah, is visiting Miss Margaret Doonan on Myrtle street.

Mrs. Oliver Jones and Miss Emma Jones leave Thursday to spend August at the Tallulah Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. James Otis and Master Cline Otis, of Columbia, S. C., motored to Atlanta Saturday and were the guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Otis.

Mrs. C. C. Clower has just returned from Kentucky after a visit of several weeks with relatives.

Stomach ills

permanently disappear after drinking the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Positively guaranteed by money-back offer. Tastes fine, costs a trifle. Delivered anywhere by our Atlanta agents, Coursey & Munn Drugstore, Marietta and Broad streets. Phone them

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SISTERS OF SOLDIERS MAY SERVE IN FRANCE

Washington, July 30.—Because the American Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A. and other allied bodies doing war work in France are unable to obtain a sufficient number of women as workers, the war department prohibition against passports to relatives of officers and men in the American expeditionary forces was modified today by General March, chief of staff, so as to permit sisters of soldiers to serve as workers under certain conditions.

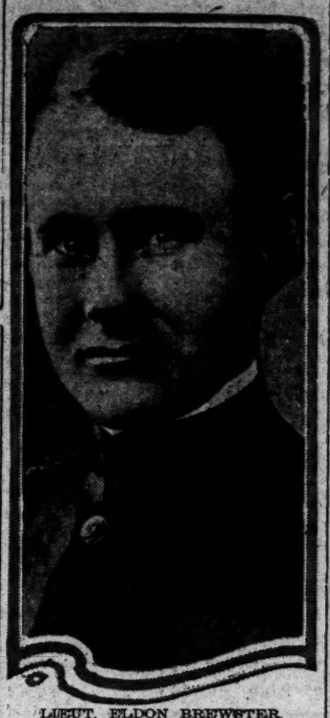
The order provides that the sisters must be duly accredited members of one of the authorized organizations; must be particularly qualified for the work to be done; must be sent to France as workers and not as relatives; must make no effort to visit relatives in France, whether sick or well; must be returned home by the organization to which they belong if they violate the rules as laid down by the department and must automatically be returned home if they marry officers or soldiers in the American expeditionary forces after their arrival abroad.

FLYING OFFICER FALLS 700 FEET TO HIS DEATH

Aberdeen, Miss., July 30.—Announcement was made tonight of the death late yesterday at Payne Aviation field of Second Lieutenant Roland L. Rose, of Evart, Mich. Lieutenant Rose fell 700 feet when his machine went into an accidental tail spin. His flying companion was uninjured. Yesterday's death was the fifth at Payne field.

Gold Star Replaces Blue at the Residence Of Col. P. H. Brewster

A gold star has now replaced the blue one on the service flag at the home of Colonel P. H. Brewster, of College Park, telling of the death of his son, Lieutenant Eldon F. Brewster,



LIEUT. ELDON BREWSTER.

who lost his life while taking part in the recent great Franco-American offensive which broke up in its incipiency another drive by the German army toward Paris.

Lieutenant Brewster was a graduate of the Georgia Military academy, of College Park, and had been a popular member of the student body at Georgia Tech. He was a graduate of chemistry in the Philadelphia Textile school at Philadelphia, and before entering the officers' training school was southern representative, with headquarters in Atlanta, of a large eastern dye concern.

Lieutenant Brewster had been serving in France with the Johns Hopkins infantry, which received its training at Camp Greene, N. C. He entered the first officers' training camp at Fort McPherson, but sustained injuries on guard duty during Atlanta's great fire, which interrupted his course. He graduated at the second officers' camp at Fort Oglethorpe, where he won his commission.

Besides his father, he is survived by two sisters, Mrs. Clarence Wickersham and Mrs. Edward Richardson, and three brothers, P. H. Brewster, Jr., Wallace Brewster, of Atlanta, and Lieutenant Albert Howell Brewster, who is serving ink France with the John Hopkins medical unit.

British War Hero Comes to Atlanta In Khaki of U. S.

Lieut. Blount, Who Left the English for American Army, Wears French War Medal and Cross and White Eagle of Serbia.

After three and a half years spent in battle, Fort McPherson, though a very busy place to the ordinary civilian, seems most quiet and most restful to Lieutenant F. J. Blount, of the United States army, who is there to recover from the effects of his service at the front, where he was wounded twice.

Lieutenant Blount enlisted almost four years ago at the outbreak of the war, in the British army. He was with the troops in France in the early days of the war; he was in Egypt; he was present at the siege of Saloniki and spent some time with the forces in Macedonia.

When the revolution broke out in Ireland Lieutenant Blount, who was Captain Blount in the British army, was ordered there with his company, and when America entered the war Captain Blount started negotiations for a transfer to the American forces. Last October he received his transfer with a commission as first lieutenant and after spending some time in Paris in the photography department was assigned to the aviation training field in France.

Before this the lieutenant, while in the British army, had been awarded the French military medal, the French war cross, and the White Eagle of Serbia, and now had the added honor of wearing the double silver wings of the American fighting pilot.

It is a change from the fields and trenches of France with her war horrors to the peace and serenity of Fort McPherson—for a few days of welcome change.

But Lieutenant Blount, hero of almost four years' service, wearer of three medals, is not satisfied to rest, but is waiting patiently for the day to come when he will be able and may return "over there" to help once more the great war to crush the Hun.

Warm Springs Chautauqua Will Hold Week's Session Starting on August 6

Durand, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—The gates of the Warm Springs Chautauqua with an attendance and varied program swing open to the public on the evening of August 6 and remain open continuously through Sunday.

This Chautauqua enterprise, conducted by the people of Meriwether county and vicinity, is attracting wide attention.

On its program for this year's session the presidents of three Georgia colleges appear besides there is a well selected list of vocal and instrumental musical organizations and popular professional platform entertainers.

Also there will be a good deal of patriotic display and Red Cross activities. It is held at the old Warm Springs camp meeting grounds.

The whole movement is managed by a joint committeemen from the board of trustees and women from the local Woman's club.

Woman Admits Shooting, Claiming Self - Defense; Floyd County Jury Acquits

Rome, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—After only a few moments deliberation a jury in Floyd superior court this afternoon found a verdict of not guilty in the case of Annie May Treadway, charged with the murder of J. Tom Jenkins, city tax receiver, last November.

In a sensational statement on the stand today the woman, a resident of the restricted district, admitting having killed Jenkins. She said she shot through the door of her house because Jenkins, intoxicated, was trying to gain admission and was threatening to shoot.

Sensational speeches were made before a crowded court room by opposing attorneys.

FUNERAL SERVICES OF MRS. LAMBERT TO BE HELD TODAY

Funeral services for Mrs. Charles G. Lambert, who died suddenly at the residence, 70 West Peachtree street, Monday morning at 6:30 o'clock, will be held from the residence today at 11 o'clock, with the Rev. W. W. Memminger officiating.

She is survived by her husband, Charles G. Lambert, who is the general agent of the Singer Sewing Machine company of this city, and two sons, Frederick H. Lambert, of Atlanta, and Robert G. Lambert, of New York; three sisters, Miss Bessie Lambert, of Atlanta, Mrs. H. Mino Davis, of Lynchburg, Va., and Mrs. R. B. Weaver, of Pittsburg, Pa.; one sister, Mrs. Robert Murray, of Elmira, N. Y.; and a brother, D. S. Lambert, of Knoxville, Tenn.

SEVEN MORE AMERICANS PRISONERS IN GERMANY

Washington, July 30.—Names of two officers and five enlisted men of the American expeditionary forces, held as prisoners in Germany, were announced tonight by the war department. The death in a German hospital of Private Jerry A. Brown, Columbus, Ohio, previously listed as missing in action, also was announced.

The names of the officers and men held prisoner, their addresses and the prison camps where they are held, follows:

Captain John W. Morris Washington, D. C., at Rastett.

Captain Elmer J. Presper, Philadelphia, at Cassel.

Corporal John E. Smith, Lyons, Iowa, and Private Harold G. Lawrence, Independence, Kan., at Darmstadt.

Private George M. Williams, Henderson, Ky., at Limburg.

Private John Walter Jones, Oxford, Ala., at Hemmbahn.

Privates Charles E. Locke, Cincinnati, at Giessen.

Captain John W. Morris, it was learned here tonight, is a resident of Somersville, Tenn., a brother, George Morris, is a Memphis newspaper publisher, and was formerly secretary to Senator Shields, of Tennessee.

Captain Morris, who is a physician, enlisted in the British army two years ago and was a member of the Black Watch regiment. Two months ago he obtained transfer to the American expeditionary forces.

CONGRESSMAN WRIGHT SPEAKS IN LAGRANGE

LaGrange, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—Hon. W. C. Wright, the present representative from the fourth district in congress, spoke to a crowded courthouse of Troup county voters today at the noon recess of court for one hour and a half.

Congressman Wright was introduced by W. A. Reeves, but before presenting Mr. Wright, Mr. Reeves called on Judge R. W. Freeman, former judge of the Coweta circuit, who spoke eloquently of the character of Congressman Wright. Judge Freeman's effort was an impassioned appeal in behalf of his friend, and it was delivered with telling effect.

At the conclusion of Judge Freeman's speech Congressman Wright delivered one of the best political speeches heard here in years, going into every detail of the proceedings of the Columbus convention which nominated him for congress and explaining his connection with it seemingly to the entire satisfaction of the large audience that heard him.

DISCONTINUANCE OF THE SOUTHLAND

Effective August 3d The Southland trains, Nos. 22 and 32, will be discontinued south of Atlanta. Last train will leave Atlanta southbound August 3d. The Atlanta-Valdosta sleeper now being handled on The Southland will be handled after that date on the Dixie Flyer, leaving Atlanta 9:30 p. m.

Central of Georgia Ry.

(Adv.)

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SPEND YOUR VACATION AT

The Breakers

On the Gulf

(Miles From Apalachicola, Florida)

This Hotel offers a complete and refined service for those who wish to spend a week or a month at the coolest and healthiest resort in the south. The Breakers faces the gulf. You Dress for the Surf in Your Room.

Finest and safest salt water beach. Boating, Fishing, Crabbing, Sea Turtle Hunting. Excellent drinking water, recommended by eminent physicians for Kidney troubles.

Rates $10 to $15 per week, American plan. Accommodations limited. Make reservations in advance.

For particulars address THE BREAKERS, ST. GEORGE on the GULF, Apalachicola, Fla.

The Merchants and Miners' Steamboats run weekly from Columbus, Ga., to Apalachicola, a delightful and cheap trip. Try one.

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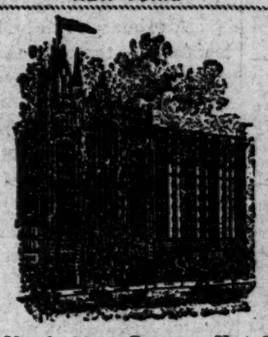

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300 Rooms, 225 with Bath and Shower

Opposite Museum of Natural History. Surrounded by parks. Half a Block of entrance to Central Park. Convenient to everything.

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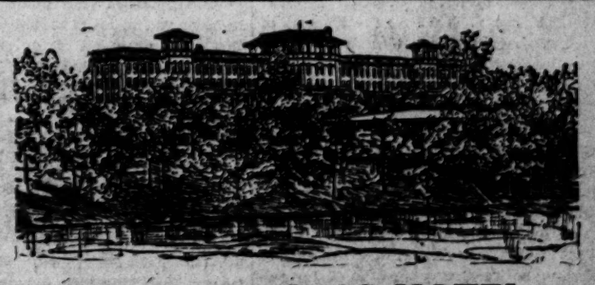

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We shall not undertake a description of anything other than naming the materials, which are: Taffetas, Satins and Messalines, plain and in combination with Georgette. The colors are light and dark Navy, Taupe, Purple, Grey, Midnight, Plum and Black.

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THE CONSTITUTION

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THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER.

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CAPITAL ISSUES COMMITTEE.

Attention is called to an analysis by Attorney H. N. Randolph, on this page, of the provisions and requirements of the capital issues act passed by congress April 5, last.

In order to comply with this law it is necessary for business men to be advised what the new law requires. In the hope that this analysis may prove helpful to our readers, the same is published. Public sentiment will approve the appeal of the capital issues committee at Washington to all business men to conform to the provisions of this law, whether their enterprises be new or a rearrangement of the financial structure of an existing enterprise. The appeal is to the states, counties and cities as well as to institutions of a private nature. England, for instance, has built no new school houses since 1914. Municipal expenditures, whether for sewers, water, lights, hospitals or streets and sidewalks, are held to bare necessities. It is an example well worthy of emulation, particularly when it is remembered that in England the work of their capital issues committee has been voluntary.

It is the way to win the war. Every dollar must be conserved and preserved. All investments in securities, unless issued to raise capital for purposes related directly to the war and its maintenance, should be discouraged. All expenditures by public corporations, such as states, counties and cities not essential to the health or public convenience, should be postponed until after the war. The inquiry should in every instance be "can we do without?" Unless essential, the money should not be spent, the securities should not be issued.

The district committee can be trusted to act fairly and liberally in its decisions. It is doing its work under the auspices of the federal reserve board at Washington and the federal reserve banks. No enterprise will be thwarted which by its operations can aid in the success of the great struggle. Where the case and need is clear, no expenditures will be prevented.

All should contribute cheerfully and willingly in the great work of this capital issues committee, for thereby they will be doing their "bit" in the great cause which affects so vitally the lives and well-being of all.

TO MINIMIZE WAR "DRIVES."

The war department has under consideration a plan intended to minimize the "overhead" expenses and competition among six organizations that contemplate inaugurating in the near future six distinct campaigns for recreational funds for the soldiers who are fighting or preparing to fight the enemy abroad.

The organizations in question are the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the Knights of Columbus, the War Camp Community Service, the Jewish Welfare board and the American Library association.

These six organizations—each doing a worthy work—are co-ordinated under the commission on training camp activities. Their combined budget for next year amounts to $187,000,000, and each is contemplating a separate "drive," whereby to acquire its own pro rata of that total.

That would, of course, necessitate six distinct money-raising campaigns during the year, in addition to those of the Red Cross society, the federal Liberty Loan drives, etc.

Necessarily, therefore, each would have to maintain its own organization to manage its campaign, and consequently a considerable part of the money raised would be consumed in salaries, board expenditures and "overhead," and the amount actually reaching the objective for which it was intended would be correspondingly curtailed.

The plan now before the war department is for all of these six societies to pool their campaigns into one great "drive," each to share in the proceeds in the same proportion that its individual budget bears to the whole aggregate amount to be raised.

This would mean that instead of an almost continuous series of campaigns and "drives" during the year, for one cause or another in relation to the war, there would be only three of a national character—this recreational campaign, the Liberty Loan drive and the Red Cross campaign.

One well-founded objection commonly raised in connection with campaigns of this sort is that so much money that is contributed by the public is consumed before the stream reaches the soldiers; too much of it is eaten up in maintenance of boards and bureaus, salaries, rentals, etc.

The proposed plan would minimize such leakage and in all probability increase even the gross proceeds. It is one that should prove generally popular.

DECORATING OUR FIGHTERS.

Americans cannot but feel a sense of pride in the almost daily increasing number of our soldiers overseas who are being decorated by our war associate nations for acts of bravery or particularly meritorious service on the firing line, or otherwise in connection with the war.

Our constitution—clause 8 of section 9, of article 1—provides that—

> No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatsoever, from any king, prince or foreign state.

This would, of course, preclude any American army officers from receiving such decorations as have been conferred upon Generals Pershing, Bliss and March by Great Britain and upon various others of our officers by the allied nations, especially France, except for the "without the consent of the congress" clause.

Congress recently voted such consent; and its act in so doing is commendable and gratifying to the American people generally.

Great Britain was quick to avail itself of the privilege of honoring our fighting men, conferring the Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath upon General Pershing, and the Grand Cross of the Order of St. Michael and St. George upon General Bliss and upon General March. Each is now entitled to the prefix "Sir," and General Pershing to the appendage G. C. B. and Generals March, chief of staff, and Bliss to the letters G. C. M. G. following their names.

While each of these distinguished American generals is now legally authorized to use the title that goes with knighthood in England, it is not likely that it will be used, much less that it will be misused, by either. Each is a full-blooded, thoroughgoing American, and imbued with our traditional carelessness of things that smack of the so-called "nobility" and political aristocracy.

But nevertheless, the conferring of titles and decorations is the European way of expressing genuine appreciation of service and merit; and, knowing that all of the honors that have thus far been conferred upon our army commanders and our boys "over there" have come directly from the grateful heart of the government bestowing them, the heart of the American democracy is, in turn, duly appreciative and gratified. It makes us all feel just a little closer to our national collaborators in the big undertaking of making the world free, and just a little more akin, to have Europe express in Europe's way its feeling of gratitude and thankfulness.

WHY NOT HAVE IT OUT RIGHT NOW?

The perpetual agitation and embroilment of the public school situation in Atlanta has become almost unbearable.

It is sapping the vitality of our whole educational system, levying tribute upon every hearthstone in the city, and if it continues much longer the efficiency of the system—already impaired—will be crippled beyond repair.

Evidently, however, it is going to continue until the basic principles under which the Atlanta school system is to operate shall have been definitely fixed.

For years effort after effort has been made to modify our school system in such a way as to bring it closer to the people and to remove it completely from the pale of political machination and manipulation, but, lamentable as the fact is, no material advancement has been made to that end!

For years the Atlanta school system has been the storm center of two conflicting elements—one adhering to the theory of school government by council; the other advocating the theory of government directly by the people, independent of council and of politics.

The line of demarkation between the two elements has become clean-cut and distinct; and there never was a better nor a more opportune time to settle the question once for all than RIGHT NOW!

Now, while the unfortunate school ruction is at fever heat, while it is uppermost in the public mind, while the schools are in vacation, while the legislative campaign is on, let us find out precisely what the policy of Atlanta's school government henceforth is going to be. Whether it is going to be good, bad or indifferent, let it be established, and then everybody will settle down in contentment, at least of assurance as to what to expect, and adjust himself according to that basis, whatever it may be.

The most disorganizing and disrupting mental element in existence is uncertainty!

In this state the legislature is the final authority on all city affairs.

Under the unwritten law of the Georgia general assembly, all local matters are absolutely controlled by the local members of the legislature.

A primary is to be held here on September 11, when four nominees for the legislature—three for the lower house and one for the senate, from Fulton county—are to be chosen, the period during which candidates may enter expiring on August 11.

Why not now, therefore, have three candidates for the house and one for the senate come out flatfootedly and announce that if elected they will support the recommendations of the special councilmanic committee that investigated and reported upon the public schools management in Atlanta—which recommendations were turned down by council?

Then, let four other candidates come out—if they can be found—with the announcement that, if elected, they will support the action of council in disapproving the report of the special investigation committee?

The issue will then be clean-cut and direct. We would have two sets of candidates, standing firmly, openly and above-board upon either side of it, with no dodging, no equivocation, no evasion.

If the first set wins, it will mean simply that the public school system of Atlanta will be severed from council and political domination; and if the men who make the race upon that side will announce in advance that, if elected, they will see to it that the board of education henceforth will be elected direct by the people, then the issue will be clearly defined as to whether the city council or the people are to dominate the Atlanta public school system.

Here is a chance for A REAL, LIVE ISSUE; here is a chance to apply the remedy to an eating canker that has already done more than enough damage to the community; here is a chance for three prospective representatives and one prospective senator WITH COURAGE AND MORAL STAMINA enough to stand out in the light of day before the people and make a clean-breasted fight in an open field.

Here is a chance for four good men to make such a contest as was never before waged in Fulton county—and to win by the greatest popular majority ever polled for a legislative ticket in the county!

Who, of the candidates thus far announced, are willing to come out like men, face this issue, stand on a platform declaring for the salvation of the public schools of Atlanta according to the theory of popular control; and who of them are willing, also like men, to come out and declare their unwavering allegiance to the theory that it is best to keep the school department under councilmanic control?

One principle or the other is right. Which is it? The question must be decided sooner or later. Why not now!

In our opinion, the first hypothesis affords the rarest opportunity that ever awaited a set of legislative candidates in Georgia, and the reward of success at the polls was never more certain!

Fortunately, it would be a short fight.

Here is the issue—in which every voter is interested, one way or the other—here is the field, and the incentive certainly is all that a legislative aspirant could ask; here is a chance for all candidates to start on an equal footing and without handicap.

Now, let us have the thing settled for once and for all time at the ballot-box—the only democratic way of settling such public questions!

JUST FROM GEORGIA

By Frank L. Stanton

A Song on the Road.

I.

No time for to stop,
No time for to stay.
The road's to travel
At the breakin' o' the day,
The old world's rollin'
Like a dream away,
An' you just can't wait on
Tomorrow.

II.

No time for to rest
When the task is to do
An' the sunshine's makin'
Of the old world new;
For the sunshine's sayin'
That it's up to you,
An' you just can't wait on Tomorrow.

* * * * *

Nuggets by the Wayside.

Gold's in the ground for all who have learned the fine art of digging.

When Prosperity shakes hands don't think that the work's done and signal the picnic train.

Heaven won't seem strange to you if you'll just put your part of the world on speaking terms with it.

* * * * *

Take a Chance.

I.

Don't sing that song
'Bout "Gittin' over Ground"
If you're standin' still
When the world turns 'round.

II.

When the river is to cross
An' the ferryman's gone,
Swim right over
'Fore the storm comes on!

* * * * *

That Brought 'Em.

The Paris (Mo.) Appeal says of an evangelist who had vainly tried to stir up the congregation with pictures of a hot hereafter:

"The great congregation showed just about as much interest as if he had been turning a hand organ backwards. Finally, he got after the kaiser and recalled the old rascal's assertion that by Christmas he would take dinner in Paris. In the language of Billy Sunday, he'll be damned lucky to take dinner anywhere on that good day, the evangelist exclaimed. Then the audience broke into cheers and had a fine old time. When the meeting was over everybody shook hands and agreed that it was the greatest sermon of the series."

Course of New Bills In Georgia Legislature

Bills Introduced in House.

The following bills were introduced in the house:

By Mr. Barfield of Bibb and Mr. Ellis of Tift—To penalize those who solicit for the purpose of prostitution.

By Mr. Holder of Jackson and Clarke Delegation—To make president of the Alumni society of the state university ex-officio member of board of trustees.

By Mr. Arnold of Lumpkin—To repeal provision that three members of board of trustees of the North Georgia A. & M. college shall be citizens of the county of Lumpkin.

By Mr. Kimsey of Habersham—To amend act creating charter for town of Cornelia.

By Mr. Cook of Miller—To amend charter of city of Colquitt.

By Mr. White of Fulton and Mr. Ellis of Tift—To create a reformary for women above the age of 18 years.

By Mr. Ellis of Tift.—To appropriate $5,000 for a heating plant for the Second District A. & M. college.

By Mr. Hall of Bibb—To appropriate $8,000 for compiling state records for the year 1918.

By Mr. Bellah of Henry—To amend charter of city of McDonough.

By Mr. Smith of Fulton—Resolution to authorize the governor to employ counsel to represent the state in an effort to recover lands due the state from the Louisiana and Gadsden purchases.

By Mr. Grantland of Spalding—To amend the charter of the city of Griffin.

By Mr. Gilmore of Turner—To repeal the act creating the board of commissioners for Turner county.

Bills Passed by House.

The following bills were passed in the house:

By Senator Skelton, of the Thirty-first—To repeal the act creating a county board of roads and bridges and a board of finance for Hart county.

Bills Introduced in Senate.

The following bills were introduced in the senate Tuesday:

By Senator Munday—To increase the salary of the city judge of Polk county.

By Senator Beck—To repeal the alternative four days' road law and substitute in lieu thereof the alternative road law.

By Senator Munday—To provide for an examination of jurors and to determine their qualifications.

By Senator Munday—To provide for the right of the prisoner in all criminal trials to make to the court and jury such statement as he may deem proper in his own defense.

By Senator Redwine—To amend the charter of Griffin.

Bills Passed by Senate.

The following bills were passed by the senate:

By Senators Andrews and Heath—To amend the constitution so as to permit money raised from taxes to be used for highway improvement.

By Senator Brown—To repeal the Bynum act so as to give the government the right to secure certain lands in north Georgia for forest preservation work.

Court of Appeals of Georgia

Judgments Affirmed.

Blumenthal v. Cain; from Chatham superior court—Judge Meldrim, Osborne, Lawrence & Abrahams, for plaintiff in error. Adams & Adams, contra.

Farrow v. State Mutual Life Insurance company; from Floyd city court—Judge Nunnally. Brewster, Howell & Heyman, Mark Bolding, for plaintiff in error. Maddox & Doyal, Alex C. King, contra.

Anderson v. Bibb Manufacturing company; from Bibb superior court—Judge Mathews. Napier & Maynard, for plaintiff in error. Miller & Jones, contra.

Small v. American National bank; from Macon city court—Judge Mathews. W. D. McNeil, for plaintiff in error. Hardeman, Jones, Park & Johnston, Harry S. Strozier, contra.

Stallings v. DeBardeleben Coal company; from Colquitt superior court—Judge Thomas. Parker & Gibson, for plaintiff in error. Branch & Snow, Shipp & Kline, contra.

Fuller v. Georgia Railway and Power company; from Gordon superior court—Judge Pite. Lang & Lang, for plaintiff in error. Colquitt & Conyers, contra.

Stewart v. Fincher; from Butts superior court—Judge Searcy. C. L. Redman, for plaintiff in error. H. M. Fletcher, contra.

Jennings v. State; from Fulton superior court—Judge Hill. Tillou Von Nuses, for plaintiff in error. John A. Boykin, solicitor general; E. A. Stephens, contra.

Carson v. State; from Fulton superior court—Judge Hill. J. Mallory Hunt, for plaintiff in error. John A. Boykin, solicitor general; E. A. Stephens, contra.

Judgments Reversed.

Bonner v. Standard Oil company et al.; from Baldwin superior court—Judge Park. (Reversed as to Standard Oil company; affirmed as to City of Milledgeville). Allen & Pottle, for plaintiff in error. King & Spalding, Sibley & Sibley, Livington Konan, contra.

Mills v. Kenyon Printing and Manufacturing company; from Pike superior court—Judge Searcy. Redding & Lester, for plaintiff in error. J. M. Smith, contra.

Coursey, sheriff, for use, etc., v. Consolidated Naval Stores company; from Swainsboro city court—Judge Kirkland. Williams & Bradley, for plaintiff in error. Travis & Travis, J. Alex Smith & Son, F. H. Saffold, contra.

Reynolds et al. v. State; from Burke superior court—Judge H. C. Hammond. Brinson & Hatcher, for plaintiff in error. A. L. Franklin, solicitor general; John M. Graham, contra.

Dismissed.

Johnson v. Estate of Sam Farkas; from Worth superior court—Judge Eve. Passmore & Forehand, for plaintiff in error. Perry & Williamson, Leonard Farkas, contra.

Rehearing Denied.

Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Savannah v. Monroe; from Chatham.

Gulf Paving company v. City of Atlanta; from Fulton.

Corbin v. McCrary; from Taylor.

The Scope and Purpose of Capital Issues Committee Act Stated by Attorney Randolph

By HOLLINS N. RANDOLPH, Attorney Sixth (Atlanta) District.

Business men about to inaugurate new corporate enterprises or alter the financial fabric of existing ones are vitally interested in the requirements of the capital issues act passed by congress April 5 last.

The capital issues committee has its office in the National Metropolitan Bank building, Washington, D. C. Its personnel is Charles S. Hamlin, chairman; Frederick H. Goff, vice chairman; Stephen L. Selden, assistant executive secretary; H. W. Beebe, assistant executive secretary; Dudley Cates, secretary; Bradley W. Palmer, counsel; John Skelton Williams, Henry C. Flower, James B. Brown and John S. Drum. Mr. Frederic A. Delano was a member, but recently resigned, and no one as yet has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

Recently this committee appointed a district committee in each of the twelve federal reserve banking districts throughout the country. The personnel of the Atlanta, or sixth, federal reserve banking district is:

M. B. Wellborn, chairman; Joseph A. McCord, vice chairman; Joseph M. Slattery, secretary; W. H. Kettig, Birmingham; Roby Robinson, Atlanta; Hollins N. Randolph, attorney, Atlanta; J. K. Ottley, Atlanta; James E. Zunts, New Orleans; Otto Marx, Birmingham; Edward W. Lane, Jacksonville; James E. Caldwell, Nashville; W. H. Hassinger, Birmingham; F. E. Gunter, Jackson; A. M. Baldwin, Montgomery; Harry Hall, Mobile; W. F. McCauley, Savannah; L. M. Pool, New Orleans; T. R. Preston, Chattanooga, and T. C. Taliaferro, Tampa.

These district committees work directly under the federal reserve banks. The meetings of the district committees are held in the federal reserve bank of their district.

Scrutinizes All Issues.

Every new issue of securities, stocks or bonds, in excess of $100,000, must, before it is put upon the market for sale, be first submitted to the capital issues committee at Washington to determine whether the issue is "compatible with the national interest" in the present war emergency and crisis. If the securities were in the possession and control of the issuing authority on April 5 they are deemed to have been issued after that date.

The only exceptions are: Borrowings in ordinary course of business; (2) refunding operations; (3) resale of securities which have passed the committee; (4) governmentally operated railroad securities, and (5) bonds issued by the war finance corporation.

The committee entertains jurisdiction over and will pass upon new securities to be offered for sale by the various states, counties, cities and all subdivisions of states, and every such issue, whether of bonds or what not, should be submitted to the committee before being sold or offered for sale. To determine whether the proposed new issues about to be offered for sale are "compatible with the national interest," the committee avails itself of the advice of the departments or officers of the government acquainted with the particular subject being dealt with. If the new securities are to be issued in exchange for property, nevertheless the issue must be submitted to the committee. Issues to provide for a stock dividend must be submitted to the committee. There is no distinction between "public" issues and "private" issues.

Public and Private Issues the Same.

Whenever securities or shares of any kind are issued to obtain fresh capital the transaction comes within the province of the committee. The committee does not express any opinion upon the intrinsic merits of securities to be offered for sale. It examines into two questions only: Whether the issue is timely, giving due regard to the war financial operations of the government, and whether the objects for which the funds are to be raised are compatible with the national interest.

The committee has recommended that all state authorities, including counties, districts, commissions and municipalities, shall undertake only such road improvement work as is actually necessary, and to determine whether road work is actually necessary, some military necessity or unusual economic necessity, must be clearly shown.

The committee has recommended that certain classes of municipal improvements should wholly cease, such as the establishment of parks and betterments solely designed for purposes of appearance or architecture, and all others should be curtailed and postponed until after the war whenever possible, even in the case of public buildings, hospitals, street and road construction, waterworks extensions, sewerage and drainage improvements, sidewalks, etc.

The committee has recommended that the fact that no schoolhouses have been built in England since the war, except in munition centers, and even in such centers only temporary and inexpensive structures have been erected.

The fact that the expense is to be repaid wholly or in part by special assessments does not make any difference, or that ample local labor is available, because all the labor in the country is being needed by war industries of one sort or another.

In cases where a popular election has to be held to determine whether the proposed securities shall be issued, the committee's approval should be sought after and not before the election.

Issues Under $100,000.

With regard to issues under $100,000, the committee has recently requested the various district committees to postpone all such, and before any issues under $100,000 are put out for sale applications should be made to the local district committee, which, in the case of the sixth federal reserve district, would be the committee with headquarters at Atlanta, the personnel and address of which is named above. On all issues under $100,000 the action of the district committee is final, but on all issues above $100,000 the action of the district committee is only advisory to the committee at Washington, or the main committee, and on issues above $100,000 passed on by the local district committee, the action of such committee is purely executive and cannot, under the rules of the Washington committee, be disclosed, not even to the applicant. On applications under $100,000, however, the action of the district committee is final, and will, of course, be disclosed to the applicant.

In the main, the committee at Washington and the district committees are following the plan pursued in England, where, since the war, a similar committee has been at work. In England, however, they have no special law or act of parliament on the subject, while in the United States the work of the committee is based upon and is authorized by the act of congress approved April 5, 1918.

Applications respecting a proposed issue or offering of any securities should be executed in triplicate, on forms which will be furnished by the chairman or secretary of the local district committee who will give full detailed instructions. In the sixth, or Atlanta, federal reserve district, these forms will, upon request, be furnished by Mr. J. M. Slattery, secretary of the Atlanta committee, Atlanta.

The Daily Boil of The Political Pot

By JAMES A. HOLLOMON

Staff Representative of The Atlanta Constitution.

Governor Dorsey transmitted to the legislature yesterday his report as chairman of the Georgia Council of Defense, incorporating therein a report on the work of the woman's committee, which is particularly noteworthy, as it has been carried on almost entirely by private subscriptions, and independent of the small, indeed almost insignificant appropriation granted at the 1917 session of the general assembly.

In the present national crisis State Councils of Defense are clearing houses for all war activities in respective states.

They not only assist in the proper development of public opinion, but they are supposed to correlate all the war agencies in the respective states into systems for the efficient execution of rules and regulations of the various administrations, such as food, fuel, etc., and to meet every other demand upon them arising from local war exigencies and problems.

Further, they are supposed to develop new ideas and plans for the efficient prosecution of the necessary and imperative labors at home that must protect and provide for the home people; and with the same token protect the interests and provide for the maintenance and the comfort and the morale of American boys in camps and trenches.

These State Councils of Defense are as necessary in the states respectively of the American republic, in this day of war and war emergencies, as any of the various essential auxiliaries of the government; and more so, indeed, in so far as local applications and influences go.

It is unfortunate that Georgia has not been able to do more, but it is difficult to accomplish much on a pauperized appropriation to accomplish with. To this, however, I shall refer tomorrow.

I do want to say here, in all frankness, that with a total expenditure from the appropriation of less than $800 for the first six months of 1918 Governor Dorsey and his earnest and efficient co-worker, Mrs. Inman, chairman of the woman's committee, have accomplished the most remarkable results—potential results—with the foundation now laid for a great constructive working and co-ordinating Georgia organization, if this legislature will do its duty; and if the peopeople—the men of Georgia, particularly—those who cannot serve at the front, but who are equally as anxious to serve as soldiers of liberty at home, will do their part in earnest and zealous and even jealous co-operation.

* * * *

Governor's Report In Every Detail.

In the governor's report he declares that county councils, composed of five, four men and one woman, have been organized in most of the counties in the state.

Regrettably he relates, however, that in some counties of Georgia—liberty-loving, God-fearing, sacrificing Georgia—"it has been impossible to find those who will devote themselves to the work."

With Georgia boys from every county, from every militia district—indeed, from Tybee to Rabun and from river to river, this very hour defending the cause of democracy in the greatest battle of history; with Georgia boys dead and dying and wounded on the carnage fields of France, my neighbor's boy and your neighbor's boy; and to think there are counties in Georgia so indifferent to this work of stimulating and encouraging and in every other way helping these home war activities, as to be unable to furnish men and women willing to serve in local Councils of Defense—it is simply inconceivable.

Getting back to the governor's report—

Advisory committees have been appointed in each senatorial district. A Georgia representative to assist the federal explosive inspector has been appointed. A federal director of the war emergency employment service has been employed. A publicity manager has been employed and has done and is doing valuable service. A director of the boys' working reserve has been appointed. Negroes have been organized in many of the counties of the state. Patriotic speakers, including the four-minute men, have been furnished for the various bond and stamp campaigns. Tractor demonstrations for the purpose of conserving manpower have been held in various sections of the state, and the work of providing better farm equipment has been vigorously pushed.

Activity in increased food production has had particularly valuable results, as also the conservation of food. Assistance to the fuel and food administrations in the work of conservation, and in the campaigns of education has been of pronounced benefit. The breaking up of vagrancy and the promotion of a state compulsory law has had attention. A bureau of furloughs to co-ordinate the various tangles and intricacies of getting soldiers furloughed to their farms, in meritorious applications, has been one of the most important results. The promotion of the project for the establishment of a coaling station at St. Mary's, the development of the Cumberland island port, and the building of a canal from the Atlantic to the gulf, have resulted from this council.

All of these, and scores and scores of other matters of equal importance have been crowded into six months of activity, and six months of wise administration of Georgia's Council of Defense.

* * * *

Woman's Committee Deserving of Praise.

The governor declares that too much praise cannot be given to the woman's committee of the Council of National Defense. The work has been well done in Georgia. It is believed to be fully abreast of the best work done by the women of any of the sister states, notwithstanding the fact that they have had only $500 given them by the Georgia Council of Defense, and that sum only since July 1, the expenses of their work having been covered almost entirely by individual donations.

The most important work undertaken by the women under the national government was the child-saving campaign. The purpose of this campaign is to save the 3,500 children who annually die in Georgia from preventable diseases because of the lack of proper care. In several counties milk and ice bureaus have been established and free clinics held and provision made for free hospital aid. Communities have been canvassed; and, where families have been found affected with curable diseases, as was the case in several instances, they have been referred to public health agencies.

The woman's committee has interested itself in every Liberty loan drive that has been made, has co-operated in the war savings stamp campaign and has supported the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. work. Every work in which our government is interested and all enterprises looking to the welfare of our nation have received the wholehearted co-operation of this committee.

This committee needs more co-operation from the men of Georgia. Its work is distinctive—it is separate and apart from the other routine of the state council. It works in a channel that a woman's committee alone can work in. It accomplishes what women only can direct, but in this it needs, too, not only the strong arm of man's help, but it needs money.

* * * *

In tomorrow's issue I shall discuss what Georgia has done for the council; what other states are doing; and what Georgia should do.

HIGHWAY MEASURE PASSED BY SENATE

Measure Allowing Government to Continue Work of Forest Preservation in Georgia Gets Favorable Vote.

Tuesday morning's session of the state senate was featured by the passage of the Andrews-Heath highway bill and, a bill giving the United States government opportunity to continue unhampered in its forest preservation work. Both of these measures has been pending in the upper house for several weeks, having been tabled more than once. After their passage both were immediately transmitted to the house for concurrence.

The highway bill was a constitutional amendment and passed with a vote of 33 to 4, Senators Carswell, Ficklen, Moore and Stevens making up the opposition. The bill provides that the constitution be amended so as to allow the funds raised from taxation to be used for highway improvement work by the state. An amendment put on the bill by the committee provides that all roads constructed by this fund shall connect county sites.

Senator Heath first took the floor to champion the measure, stating that it was vitally necessary for the state to be given the right to use the tax money for highway work so as to secure her part of the money appropriated by the government to aid states in highway construction work.

Carswell Attacks Bill.

Senator Carswell then arose and attacked the bill, stating that it would add a million dollar demand to the already bankrupt tax fund. Continuing, he declared, "I am not opposed to good roads. I like them as well as anybody, but this is not the method to obtain them." He declared the present tax limit of five mills insufficient to meet the present needs of the state, much less for use on highway work. He favored a tax rate increase of one mill for good roads.

President Sam Olive said that Georgia was one of the three states whose constitution kept the state from improving highways and that this impediment should be removed.

Senator Redwine scored the speech of Senator Carswell, stating that "every time progressive legislation is contemplated you hear the cry that there is a better method to come later."

Senator Andrews pointed out that the money needed could be raised by allowing the state to use the $300,000 annual automobile tax for highway work and that by increasing these automobile taxes the total amount needed for the work could be raised without raising the advalorem tax above five mills.

Senators Bynum, Merry, Odum and Brown spoke in favor of the measure.

Bynum Act Repealed.

Senator Brown's bill repealing the Bynum act of last year was passed in effect through the substitute offered by Senator Moore. The bill permits the government to condemn and acquire all lands in north Georgia except agricultural land for the purpose of forest preservation prescribed by the Weeks act passed by congress. Senator Moore's substitute exempted 200 acres lying around a man's homestead from the provisions.

Senator Brown showed why this measure was necessary, stating that the government had refused to carry the preservation work any farther unless given the right provided in his bill. He stated that the government money for this purpose would soon be exhausted and steps had to be taken at once.

Senator Bynum then made a lengthy address opposing the bill, claiming its passage would be unjust to farmers and land owners.

Senator W. H. Hopkins arose to a question of personal privilege and replied to the charge of Dr. John W. Ham, of this city, relative to the senate fixing a tax of $200 on the sale of Bibles in the state.

Mr. Ham had attacked the tax as "pro-German, pro-Austrian and anti-evangelical" in his last Sunday sermon and declared the bill was a surprise to everybody except those who had planned to "put it over."

In his statement Senator Hopkins explained why the measure was passed. In part he said:

"As a member of this senate, and as a Georgian, I desire to say that if this body in the enactment of this statute had been prompted by the motives imputed to it by Mr. Ham, his criticism would have been just and the senate would have most justly deserved the condemnation of the people of the state.

"Instead, however, the purpose was exactly the opposite. Georgia has for a long time been infested with a class of sharks and robbers known as Bible peddlers. These Bibles are prepared especially for their business, which is largely confined to the negroes and the most ignorant whites.

"These are very large, and with elaborate gilt covers, the cheapest of paper and most elaborately illustrated with pictures of black angels, etc. These are sold at prices ranging from $10 to $40 and notes and mortgages taken in payment, which, if passable, are quickly discounted and the agent, almost invariably a stranger, disappears.

"The senators are nearly all members of some church, my information is—with Mr. Ham's denomination prevailing—whose purpose was to protect the Bible from being used by thieves as a means of robbing a weak and ignorant class of our citizenship instead of that of 'putting it over' as suggested by Mr. Ham."

Senator Andrews introduced his resolution asking the governor to appoint a committee of five to investigate the prerequisites in connection with the conferring of degrees by the educational institutions in Georgia.

In executive session the senate confirmed the appointments by the governor of E. J. Hart, of Schley, as judge, and J. H. Cheney, of Schley, as solicitor, both of the city court of Ellaville.

Headquarters For Fine Watches

In our watch department we afford you what is without doubt the best assortment of timekeepers in the south.

Watches have been specialized here for over thirty-one years. We have carefully tested the various models, and we are proud of the fact that we haven't a single watch that is not a popular model and a splendid value.

Write for our twenty-third annual watch and jewelry catalogue.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.

TRUE VALUES

Gold and Silversmiths

31 Whitehall St.

Established 1867

Robert M. Collier Joins Selling Staff Of Earl & Wilson

"BOB" COLLIER.

The above caption conveys a breezy piece of interesting news to the trade throughout Georgia and Florida. The joining of forces of a man of Mr. Collier's ability and experience with a house whose prestige is second to none in this country is a matter indeed worth chronicling in the columns of this page. "E. & W." shirts and "E. & W." collars, "Troy's best product," we dare say, will be even better known, since Mr. Collier has been engaged to represent it in this section. It is doubtful if any man who ever traveled this territory is better known, or better liked than "Bob" Collier, as he is affectionately known to the fellow members of his craft. He is an Atlantan and makes this city his home, as well as his business headquarters.

AUTO ASSOCIATION BRANCH ORGANIZED AT GRIFFIN MEETING

A party of prominent Atlantans Tuesday night attended the fifth annual meeting of the Spalding county and Griffin board of trade, which was held at the Griffin hotel. The party included H. G. Hastings, president of the Georgia Chamber of Commerce; Fred Houser, secretary of the Atlanta Convention Bureau, and Frank Reynolds, T. G. Wolford, George E. Watts, all of the Georgia State Automobile association, and others. At this meeting a branch of the Georgia Automobile association was perfected. Over 200 members of the organization were present, and after the meeting a big banquet was held at Cafe Oxford.

Husbands and Wives Rush to the Courts For Marital Relief

The prospect for a flourishing business in divorces at the fall term of the superior court was further assured by seven divorce suits that were filed Tuesday. According to these allegations two fond husbands have been deserted by their wives, one affectionate wife has suffered the same fate at the hands of her husband, and three kind wives and one husband have been cruelly treated.

Reese Lewis claims that he has been deserted by Lily Reese, and A. W. Scroggins wants a total divorce from Mrs. Tallie Scroggins on the ground of desertion.

Mrs. D. C. Moorehead asks the court for a total divorce from G. F. Moorehead on the grounds of desertion and for the custody of their child, Paul P. Moorehead. Mrs. Estelle Head asks for a divorce from L. D. Head, whom the petition states, is "temporarily located at Camp Forrest." She claims that he choked her and threatened her life on several occasions. She also asks for the custody of her son, Roy Head.

Claiming that her husband struck her when she "insisted that he stop living with Miss Dixie Collins, who lived at that time at No. 55 Harris street," Mrs. Mamie E. Barties filed divorce proceedings against Robert Barties. In the petition she sets out her husband made her work out and refused to get a doctor when she was sick.

Mrs. G. C. Woods, in her suit asks for the custody of their one child and a total divorce. She bases her suit on the grounds of cruel treatment.

J. R. Tyrrell claims that his wife, Mrs. Annie Tyrrell, went "to the drug store and attempted to buy some strychnine to poison him." He also alleges that she was out late at night, refused to look after the house, and secreted and hid men in his house."

YOUNG GIRL CHARGED WITH JEWELRY THEFT

A small platinum watch and a diamond ring, valued at $600, which were stolen from the residence of W. D. Harwell, of 629 Piedmont avenue, were recovered by Detectives Simmons and Howell Tuesday afternoon, when, they say, Jennie Dorothy, an 8-year-old negro girl, whose mother is a maid for Mrs. Harwell, confessed that she had stolen the jewels from the dresser, while the family was at dinner. The officers say that Jennie also stole $31.50 along with the other valuables, but spent some of the money, and lost the rest. According to the police, the girl will be placed in a reform school.

Second District Primary.

Albany, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—The second congressional district democratic executive committee met here this afternoon and ordered the congressional primary held on the 11th of September. J. W. Callahan, of Bainbridge, is chairman of the committee. Representative Frank Park has no opposition for re-election and no one is expected to announce against him.

Negro Kills Playmate.

Valdosta, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—Gordon Franklin, a 10-year-old negro boy, was lodged in jail here today charged with the murder of Johnny Green, a negro boy of about the same age. Green was shot through the body with a load from a double-barrel shotgun. Conflicting stories were told to the coroner's jury. The Franklin boy will be held until the next term of superior court.

RAPID PROGRESS MADE ON PAVING PROJECTS

City Construction Department Taking Advantage of Good Weather to Rush Jobs.

With the labor situation less acute than earlier in the summer and with ideal weather conditions prevailing, the city construction department is making rapid progress on a number of paving projects.

Henry L. Collier, chief of construction, announced Tuesday that his department will complete before the end of the week the laying of concrete pavement at the South Pryor street underpass. The county will take up the work at this point and extend it. This is on one of the direct routes to the southeastern fair grounds.

When the South Pryor job has been finished the men and equipment will be transferred to Bedford place, between Angier and Forrest avenues, thence to West Ontario avenue when this is done.

Construction is progressing satisfactorily on Stewart avenue between Whitehall street and the Southern railroad bridge. Bricks are being laid between the tracks, while from the tracks to the curbs concrete with an asphalt dressing is being used.

The department is laying bituminous macadam on Oak street, East Eleventh street and Ella street.

Work is going ahead on the Peachtree street project, the Georgia Railway and Power company putting down concrete from curb to curb. The city will follow with granite blocks between the tracks and with asphalt capping on the concrete.

Mr. Collier stated that on the portion which has been finished the public has evidenced too much impatience to begin using. In order that heavy traffic may not disintegrate the foundation he said that it must go through a period of several days' seasoning, then after the asphalt is laid it should remain untraveled for two weeks.

Fish Demonstration At Whitehall Store Draws Great Crowd

Under the direction of the United States bureau of fisheries, a series of demonstrations to show the value of fish foods will be conducted daily by Miss Annie Blizzard, in the basement of the Chemberlin-Johnson-DuBose store on Whitehall street. Allen Bell, assistant in the United States bureau of fisheries at Washington, is in the city and is arranging to have similar demonstrations at other department stores.

The object of the demonstration is to urge a greater consumption by the public of canned herring, canned herring roe and the buck roe of the same fish. As a part of the food conservation plan, the government has requested the extensive use of sea food, especially is it urging the purchase and use of the canned fish in case lots. Considerable quantities are now marketed and the amount will increase with the demand. The demonstrations, it is hoped, will also create a larger demand for the roe.

The roe of sturgeon, shad and spoonbill cat is the most highly prized part of the fish. The buck roe or milt roe is an equally palatable and delicate fish food and lends itself to preparation in all the ways in which sweet breads and brains are served. Large quantities of these goods have been up to the present year wasted annually.

Large crowds attended the demonstrations Tuesday and the public is permitted to sample the foods to find out how palatable the fish is.

The work of canning at the canneries is done under government supervision.

Showers in Atlanta Are Probable Today, Says the Forecaster

There will probably be showers in Atlanta and vicinity today, according to the report from the United States weather bureau. Occasional thundershowers Wednesday and probably Thursday is the Georgia forecast.

More or less cloudy, threatening weather continues to prevail over the entire country east of the Mississippi river with showers at numerous places which were heaviest in the Ohio valley. Pittsburg reported 1.24 inches, Louisville 2.06 and Nashville 1.12 inches. Considerable rainfall was also reported on the Atlantic coast from Jacksonville, Fla., to Washington, D. C. A little rain has also fallen in Texas and Arkansas.

A moderate area of low pressure seems to be forming in the gulf with the lowest pressure slightly below 29.9 inches near the mouth of the Mississippi river. On the other hand, the pressure is high over the upper lakes with comparatively cool weather in the north. Chicago Tuesday morning reported 50 degrees and most other lake stations were below 60 degrees. Elsewhere there has not been much change in temperature.

Conditions still continue favorable for local showers in Georgia and at Atlanta and vicinity.

"Better Live Stock Day" Will Attract Farmers to Wayne County August 6

Waycross, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—"Better Live Stock Day" is the very appropriate title given to a unique celebration to be held in Wayne county on August 6 in connection with the award of a full-blood Hereford bull from the farm of P. S. Cummings & Sons, of Decatur county, to the two schools which tied for first place in the tick eradication essay writing contest conducted there last spring by the Georgia Land Owners' association.

Hon. J. J. Brown, commissioner of agriculture; Dr. W. M. MacKellar, inspector in charge of bureau of animal industry, Atlanta, and Dr. M. P. Jarnigan, animal husbandryman of the state college, will be the chief speakers on a most interesting program, interspersed with music by the schools and talks by the local people.

Wayne county is already building vats at the rate of about two each week as to be free of the cattle tick by the end of 1919, and the purpose of the big live stock celebration at this time is to start a vigorous educational campaign among the farmers along the line of better breeding of stock, which can be introduced as soon as the tick is gone.

Negro Is Shot.

Tifton, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—Charlie Rowland, a young white man, is in jail here charged with shooting Ed Cullens, a negro, who is in the hospital in a serious condition. Rowland was drinking and has refused to make a statement. The negro says the shooting was without provocation.

KENNEDY ISSUES RULING

Movie Lights and Ad Signs Barred "Lightless Nights."

Declaring that the order of the federal fuel administrator would be strictly enforced in Atlanta, Henry Kennedy, local fuel administrator, Tuesday afternoon made a ruling upon the question of what lights shall be allowed to burn and those that will not be allowed, so that there will be no chance for anyone to further misapprehend.

In brief, Mr. Kennedy declares that only those lights that are necessary for the safe passage of public traffic will be allowed and that anything in the line of advertising, display or luxury shall be taboo during the lightless nights.

Under a misapprehension Monday night a number of picture shows and other establishments allowed lights to burn for signs and other display purposes. These infractions of the rules as laid down by the administrator caused the local fuel chief Tuesday to make the above ruling, in which he plainly construes the meaning of the lightless night order.

"The order," said Mr. Kennedy, "contemplates every form of display and advertising lights, as well as unnecessary lights in public places. The street lights shall be only sufficient for safety and the lights in picture shows and other places of amusement shall be only sufficient for aiding the public to pass in and out with convenience and safety. There will be no lighting in show windows, no electric signs or other advertising lights."

Those who wish to see the artistic displays that are shown in the Atlanta show windows will have to take advantage of the daylight, for there will be no illumination for the windows after the sun goes down. Last night along Whitehall and Peachtre, which streets are usually ablaze with light, there was a darkness, reminiscent of the days when Atlanta was Marthasville.

Wiley Returns to Fort.

W. Wiley, of the Y. M. C. A. at Fort McPherson, has returned from a 10 days' leave. The secretary was at work in the hut again on Tuesday morning. Mr. Wiley is a most popular and a most efficient worker.

INCREASE IS COMING IN THE PRICE OF SUGAR

One Cent a Pound to Be Added to the Cost to the Consumer.

New York, July 30.—An increase in the consumer of one cent a pound in the price of sugar is indicated in a statement issued here today by George M. Rolph, chairman of the international sugar committee, after a conference with representatives of the Cuban government. Such authorities of the Cuban and United States governments will meet in Washington next week to decide on the 1919 price.

Mr. Rolph made public a brief prepared by the Cuban government setting forth conditions tending to increase the cost of production of the 1919 crop. He said that the international sugar committee recognized the need of meeting this higher cost, which the Cuban conferees declared would exceed one-half a cent a pound.

Refinery prices to wholesalers for granulated sugar are now 7½ cents a pound. The wholesaler charges the retailer 8½ cents a pound and the consumer pays 10 cents, in accordance with the rule of the federal food administration.

It was shown by the Cuban mission that the investment for sugar production in Cuba is on a scale of 4,000,000 tons with a capital value of $1,000,000,000. Aside from the higher cost of labor, the brief stated, all materials and supplies that enter into the growth of cane and the manufacture of sugar have greatly increased. Coal is $20 a ton against $5.50 paid before the war; bags are 65 cents each, against 15 cents each, and ocean freight rates are quadrupled.

"Cuba's present production cannot be maintained—nor could it be considered," says the brief, "on the basis of 4.60 cents, the present price. Many farmers are asking for a six-cent rate. We offer as our conclusion the price which we feel we must have to meet the requirements of the owners and operators of the plantation sugar houses and estates—that of 5.60 f. o. b. north ports of Cuba and 5.55 f. o. b. south ports."

It was explained that the conference would be held next week in Washington because "of the divergence of views of the members of the Cuban commission and the members of the international sugar committee as to the price."

IN OUR COMPLETE LINE

of Auto Goggles the motorist will find eye-protection against all unfavorable conditions of road and atmosphere. John L. Moore & Sons, the Opticians, Grant Bldg., 43 N. Broad St. —(adv.)

How Old Are You Today?

Any better off than you were a year ago—ten years ago?

Thought you would have money in the Bank now—didn't you? Simply didn't make the start.

Stop wavering, stop plodding, stop slipping back—decide today to start a

SAVINGS ACCOUNT

It's the easiest and quickest way to the desirable things of this life.

4 PER CENT INTEREST PAID

Georgia Savings Bank & Trust Co.

Organized 1899

(Advertisement.)

"TIME TO RESIGN"

A Pertinent Suggestion to Congressman William Schley Howard.

From The Americus Times-Recorder

"With the world seething in a war cauldron, Mr. William Schley Howard runs for the senate all over Georgia while continuing to draw his salary as a member of congress, and, according to The Atlanta Journal, 'sleeps like a boy at night.'

"But read what The Atlanta Journal says of Mr. Howard's enduring qualities:

> "'Mr. Howard is making an average of about three speeches a day, about half of them in the open air, but in spite of the strain is standing up remarkably well. He drives his own car, eats with a robust appetite, shakes hands every day with scores of men, discusses the issues of the campaign everywhere he stops, sleeps like a boy at night, and is enjoying himself with perfectly youthful enthusiasm.'

"There may be good reasons for all of this. Possibly one of them, if not the foremost, is that while engaged in his own personal business—that of running for political office—Mr. Howard is still drawing his pay check of some $625 per month, or $7,500 a year, from the government, while his colleagues in Washington are busy with weighty government problems.

"A comfortable income like this, without the necessity of rendering service, may be well calculated to make a man 'sleep like a boy at night,' and enjoy 'himself with perfectly youthful enthusiasm.'

"Mr. Howard's secretary, paid by the government at the rate of $166 per month, or $2,000 a year, we understand, is at present engaged in his Atlanta headquarters in handling his political correspondence.

"Assistance of this sort, paid for by the public, is perhaps well calculated to make the average man 'sleep like a boy at night,' and enjoy himself 'with perfectly youthful enthusiasm.'

"Then, there are his headquarters expenses, his trips around the state and other more or less extensive bills which, we are told, are settled by his good friend, J. R. Smith, a well-known contractor of Atlanta.

"If the rest of us had somebody to come across and meet the big expenses in these days of the high cost of living, wouldn't we also 'sleep like a boy at night,' and enjoy ourselves 'with perfectly youthful enthusiasm?'

"But, on the other hand, what about the big war problems that confront us—problems that Mr. Howard was employed by the people of Georgia to assist in solving, and to which practically every congressman is devoting his best energy and effort?

"Today, the very fabric of the nation is at stake, and while other congressmen struggle for its safety, Congressman Howard is 'sleeping like a boy at night,' and 'enjoying himself with perfectly youthful enthusiasm.'

"How his colleagues must envy him that boy sleep and that youthful enthusiasm—also, his salary regularity—as they struggle for the winning of the war!

"How about the president? With the world on fire and his every ounce of energy given to the success of the war for Democracy and Liberty, can it be said that he 'sleeps like a boy at night,' and enjoys himself 'with perfectly youthful enthusiasm?' We question it.

"And how about our boys in the trenches in France? Their fathers and mothers, brothers and sisters? Are they sleeping 'like a boy at night?'

"Finally, what a contrast he makes to W. J. Harris, with one brother already in France, another on the way and still a third ready to go! We might hazard the suggestion that here is a situation that is concerning him even more than the September primary—a situation in the midst of which he can scarcely be said to be enjoying himself 'with perfectly youthful enthusiasm.'

"Mr. Harris tendered his resignation before entering the race for United States senator. He is no longer in public office.

"Wouldn't it be well—in fact, the proper thing—for Mr. Howard also to hand in his resignation?

"Wouldn't it be the right thing for him to cease drawing $625 a month, while he is working for himself and not for those who are paying him?

"Wouldn't it be better, if he would cease to use government paid help in furthering his own political ends?

"Finally, isn't it about time for Mr. Howard to tender his resignation, and let Georgia replace him with some one who will attend to business?

"If Mr. Howard would do this, wouldn't his consciousness of having done his duty, better enable him to 'sleep like a boy at night,' and 'enjoy himself with perfectly youthful enthusiasm?'

"The suggestion, we think, is well worth Mr. Howard's boy-like, youthful and even enthusiastic consideration."

CAMP GORDON BUREAU.
Camp Gordon News Bureau of The Constitution, in charge of Mr. Loyd A. Wilhoit, is in the "Y" administration building. Soldiers are welcome.

THE CONSTITUTION'S NEWS FROM

Gordon and the other Camps

CONSTITUTION ON SALE.
The Atlanta Constitution can be bought every day from news agents of the paper at work in all parts of Camp Gordon.

New Men From Iowa Will Make Splendid Soldiers at Gordon

Contingent of 6,000 Iowans Fine Physical Men—Represent the Farming Class. Evidence Much Enthusiasm for Military Work and Soldier Activities.

The 6,000 selectmen that the state of Iowa has just contributed to the soldier personnel of Camp Gordon are going to make fighting men of the finest kind for Uncle Sam, and are going to rival all other state delegations for general excellence and quickness in training.

This fact has been vouched for by L. C. Smith, pastor of the Eastern Place Methodist church at Des Moines, Iowa, who accompanied one of the troop trains from Iowa to Gordon, and who is personally acquainted with a large number of the Iowa delegates to the Georgia camp.

The men whom Dr. Smith accompanied as troop train service worker entrained at Des Moines at 7:30 o'clock one morning last week. Leaving Des Moines they arrived at Le Mars, Iowa, about one hour later and took on a delegation of troops from that city, bringing the total of men on the train to exactly 581.

The journey to Camp Gordon consumed exactly 52 hours, during which time not one of the men took off more than his shoes to sleep. The cars were day coaches, not Pullmans, and were not equipped with extra comforts.

Despite these drawbacks to personal comfort, however, the entire train was in the finest of spirits, and the journey across the United States was marked by continuous singing, yelling and general good fellowship.

Not one event occurred to mar the peace of the journey, and the men stuck to their job. They were royally entertained by Red Cross workers all along the route and they lost no opportunity to display their general good will toward the entire world at large.

The new men have been assigned all over the replacement units, and men all over the camp, after having known them only a short time, have exclaimed in unison: "Look out for that bunch of natural-born fighting soldiers."

In respect to "pep" and spirit the Iowa men bid fair to surpass all others who have been at Gordon. They are mostly farmers, except for the contingents from the large cities, in which only a small per cent of foreigners are included.

Altogether they are a valuable addition to Gordon's personnel and they are slated to make themselves known to the camp and Atlanta in a very short time.

WAS A BLESSING IN THEIR HOME

Well-Known Atlanta Couple Glad to Publicly Indorse Remedy That Benefited Both.

Thousands of people are needlessly suffering from disorders of the blood, stomach, liver and kidneys. Relief is near at hand and is in the reach of every one. Many have found quick deliverance from their suffering by the use of Plant Juice, the new herbal system tonic, which is composed of a combination of nature's remedies, roots, herbs, barks and berries that are essential of health. That is why it regenerates the blood supply, overcomes rheumatism, eliminates catarrh and puts the stomach in condition to digest the food properly.

MRS. WILLIAM HIGHT.

That this is proven conclusively it is only necessary to listen to the statements made daily by local people who have given Plant Juice a fair trial.

The other day Mrs. William Hight, of No. 798 Virginia avenue, who has a wide acquaintance in this city, called at the headquarters of the Plant Juice Man, at Jacobs' Pharmacy, and told of the wonderful relief which her husband and herself had experienced through the use of Plant Juice. She says:

"For a long time both my husband and myself has been great sufferers from stomach trouble. We had no appetite and suffered great pain from indigestion; I became so nervous I could not sleep at night; I got so weak that I could hardly get around to do my housework and got awfully discouraged. We had heard so much about Plant Juice that we concluded we would try it. We are now able to eat any kind of food, sleep well and have not an ache or a pain. Plant Juice has been a blessing in our home and we are glad to give this public indorsement for it. Anyone can verify this by calling at the above address."

The Plant Juice Man is at Jacobs' Pharmacy, No. 6-8 Marietta Street, where he is daily meeting the local public and introducing and explaining the merits of this remedy. Free samples given.—(adv.)

ONE GEORGIA SOLDIER IN THE CASUALTY LIST

Croston Pierson, of Millhaven, Dead—17 Men Reported Killed in Action.

Washington, July 30.—The army casualty list today shows:

Killed in action, 17; died of wounds, 11; died of disease, 15; died of accident and other causes, 3; wounded severely, 95; wounded slightly, 1; missing, 3. Total, 145.

The list includes the following from southern states:

Killed in Action—Lieutenant George W. Berriman, Tampa, Fla.

Died From Wounds—Private Frank Deaton, Clarendon, Ark.

Died of Disease—Privates Armstead L. Davis, [illegible] Green, Va.; James Eppes, Eu[illegible] Fla.; Croston Pierson, Millhaven, Ga.; Emmett L. Simmons, 3802 Elmore street, Tampa, Fla.

Died From Accident and Other Causes—Private Curney Page, Wilson, N. C.

Wounded Severely—Major Goodwin Compton, Memphis; Captain Robert K. Whitson, Union City, Tenn.; Corporal Ray Carroll, South Pittsburg, Tenn.; Privates Harry M. Duplantic, Montegut, La.; Harry M. Joyner, Concord, North Carolina.

The Marine Corps List.

The marine corps casualties announced today were:

Killed in action, 6; died of wounds, 4; wounded severely, 4. Total 14.

About the Reservation

Wednesday night will be "religious evening" at a number of service units at Camp Gordon, and the usual speakers from the camp and city have been secured. Large attendance is expected at the services.

Feature programs on Wednesday night's bills are concerts by Mrs. C. North and party at the base hospital "Y" unit, and G. B. Adair and party at the Knights of Columbus. Movies are on the bill at other units.

Captain William H. Long, Jr., who for some time past has been in charge of military police operations in Atlanta, has been appointed head of the Gordon M. P.'s to succeed Captain Charles G. Turpie, who has been ordered to Camp Perry for a small arms firing course. Captain Turpie is expected to resume his old duties at Gordon at the completion of his course.

The appointment of Lieutenant M. F. D'Eliscu, former track and wrestling champion of Columbia university, to the position of athletic officer of the Eleventh Training battalion of the Depot brigade, was announced yesterday. Lieutenant D'Eliscu intends to establish a full program of boxing, baseball and regular physical exercise in the organization of Major Stewart.

Major Everett N. Bowman, adjutant of the replacement camp at Gordon, has decided to establish a news bureau for correspondents of the various newspapers at Camp Gordon. In this way he will secure some valuable publicity for both the replacement camp and the activities among the men.

4TH REGIMENT LEADS IN AMERICAN LEAGUE

Colonel Dillingham's Indians Defeat Fifth Regiment and Take First Place.

Before the largest and most enthusiastic crowd that ever saw a ball game at Camp Gordon, the Fourth regiment beat the Fifth regiment Monday by the score of 4 to 2. Aided and abetted by three thousand lusty-lunged lads in the O. D. of Uncle Sam, and inspired by the strains of the Second brigade band, Colonel Dillingham's Redskins, with a whoop and a roar, went "over the top" and landed quite comfortably in first place in the American league.

It was a gala day, and the stage was all set for a triumph. The strong Fifth regiment had been so long in first place that they had become obsessed with the idea that it really belonged to them. But gradually the colonel's pets had been creeping up on the leaders, till at last but a game remained to settle the supremacy. And it was settled yesterday that nothing can stop the leaders but a Kansas cyclone.

Colonel Dillingham, together with Colonel Cochran and Majors Bowman and Polhemus, were present to be an inspiration to the Red Men. Many of the elite of the city, in their limousines, joined the soldiers to make up the crowd of six thousand rooters.

It would be well to remark the presence of another outstanding feature of the day—the rooters of the Fourth regiment. Camp Gordon is the host of many new men who have arrived lately from the north. Their rooting was a revelation to the players of the Fifth regiment. These new men are from Iowa, and they complained that they were not in good trim to root because of the long train ride. They promise to do better this coming Saturday afternoon, when the Fouth regiment team travels to the Ponce de Leon park to meet the strong Camp Jessup nine.

If Monday was a poor specimen of their rooting, no one would care to meet them when they are "good." They are no companions for a man afflicted with heart-trouble. The trenches would be sanitariums by comparison.

The game was well played, each team scoring in the second inning, and it remained a tie until the fifth, when the Indians surged ahead with a lead of two runs. By superior team work and all-around play the Indians easily held this lead, although things did look a trifle dark in the last inning, when the Fifth managed to get two men on bases. But it is in such crisis as this that Coss always displays his best wares. Cool as the proverbial cucumber, he sent one over the pan. The misguided batter swung at it, hitting into a lightning double-play—Achinger to Duncanson—and they buried the runners that day in Valhalla. The rapidity of this double play reminded the old-timers of the days of "Tinker-to-Evers-to-Chance."

The rooters went home happy because of the final score, and chuckling to themselves that they saw a big league game without the payment of a war tax.

The box score is as follows:

4TH REGIMENT—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Higgins, ss.	2	1	1	0	0	0
Allen, cf.	2	0	0	1	0	2
Nakel, cf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Duncanson, 2b.	3	0	1	1	2	0
Achinger, 3b.	3	0	1	1	2	0
Maloney, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	1
Chapin, c.	3	1	0	8	0	0
Werkmeister, 1b.	3	1	1	7	0	1
Coss, p.	3	1	0	0	7	0
Vaux, rf.	3	0	1	1	0	0
Total	27	4	5	21	11	4

5TH REGIMENT—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Dague, ss.	4	0	1	0	1	1
Evans, 3b.	4	0	1	0	1	0
Stitz, cf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Kingman, 1b.	3	0	0	8	1	0
Reed, 2b.	3	1	0	2	4	1
Appino, lf.	3	1	1	0	0	0
Seary, rf.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Winecamp, c.	3	0	1	7	1	0
Lyons, p.	2	0	0	0	10	0
xMurphy	1	0	0	0	0	0

xBatted for Lyons in seventh.

Total	29	2	5	21	18	2
Score by innings:									R.
Fourth Regiment	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	4
Fifth Regiment	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Summary—Double play, Achinger to Duncanson; innings pitched, by Coss 7, by Lyons 7; struck out, by Coss 6, by Lyons 6; bases on balls, off Lyons 2; two-base hit, Appino; three-base hits, Werkmeister, Winecamp; stolen bases, Higgins, Vaux (2), Evans.

MORELAND E. MADDOX LEAVES FOR SERVICE

Moreland E. Maddox, 18 years of age, son of C. D. Maddox, well-known Atlanta lawyer, of 78 North Moreland avenue, leaves Monday for Charleston to enter the naval reserve, for which service he volunteered recently. He was a Boys' High school student last year. He will be accompanied to Charleston by Willis Dennis, a cousin, who enlisted with him.

FRIENDS IN TOPEKA MEET AGAIN AT POST

It was a pleasant surprise Tuesday to Lieutenant C. J. Cahill, the registrar at Fort McPherson, to learn of the assignment of Captain R. Stewart to the fort for duty in the base hospital. The lieutenant and the captain were both practicing physicians in Topeka, Kan., their home town, and have been friends for years.

HIDDEN DECAY IN TEETH CAUSES HEART TROUBLE

If Your Teeth Have Not Been Examined by a Dentist for a Year or More, You Had Better Accept the Atlanta Dental Parlors' Offer of a Free Examination.

Speaking of the importance of keeping the teeth in good condition, a prominent Atlanta physician says that "a decayed tooth may cause no pain, and you may not see the decayed spot, but it may open the way for infection to enter the joints or lodge on the heart valves and cause serious trouble." Everyone's teeth should be examined by a competent dentist occasionally. If yours have not been examined lately, call at the Atlanta Dental Parlors and one of the operators will make a free examination and tell you plainly just what condition your teeth are in. Call any time. Sunday office hours, 9 to 1. Dr. C. A. Constantine, proprietor and in charge. Corner Peachtree and Decatur streets. (Entrance, 19½ Peachtree). The Atlanta Dental Parlors have been in business fifteen years and is one of the best known dental institutions in the south.—(adv.)

Elaborate System for Baseball Promotion Adopted at Gordon

Colonel Dillingham Plans to Reach Every Man in Camp—Camp Will Make Splendid Show of Spirit at Both Games Saturday.

A system for the promotion of baseball among the various organizations at Camp Gordon that will enable every man who wishes to participate a chance to play and will make every man in khaki at the big camp an ardent fan and supporter of the national game is now being instituted by Colonel Dillingham, commander of the Fourth Replacement regiment, whose Indian team has already made itself and its organization famous in local baseball circles.

Colonel Dillingham has already taken steps in his own regiment to make the camp league games affairs of real interest to every man represented by the opposing teams, and he will extend this work throughout the camp in the near future.

The Fourth Replacement now has an organized rooting section of 600 soldiers, and the other regiments will soon have equally large cheering squads. The bands and bugle corps are now available for the games, and some real rooting is slated for all the camp games in the future.

In short, Colonel Dillingham's plan is to make of every man who does not actually play on the unit teams a howling baseball fan and an influence in the triumphs or failures of his individual team. That this scheme will work to perfection is evidenced by the fact that the camp's highest officials are heartily in favor of it and have placed all means at the command of Colonel Dillingham to this end.

The first real show of Gordon spirit engendered by the work of the commander of the Fourth will be evidenced at Ponce de Leon Park Saturday afternoon at the big double-header slated for that time.

Six hundred rooters equipped with every kind of noise-making contrivance imaginable will be present from the Fourth to cheer the Indian team on to victory over Camp Jessup. They will go to the park in 20 of Uncle Sam's big trucks headed by their officers. Practically the entire regiment is expected to be present and struggle for rooting supremacy with the famous Jessup noise-makers.

At the game between Gordon and Fort McPherson, which follows, the former is slated to have a much larger attendance present than ever before and to make a fine showing in respect to camp spirit and enthusiasm.

RED-LIGHT WOMEN OF NEW ORLEANS TO BE PUT ON FARM

New Orleans, La., July 30.—Plans for caring for the hundreds of women driven from the New Orleans restricted district when it was closed by government orders as announced tonight by the American Protective league provide for placing the women on a 600-acre plantation, teaching them housekeeping, sewing, scientific agriculture, automobile driving and mechanics or whatever they are best fitted for. Farm life, it was stated, would "remove them from the influence of their old associates and temptations and substitute therefor pure country air, clean thoughts and fresh hopes."

The plantation already has been purchased and a dormitory now under construction will be ready shortly, it was announced. All lessons will be given at the farm and the women will not be allowed to leave there until they become proficient in some useful work. Then they will be given positions in places where they are not known.

It was explained that jail sentences and fines did not have the desired effect and hundreds of the former residents of the district, said to have been the largest in the United States, had scattered to other parts of the city and were a serious menace to the welfare of the community as well as soldiers and sailors in training here.

The local division of the American Protective league is composed of prominent business and professional men.

U. S. LOANS TO ALLIES TOTAL $6,492,040,000

Washington, July 30.—In announcing today that credits to allied governments by the United States now have reached $6,492,040,000, treasury officials explained that secrecy would be maintained concerning the disposition of this money as a means of withholding information which might be valuable to the enemy. Reports that the treasury was considering making public the allied purchases in this country, most of which are financed by the United States government, were denied.

The inter-allied council of finance and purchases, of which Oscar T. Crosby, assistant secretary of the treasury, is president, now forwards periodically to the treasury from London or Paris itemized estimates of the foodstuffs, war materials or other supplies needed for future months. These estimates are carefully inspected by American officials as the basis on which new credits or loans are made from time to time. The reports also are used to determine priority of shipment of the commodities to the various allies.

The allies now are getting about $10,000,000 a day from the United States. The treasury today advanced $100,000,000 to France, $9,000,000 to Belgium, and $3,000,000 to Serbia.

Erect Grain Elevator.

Valdosta, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—Work was started today on the grain elevator of the Valdosta Milling and Elevator company, which will later put in a large feed milling plant. The company will do a general milling business and manufacture stock feeds. Marion Curry, formerly a prominent wholesale merchant, heads the company.

Offers for Re-Election.

Lyerly, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—Representative T. J. Worsham, of Holland, Ga., this county, makes formal announcement of his candidacy for re-election to the lower house of the general assembly of Georgia. Mr. Worsham has served two terms as representative from Chattooga.

DAILY LETTER FROM HOME.
Let The Constitution be a daily leter from home to your soldier relatives and friends in France.

Nothing could give them more pleasure—save your own personal letter—than to have the daily news from home.

The Daily and Sunday Constitution will be sent postage prepaid for 90 cents a month, $2.70 for three months, or $5.25 for six months. This includes the zone postage cost, which is 25 cents per month over the regular subscription rates.

Send your subscription and remittance to The Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

SIX ARE SENTENCED BY WHEELER COURT

Sent to Fort Leavenworth for Desertion and Absence Without Leave.

Macon, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—Dewey Gibbs, charged with deserting from Camp Harris in 1917, today received life sentence from a military court-martial at Camp Wheeler, but the sentence was reduced to 25 years at hard labor by the reviewing officer. He was located at Ashburn, Turner county, last month.

Private Ed K. George, formerly of Company B, Second Alabama infantry, now Company B, 106th Supply train, was sentenced to nine months for remaining absent without leave from August, 1917, until April, 1918.

Private John F. Whited, Company F, 121st infantry, who surrendered at Fort Payne, Ala., last month, had a 15-year sentence reduced to five years.

Private Willie G. Ford, member of the same company, surrendered at Tuscumbia, Ala., last month, and his ten-year sentence today was reduced to five years.

Private Robert T. Lee, Company I, 121st infantry, who was arrested in Cullman county, Alabama, on a charge of deserting, was sentenced to hard labor for twenty years, reviewing officers approving the sentence.

Private Homer New, Company M, 122d infantry, arrested in Atlanta June 11, was sentenced to ten years for being absent without leave, but the sentence was reduced to two years.

All men convicted will be sent to Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

ARMY CAPTAIN'S WIFE ACCUSED OF SEDITION

Greenville, S. C., July 30.—Mrs. Elsie V. Sires, wife of Captain Edward B. Sires, of the 306th Sanitary train, 81st division, formerly stationed at Camp Sevier, must face trial in federal court at Greenville at its August term on the charge of violation of the espionage act. Mrs. Sires, who was born and reared in Germany, and married Captain Sires while he was a sergeant in the American army stationed in the Philippines, was given a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner Blythe today. She was bound over to the district court for trial and released on $1,000 bond, which she furnished in cash.

Witnesses testified that they had heard Mrs. Sires say that it was not true that the Germans cut off the hands of children and that they outraged women; that the Germans had a right to sink the Lusitania; that the accounts of the German atrocities are lies, and the defendant is also accused of making other declarations of a similar nature.

FRANCE IS REQUESTED TO REVISE WAR AIMS

Paris, July 30.—A resolution demanding that the French government revise its war aims, denounce imperialistic tendencies and set forth clearly its peace terms on a basis defined by President Wilson, has been adopted by the French socialist party. It was presented before the national council of the party by a minority section headed by Jean Longuet, socialist member of the chamber of deputies. The resolution demands, further, that the preliminary negotiations for a league of nations be commenced at once in accordance with the terms and the spirit indicated by President Wilson.

It also adheres unreservedly to the reunion of the international socialist congress and declared the party ready to accept the invitation of Camille Huysmans, secretary of the international socialists and Belgian socialist leader; Hjalmar Branting, the Swedish socialist, and Pieter J. Troelstra, the Dutch socialist leader, for a meeting of socialists at Berne. In conjunction with other allied socialist bodies the resolution declares every means, even to a refusal to vote war appropriations, should be taken to force the governments to issue the necessary passports for socialist delegates who wish to attend this conference.

Protests against allied intervention in Russia except that it be carried out with unanimous consent of Russian socialism, are voiced by the resolution, which concludes with a section regretting the action of certain members of the parliamentary group of socialists towards the American Federation of Labor, which it says is in open opposition to the decision of all bodies of allied socialists.

NUXATED IRON

Increases strength of delicate, nervous, run-down people in two weeks' time in many instances. Used and highly endorsed by former United States Senators and Members of Congress, well-known physicians and former Public Health officials. Ask your doctor or druggist about it.

Stop Rubbing

It is extravagant and wasteful to rub off twice as much bar soap as you need. Save soap. Use Grandma's Powdered Soap. Measure it out by the spoonful. Won't harm even the finest chiffons.

Wash the Woolen Socks You Knit with Grandma's Powdered SOAP

Ask Your Grocer For It!

COMPANY M LAYS CLAIM TO CAMP TITLE FOR "PEP"

Newly Filled Unit of Third Replacement Has Personnel of "Live Wires."

A challenge to the rest of the camp has been issued by Company M, of the Third Replacement regiment, to equal it in display of "pep" and energy. This company is composed in main of the men who recently entered Camp Gordon with the Iowa contingent.

On Sunday, the first morning that this company reached its full strength, the entire unit was gathered in the squad room of the Supply company and given opportunity to exhibit its true spirit of enthusiasm.

Secretary Raymond, of "Y" 150, was there to explain to the men the work of the Y. M. C. A. and their relationship to that organization, and to lead them in some of the songs which have been adopted as the official marching choruses of the army. The men fell into the spirit at once and displayed a remarkable co-operation in their singing.

Sergeant Davis, newly appointed but thoroughly efficient top sergeant of this company, says that he is proud of his men and that he expects them to excel all the rest of the camp. Lieutenant Morrison requested that the "Y" allow him to have the men together again on Sunday evening and once more they gathered in the "Y" to sing. These men, when the grind of the march and the heat of the sun become well-nigh unbearable, will prove to the others that a little song raised now and then will certainly cut some of the grade out of the hills.

PAPER MAKERS URGE ADVANCE IN THE PRICE

Washington, July 30.—Information designed to show a heavy increase in the cost of manufacturing news print paper was laid before the federal trade commission today by representatives of paper companies seeking to have the commission authorize an increase retroactive to May 1 over the price of $3.10 a hundredweight agreed upon as of last April 1.

H. R. Weaver, accountant of the International Paper company, said the award of the national war labor board increasing the wages of all workers in paper mills 10 cents an hour had increased manufacturing costs per ton by $3.78 in May and June and $2.68 in July, when a bonus paid the men was discontinued.

Freight rate advances, he said, increased the cost 66 cents a ton in May; $1.22 in June and $2.41 in July, while the cost of prepared wood has increased $5.01 a cord since April.

Counsel for the manufacturers sought to place the record of previous hearings by the commission in the present record, but the American Newspaper Publishers' association objected and the commission held that evidence should be confined to changes since April.

P. B. Wilson, treasurer of the Spanish River Pulp and Liver mills, limited, also testified that costs in the manufacture of newsprint had increased greatly in May and June. He recited figures similar to those given the commission by Mr. Weaver for the International Paper company.

In concluding the hearing, Henry Davis, counsel for the publishers' association, submitted that the committee is without jurisdiction, under the agreement between manufacturers and publishers, for it to act as arbiter, to fix any prices subsequent to April 1, which would be retroactive back of the date of the application for the present hearing, filed ten days ago. His contention was taken under advisement.

N. Y. EVENING POST MAY CHANGE HANDS

New York, July 30.—Oswald Garrison Villard, president and chief owner of The Evening Post, today authorized the following statement:

"The current reports that the ownership of The Evening Post may be changed are correct. I have given an option to Rollo Ogden, the editor, and to other editorial and business associates with whom I have been in such close co-operation for twenty-one years. As the option has not yet been exercised, it is impossible to give further details at the present time."

SPECIAL MEETING OF NATIONAL LEAGUE

New York, July 30.—It was officially announced here today that President Tener had called a special meeting of the National League baseball club owners, to be held at the league's headquarters here next Saturday, at 10 a. m.

German Officers Count While Going Under Ether To Preserve War Secrets

With the American Army on the Aisne-Marne Front, July 30.—(By the Associated Press.)—Brought to an American dressing station on the banks of the Ourcq, a wounded German captain kept repeating, "one, two, three," monotonously, but with an earnestness indicative of his concentration. An inquiry to a nurse elicited this explanation:

"Oh, all those German officers do that."

"You see," said the nurse, who was administering ether preliminary to an operation upon the German officer, "an average person talks when under the antiseptic. It is like talking in your sleep. The Germans know this and every officer we get goes under the ether while counting. The result is that, instead of talking and giving information, they keep right on counting."

ATLANTA'S MOST BEAUTIFUL AND POPULAR THEATER
B. F. KEITH'S LYRIC SUPREME VAUDEVILLE
MATINEES 2:30 10c & 20c CENTS — NIGHTS 7:15-9:00 10c-20c-30c CENTS

KALALUHIS HAWAIIANS
Where melody reigns supreme. The great soloists, "The Bullet-Proof Lady," and three other acts of variety and unusual skill.

LOEW'S GRAND
Afternoon 10, 15c; Night 10, 20, 30c
5—BIG LOEW ACTS—5
MADGE EVANS
In Atlanta Made Picture.

FORSYTH
ATLANTA'S BUSY THEATRE
NEXT PICTURE—NEXT MUSIC—NEXT PROGRAM
MATS 10 TO 5 — NIGHTS 10 TO 11 — ADULTS 15-25 — CHILDREN 10-15

A BIG TREAT
COME TODAY TO SEE
BILLIE BURKE
Most charming of stars, in
"Eve's Daughter"
If you had been denied all your life the luxuries of the world, and suddenly fell heir to $1b,000, would you save it or spend it in one great, big, royal good time. This was "Eve's" problem.

STRAND
Daily, 11 to 10:30
Adults 15c; Children 10c
Favorite Atlanta Star
Mabel Normand
Returns in Fine Play
"Back to the Woods"
Pretty girl, tires of riches, flattery, and fortune-seekers, and goes to lumber regions to find love. Then complications galore ensue.
ALSO THE GAUMONT WEEKLY

FIRST RUN PICTURES
The Criterion
Daily 10:45, 12:15, 1:45, 3:15, 4:45, 6:15, 7:45, 9:15.
TODAY
ROBERT WARWICK
IN HIS LAST PICTURE PRIOR TO HIS ENLISTMENT IN U. S. ARMY
"THE ACCIDENTAL HONEYMOON"
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY
J. Warren Kerrigan
In "ONE DOLLAR BID"

SAVOY
Best Features for a Nickel
Today:
Moreno and Doraldina
In Rudyard Kipling's Story,
"The Naulahka"
Thursday:
Alice Joyce
In a Great Drama,
"The Fettered Woman"

"HOME OF SCREEN SUCCESSES"
RIALTO
DAILY 11 TO 11—ADULTS 15c—CHILDREN 10c
This motion picture makes fun of itself. It's a daring thing to do, but Cecil B. DeMille gives you many a laugh and makes you like motion pictures even better than ever in this story of the little girl who wanted to be a star.
SEE IT TODAY
"We Can't Have Everything"
With a galaxy of stars—Kathlyn Williams, Elliott Dexter, Maude Hawley, Theodore Roberts, Sylvia Breamer, and many others.

"A BRIDE IN PAWN"
That's the latest and greatest role that Jewel's photo star de luxe, Dorothy Phillips, plays in
"THE MORTGAGED WIFE"
She is collateral for a $50,000 loan to save her husband from prison.
See it all at
THE TUDOR TODAY

Every Morning Before Breakfast For Two Weeks—In Warm Water
Jacobs' Liver Salt
Sip Slowly—the Best Way.
It gently tones the liver and cleans the digestive tract of all impurities—just what you most need in the spring. Take it today and get rid of that tired feeling. It will do it.
At Your Druggist's: Generous Packages 35c and 75c

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EMORY UNIVERSITY
OFFERS FULL COURSES IN THE FOUR DEPARTMENTS OF
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Member SENIOR DIVISION OF RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS. In addition to A. B. and B. S. degrees, full courses in Agriculture, Business and Mining Engineering. During the war, only service uniform used. Graduates, if physically fit, may enter army as Second Lieutenants. Three prep classes. No student admitted under 15 years. During last year War Department returned to our students over $3,000 for uniforms and commutation of rations. Cost for year about $175.
Write for catalogue.
G. R. GLENN, President, Dahlonega, Ga.

The Constitution's Markets, Business and Financial News and Reviews

Covering Movement Causes Much Higher Cotton Prices

Light Offerings Cause Quick Jump Upward. General Buying Followed. Liverpool and South Principal Sellers.

New York, July 30.—A covering movement in advance of the weekly weather and crop report tomorrow and the government condition report on Thursday, caused much higher prices in the cotton market today, October advancing 80 points to 25.65 and later positions from 61 to 68 points, December selling at 24.93 in the last hour, with the close steady at 54 to 75 points net advance.

The opening was steady at a rise of only one to three points and for a time the market acted rather easy on reports of showers over central Taxes. Covering orders in October disclosed such light offerings that prices had a rapid advance, catching stop orders on the way up until there was quite a general buying movement, mostly in October, from Wall street and local shorts. Later in the day the more distant positions felt the influence of buying orders and led the advance. Liverpool and the south were the principal sellers during the session.

Private crop advices from Texas were bullish that traders were confident that tomorrow's weekly report could hardly fail to reflect the unfavorable outlook in the southwest, although it may be counteracted by the satisfactory news from eastern states. While exports were again light today, it was understood that space had been allotted for the shipment of between 125,000 and 140,000 bales to the United Kingdom during August. The movement of new cotton continues in the southwest and new bales were also reported at a number of points in the eastern belt during the last day or two. No prospect for any general or heavy rains over the southwest was indicated in the western belt forecast, while showers were again predicted for the eastern belt where boll weevil activity has begun to assume more prominence.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS ON COTTON SEED PRODUCTS

JULY—	Bid.	Asked.
Crude oil, prime basis	.17½	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent ammonia	47.50	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent Georgia common point rate	47.50	.....
Cotton seed hulls, loose	20.50	21.00
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	25.00	26.00
AUGUST—		
Crude oil, prime basis	.17½	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent Georgia common point rate	47.50	.....
Cotton seed hulls, loose	20.50	21.00
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	25.00	26.00
Linters, clean mill run	.04¾	.05
Georgia common rate points	$70.00@75.00	
Cotton seed f. o. b. Atlanta	$70.00@78.00	

PROFESSIONAL VIEWS ON COTTON SITUATION

New York, July 30.—(Special.)—With the exception of a sharp upward movement in the early market due to heavy short covering, the market was extremely quiet and narrow. Although rain was reported in four stations in Texas it was so slight as to be of no market value. It is generally believed that there is still a fair sized short interest in the market, and with a government condition report to be issued on Thursday, we think the tendency temporarily will be upward. JOHNSTON BROS.

New York, July 30.—(Special.)—Pre-bureau covering of contracts, together with moderate trade buying, resulted in advance of about 50 points from yesterday's closing. General business today was not large. The trade is expecting a bullish weekly weather report tomorrow. The south was a moderate seller on the advance.

J. W. JAY & CO.

New York, July 30.—(Special.)—Scattered light showers in northeastern and central Texas were insufficient to break the drought, the heaviest rainfall being at Riverside, 104; Temple, 75; Nagadoches, 61. Local showers are predicted for today, but the trade could not see any rain on the map, and with the bureau report coming on Thursday they became buyers from the opening, advancing the market sharply. We have the same unchanged condition, namely, that until it rains in Texas the crop to be benefited as it was in 1914 by rains, but the trade want to see the rains before taking a position, though they admit the conditions elsewhere are very favorable.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

COTTON MOVEMENT

ATLANTA COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE:
Atlanta 4s, 29.70c.
Receipts, 1,280 bales.
Sales, 500 bales.
Shipments, 100 bales.
Stock, 23,245 bales.

Port Movement.

New Orleans—Middling 27.75; receipts 3,759; exports 2,628; sales 61; stock 316,071.

Galveston—Middling 26.75; receipts 1,434; exports 3,845; sales 363; stock 124,223.

Mobile—Middling 27.50; sales 35; stock 11,709.

Savannah—Middling 28.25; receipts 3,627; sales 27; stock 163,429.

Charleston—Middling 29.00; stock 35,535.

Wilmington—Middling 28.00; receipts 9; stock 39,231.

Texas City—Receipts 1,705; stock 37,340.

Norfolk—Middling 28.00; receipts 125; sales 15; stock 66,745.

Baltimore—Exports 9; stock 16,000.

Boston—Middling 28.95; receipts 63; stock 19,160.

Philadelphia—Middling 29.45; stock 7,247.

New York—Middling 29.20; stock 129,795.

Minor ports—Stock 17,966.

Total today—Receipts 9,722; exports 6,492; stock 984,491.

Total for weeks—Receipts 26,888; exports 12,754.

Total for season—Receipts 6,313,403; exports 4,162,213.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling 26.50; receipts 2,097; shipments 864; sales 3,291; stock 90,610.

Memphis—Middling 30.00; receipts 3,188; shipments 4,614; sales 600; stock 335,275.

Augusta—Middling 29.00; receipts 141; shipments 241; sales 125; stock 56,181.

St. Louis—Middling 30.00; receipts 419; shipments 724; stock 14,264.

Cincinnati—Receipts 341; shipments 200; stock 14,421.

Little Rock—Middling 27.50; receipts 301; shipments 293; sales 293; stock 35,537.

Dallas—Middling 25.95; sales 1,050.

Montgomery—Middling 28.00.

Total today—Receipts 6,457; shipments 6,936; stock 546,288.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

Atlanta, Ga., July 30.—For the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m., 75th meridian time, July 30, 1918:

Stations of Atlanta, Ga. District.	Temperature xHigh.	Temperature *Low.	Precipitation inches and hundredths
xxATLANTA, cloudy	85	67	00.
Columbus, clear	89	69	.12
Gainesville, cloudy	81	66	.25
Griffin, cloudy	85	67	.00
xxMacon, cloudy	87	68	.04
Monticello, cloudy	..	67	.02
Newnan, clear	88	67	.02
Rome, pt. cldy.	89	67	.10
Tallapoosa, cloudy	85	66	.02
Toccoa, cloudy	83	65	.02
West Point, clear	85	61	.26
Spartanburg, S. C., cldy.	84	68	.84
District averages	86	66	

Summary for the Cotton Region States.

New Orleans, La., July 30.—Seasonable temperatures continued over the eastern half of the cotton belt, with continued warm weather in the western sections and maxima 98 to 106 degrees in the southern portions of Oklahoma and Arkansas, northern Louisiana and the interior of Texas. Numerous light to moderate showers occurred in southern Louisiana, and scattered showers, mostly light, in eastern Texas, Mississippi and at a few stations in Arkansas. Moderate showers fell in the Carolinas and some rainfall in southeastern districts, but special reports from the Atlanta and Montgomery districts are missing. Heavy rains: Schriever, La., 2.90.—Dyke.

xHighest yesterday.
*Lowest for 24 hours, ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, except where otherwise indicated.
Note—The "State of weather" is that prevailing at the time of the observation.
xxMaximum temperatures are for 12-hour period ending at 8 a. m. this date.

C. F. von HERRMANN,
Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Ga., July 30.—Turpentine, quiet; 56¼c; receipts, 359; shipments, 11; stock, 26,504.

Rosin, firm; receipts, 1,196; sales, 1,545; shipments, 281; stock, 79,838.

Quote: B and D, $10.05; E, $10.05@10.10; F, $10.10@10.15; G and H, $10.20; I, $10.25@10.30; K, $10.80@10.85; M, $10.90@11.00; N, $11.20; window glass, $11.25; water white, $11.30.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 30.—Turpentine steady, 55; sales, 251; receipts, 718; shipments, 16; stock, 55,858.

Rosin firm; sales, 1,950; receipts, 1,736; shipments, 1,150; stock, 166,746.

Quote: B, $9.95; D, E, $10.00@10.05; F, $10.10@10.15; G, $10.15@10.20; H, $10.20; I, $10.20@10.25; K, $10.80@10.85; M, $10.95; N, $11.20; window glass, $11.25; water white, $11.30.

Sugar.

New York, July 30.—Interest in the sugar market is centered in the price for the new crop. Conferences have been going on for some time by the Cuban mission and the international sugar committee to fix a price for the new crop, but no agreement has been reached and it has been decided to refer the question to both governments in the hope that an early and mutually satisfactory adjustment of price may be made. A meeting for this purpose will be held in Washington next week. Otherwise there is nothing new in the situation and prices remain at the fixed level of 4.935 for Cuban, cost and freight, equal to 6.055 for centrifugal. There were no new commitments reported by the committee.

The market for refined was unchanged at 7.50 for fine granulated with a little better demand noted.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.
Oct.	24.85	25.65	24.82	25.40	24.85
Dec.	24.35	24.93	24.30	24.85	24.32
Jan.	24.19	24.82	24.14	24.77	24.16
March	.....	24.77	24.44	24.73	24.08
May	.....	24.50	24.50	24.73	24.06

Closed steady.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.
Oct.	23.76	24.48	23.75	24.27	23.73
Dec.	23.40	24.06	23.36	23.87	23.38
Jan.	23.32	23.99	23.55	23.81	23.32
March	25.31	23.80	23.80	23.77	23.31
May	23.25	.....	.....	23.77	23.31

Closed steady.

DECLINE AND BULGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New Orleans, July 30.—A wide decline and sharp bulge of about three-quarters of a cent a pound in the early trading was the feature of the cotton market today. It was caused by the efforts of shorts, made nervous by favorable war news to cover over weekly and monthly crop reports due during the coming two sessions. Soon after the opening the ring was swamped with buying orders and buyers found almost no cotton for sale.

On the opening call December was 2 points off, but other months were up slightly. In a few minutes the demand increased, the ring entered into a period of great activity and values swung upward sharply until they were 62 to 75 points over yesterday's close.

The demand continued for a while, but gradually the market quieted down and around the middle of the day was inclined to sagg off somewhat, losing about a bale from the topmost levels. Toward the end fresh buying came in and the market immediately strengthened, prices made a full recovery and a new high level on some positions, the net gain being 67 to 75 points. On the close there was another moderate sag, last prices being at a net advance of 46 to 54 points.

Spot news did not attract the usual attention, although the first receipts of the new crop in Georgia created comment. A private condition report of 75.6, indicating deterioration for the month of 8 points, more than balanced several minor bearish features.

Spots in New Orleans.

Spot cotton quiet and unchanged. Sales on the spot 61 bales; to arrive, none. Low middling 23.00; middling 27.75; good middling 29.75. Receipts 2,759; stock 316,071.

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, July 30.—Cotton spot, quiet; prices easy. Good middling, 20.83; middling, 20.20; low middling, 19.68; good ordinary, 18.68; ordinary, 18.15. Sales, 1,000 bales, including 800 American. Receipts, 2,000 bales; American 1,700. Futures closed quiet and steady. New contracts: July, 20.85; August, 19.96; September, 19.41; October, 19.11; November, 18.89. Old contracts (fixed prices): July, 19.35.

Dry Goods.

New York, July 30.—Trading in cotton goods today was light in volume and prices were steadily readjusted on brown goods to levels fixed by the government. Yarns were firm and quiet. Silks were in fair demand. Burlaps were firm.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, July 30.—Cotton seed oil was unquoted. Prime crude, 17.50.

Country Produce.

New York, July 30.—Dressed poultry, dull; chickens, broilers, 37@50c; fowls, 26@36c; ducks, 36c.

Live poultry, firm; geese, 20c; ducks, 37@38c; fowls, 32c; turkeys, 28@30c; roosters, 24@24c; chickens, broilers, 25@39c.

Cheese, quiet; state milk, common to specials, 21@25¼c; skims, common to specials, 5@20½c.

Butter, steady; receipts, 9,707; creamery, extras, 44¾@45c; do. special market, 45¼@46c; imitation creamery, firsts, 36@45c; state dairy, tubs, 37@38c.

Eggs, unsettled; receipts, 13,529; nearby white fancy, 53@54c; nearby mixed fancy, 38@47c; fresh firsts, 40@47c.

Chicago, July 30.—Butter, creamery extras, 43½c; creamery standards, 44c; firsts, 41½@43c; seconds, 39@41c.

Eggs, ordinaries, 35½@36½c; firsts, 38@38½c.

Cheese, twins, 24@24½c; young Americas, 25½@26c.

Live poultry, fowls, 28@29c; ducks, 24c; geese, 16c; springs, 32c; turkeys, 30c.

Potatoes, cars, 25. Virginia, barrels, $5.50@5.60.

Live Stock.

Chicago, July 30.—Hogs, receipts, 21,000; market weak; butchers, $18.75@19.15; light, $19.00@19.25; packing, rough, $17.15@17.50; bulk of sales, $17.90@19.10; pigs, good and choice, $17.50@18.25.

Cattle, receipts, 12,000; market, strong. Beef cattle, prime, $17.25@18.65; medium, $10.50@17.25; butcher stock, cows and heifers, $7.25@14.25; canners and cutters, $6.35@7.25; stockers and feeders, fancy, $10.00@13.00; medium, $7.75@10.00; veal calves, choice, $16.50@17.00.

Sheep, receipts, 10,000; market steady. Prime, $17.25@17.90; lambs, good, $15.50@17.36; culls, $12.00@14.00; ewes, prime, $13.00@13.50; good, $10.75@13.00; culls, $4.30@9.50.

Provisions.

Chicago, July 30.—Cash:
Pork, nominal.
Lard, $26.57@26.82.
Ribs, $24.12@24.75.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS

Local Stocks and Bonds.

STOCKS—	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta National Bank	275	285
Atlantic Ice & Coal Corporation	65	67
do. preferred	80	81
A. & W. P. Railroad	147	150
Atlantic Steel	107½	...
do. preferred	92	94
Bibb Mfg. Co. (Macon)	160	170
Central Bank & Trust Corp.	147½	150
Augusta & Savannah Railway	92	...
Fulton National Bank	117½	126
Exposition Cotton Mills	200	210
Eagle & Phoenix Cotton Mills	113	116
Empire Cotton Oil Co.	58	60
do. preferred	93	95
Fourth National Bank	312½	317½
Ga. Ry. & Elec., stamped	113½	114½
Ga. Ry. & Power Co., 1st pfd.	75	80
Ga. Ry. & Power Co., 2d pfd.	12½	...
Ga. Ry. & Power Co., common	9	10
Ga. Ry. & Banking Co.	225	235
Hillside Cotton Mills	225	235
Mandeville Mills	215	225
National Bank of Athens	310	320
Southwestern Railroad	92	...
Trust Company of Georgia	283	285
Third National Bank	210	214
Lowry National Bank	223	225
BONDS—		
Atlanta 3½s, 1940	4.60	4.50
Atlantic Ice & Coal Corp. 6s	95	96
Atlantic Steel 6s	96	98
Ga. Railroad & Banking Co. 4s	70	...
Central R. R. Banking Co., col. trust	85	...

ATLANTA GROCERIES.
(By Cone M. Maddox Company.)
United States Food Administration License No. G-06583.

Baking Powders — Success, 48 5c packages	$ 1.80
Rumford's 1-lb. tins	2.85
Rumford's ½-lb. tins	2.95
Beans—Choice recleaned limas	.14¼
Bran—Pillsbury's Health, per doz.	1.35
Catsup—Bull Head, 2 doz. 8-oz.	2.70
Cocoanut—Imported, 130-lb. cases	.27½
Coffee—Arbuckle's 1-lb. packages	30.50
Coffee—Arbuckle's Breakfast, 1-lb. packages	.34¾
Coffee—Luzainne, pure, 1-lb. pkgs.	.29
Coffee—Luzianne, C. & C., 1-lb. tins	.29
Coffee—Arb. Mocha and Java, 1-lb. tins	.41¾
Coffee—Blue Ribbon, 1-lb. cans	.28
Coffee—Perfection, 1-lb. packages	.32
Coffee—Royal, 50-lb. bags	.16
Coffee—Roasted Rio, 100-lb. sacks	14.00
Corn Flakes—Post Toasties, 36 pkgs.	4.10
Corn Flakes—National, 36 pkgs.	3.25
Corn, Okra, Tomatoes — No. 3 cans, 2 dozen Standard	3.85
Fruit Jars—Masons:	
Pints—Per gross	8.10
Quarts—Per gross	8.70
Half gallons—Per gross	11.20
Grits—24 1-lb. Pkgs. Purity	2.25
Grape Nuts—No. 22, 2 doz. 15c pkgs.	2.85
Jelly—Glucose apple, pails	3.50
Vinegar—Distilled, barrels	.35
Lard—Snowdrift, cases 6 No. 8 pails	12.70
Lard—Snowdrift, 12 No. 4's	12.60
Lard—Compound	.24¾
Meal—Water ground, 100-lb. bags	4.45
Milk—Dime Brand, 48 cans	5.75
Milk—Eagle Brand, 48 cans	8.80
Milk—Evaporated, 96, baby size	4.40
Milk—Evaporated, 48, tall size	5.50
Mince Meat—Atmore's Keystone, 40-pound pails	.15
Molasses—P. and F., No. 12, barrels	.48
Molasses—Blue Strap, barrels	.42
Mustard—2 doz. 10c jars	1.80
Oatmeal—18 20-oz. pkgs.	2.10
Oil—Cooking, barrels	1.60
Oil—Wesson, 2 5-gallon cans	19.50
Oil—Wesson, 24 small cans	8.60
Peaches—Choice evap., 50-lb. boxes	.13
Pepper — Bee Brand, 10c, black ground	1.30
Pepper—Durkee's 5 and 10c, black, ground	1.80
Pepper—Durkee's 5c, cayenne	.90
Pepper—Cayenne, 10-lb. boxes	.40
Raisins—45 12-oz. packages	4.25
Raisins—Loose Muscats, 50-lb. boxes	.10
Rice—Fancy Blue Rose, 100-lb. sacks	11.00
Salad Dressing—Durkee's Picnic, 24 packages	2.90
Salad Dressing—Durkee's Medium, 2 dozen	5.75
Salt—Ozone, 25 2-lb. pkgs.	.90
Soap—Ivory, 100 cakes	6.05
Soap—Fairy, 100 cakes	5.75
Soap—Clean Easy, 60 bars	3.10
Soap—Fairbank's Tar, 100 bars	5.00
Soap—Campbell's Condensed, 48 cans	4.50
Soap—Campbell's Tomato, 4 doz. cans	4.65
Starch—Bulk, 50-lb. boxes, Laundry	.07½
Starch—Bulk, 140-lb. jutes, corn	.05½
Sugar — Standard fine granulated pure cane, 100-lb. bulk bags	8.10
Barrels, about 350 pounds	8.10
Syrup—Eagle Brand, barrels	.67
Syrup—Alaga, 48 1½-lb. cans	4.50
Syrup—Alaga, 12 5-lb. cans	6.00
Syrup—Sunnygold, 48 1½-lb. cans	5.75
Syrup—Katrena, 48 1½-lb. cans	6.50
Syrup—Fair Day, 12 5-lb. cans	5.35
Syrup—Fair Day, 6 10-lb. cans	5.00
Syrup—Fair Day, 48 1-lb. cans	4.10
Tomatoes—No. 2 Standard, 24 cans	3.00
Vitos—Pillsbury's Vitos, 1 doz. pkgs.	2.20
Vinegar—Blue Ribbon, barrels	.25
Vinegar—Blue Ribbon, quarts	1.35
Vinegar—Blue Ribbon, pints	.90
Vinegar—Jockey Club, quarts	2.25
Vinegar—Jockey Club, pints	1.50

All prices F. O. B. Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA PROVISION MARKET.
(Corrected by White Provision Company.)
United States Food Administration License No. G-21371.

Cornfield hams, 10 to 12 average	32
Cornfield hams, 12 to 14 average	32
Cornfield skinned hams, 16 to 18 avg.	32
Cornfield picnic hams, 6 to 8 avg.	23½
Cornfield breakfast bacon	44
Cornfield sliced bacon, 1-lb. boxes, 12 to case	52
Grocers' bacon, wide or narrow	37½
Cornfield pork sausage, link or bulk	22
Cornfield wieners, in 10-lb. cartons	21
Cornfield bologna sausage in 25-lb. boxes	20
Cornfield smoked link sausage in 25-lb. boxes	19
Cornfield wieners in pickle kits	36½
Cornfield lard, tierce basis	36½
Country style lard, tierce basis	26½
Compound lard, tierce basis	23¾
D. S. extra ribs	34
D. S. bellies, medium average	36
D. S. bellies, light average	36

ATLANTA LIVE STOCK MARKET.
(Corrected by W. H. White, Jr., White Provision Company.)
United States Food Administration License No. G-21371.

Good to choice beef steers, 850 to 1,000 pounds, $10.00 to $11.00.
Good steers, 750 to 850 pounds, $9.00 to $10.00.
Medium to good steers, 650 to 750 pounds, $8.50 to $9.50.
Medium to choice beef cows, 750 to 850 pounds, $8.00 to $9.00.
Medium to good cows, 650 to 750 pounds, $7.50 to $8.50.
Good to choice heifers, 550 to 650 pounds, $7.50 to $8.50.
(The above represents ruling prices for good quality cattle, inferior grades and dairy types selling lower.)
Medium to good steers, 650 to 750 pounds, $8.00 to $9.00.
Medium to good cows, 600 to 700 pounds, $7.00 to $8.00.
Mixed common, $6.00 to $7.00.
Good fat oxen, $8.50 to $9.50.
Medium to good oxen, $7.50 to $8.50.
Good butcher bulls, $6.50 to $8.50.
Choice veal calves, $8.00 to $9.00.
Yearlings, $6.50 to $7.50.
Prime hogs, 165 to 225 pounds, $14.50 to $15.25.
Light hogs, 130 to 165 pounds, $13.75 to $14.35.
Heavy pigs, 100 to 130 pounds, $13.00 to $13.50.
Light pigs, 80 to 100 pounds, $11.50 to $12.50.
Stags and roughs, $11.00 to $12.50.
(The above quotations apply to good quality mixed fed hogs.)

Money Market.

New York, July 30.—Mercantile paper, four months, 6; six months, 6; sterling, sixty-day bills, 4.73½; commercial, sixty-day bills on banks, 4.73; commercial, sixty-day bills, 4.71¾; demand, 4.75⅞; cables, 4.76 7-16.

Bar silver, 99⅝.

Time loans, strong; sixty days, 6 bid; ninety days, 6 bid; six months, 6 bid.

Call money, firm; high, 6; low, 6; ruling rate, 5; closing bid, 6; offered, 6¼; last loan, 6.

France, demand, 5.71¼; cables, 5.64. Guilders, demand, 51½; cables, 52. Lire, demand, 8.01; cables, 8.00. Rubles, 13½; cables, 14, nominal.

Mexican dollars, 77.

Government bonds easy; railroad bonds steady.

Metals.

New York, July 30.—Metal exchange quotes lead unchanged; spot, 8.05; spelter weak; East St. Louis delivery, spot, 8.05@8.15.

LITTLE PUBLIC TRADING IN STOCKS

Interest Was More Professional Than Usual—Irregular Course for Majority of Issues.

New York, July 30.—Interest in the stock market was more professional, if anything, than usual, traders engaging in fresh commitments on the short side because of adverse crop reports and uncertainty as to the stability of the United States Steel "extra" dividend.

All doubts regarding the latter proved unfounded, although the result was not known until after the market's close when record earnings and enormous appropriations for federal income and war excess profits were issued.

United States Steel, according to its usual custom, supplied an overwhelming percentage of the day's limited business, making an extreme decline of 2¼ points in the last hour and closing at a net loss of ⅞ of a point.

The balance of the list was guided by steel's irregular course, with occasional exceptions, notably in the group of gas shares, which gained 2 to 3½ points on a favorable legal ruling.

Forenoon advances of one to three points in oils, inactive equipments, motor accessories and such miscellaneous shares as Harvester, Pacific Mail and sundry specialties under pool control were largely effaced later.

Tobaccos, General Motors, General Electric and shippings were irregular or heavy and rails failed to fulfill yesterday's promise of betterment, Canadian Pacific forfeiting much of its recent advantage.

The average of prices was lowest in the last hour, the day's only active period, but leaders rallied fractionally to a point.

Call money eased a trifle, but time funds were limited to renewals for short terms, mainly thirty days.

Bonds were steady, but featureless, aside from further nominal advances in the international group.

Total sales, par value, aggregated $5,625,000.

Old United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Bonds in New York.

U. S. 2s, registered, bid	98
do. coupon, bid	98
U. S. 3s, registered, bid	99¾
do. coupon, bid	99¾
U. S. Liberty 3½s	99.90
U. S. 4s, registered, bid	106½
do. coupon, bid	106½
American Foreign Securities 5s	97¼
American Tel. & Tel. cit. 5s	86½
Anglo-French 5s	93⅝
Atchison gen. 4s	81
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	81
Baltimore & Ohio cv. 4½s	78½
Bethlehem Steel ref. 5s	86½
Central of Georgia Consolidated 5s, bid	85
Central Leather 5s	94
Chesapeake & Ohio cv. 5s	81
Chicago, B. & Quincy joint 4s	94
Chicago, Mil. & St. P. cv. 4½s	75¾
Chicago, R. I. & Pac. Ry. ref. 4s, bid	67½
Colorado & Southern ref. 4½s	72
Denver & Rio Grande ref. 5s, bid	52½
Dominion of Canada 5s (1931)	91⅝
Erie gen. 4s	54
Illinois Central ref. 4s	77½
Int. Mer. Marine 6s	96¾
Kansas City Southern ref. 5s	78½
Liggett & Myers 5s	91½
Louisville & Nashville un. 4s, bid	83
Missouri, Kan. & Texas 1st 4s, bid	60
Missouri Pac. gen. 4s	58
New York Central deb. 6s	93⅞
Norfolk & Western con. 4s	83
Northern Pacific 4s	81
Pennsylvania Consolidated 4½s, bid	95
Pennsylvania gen. 4½s	87
Reading gen. 4s, bid	83½
Republic Iron & Steel 5s (1940)	92¼
St. Louis & San Fran. adj. 6s	68
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s	56¾
Southern Bell Tel. 5s	88½
Southern Pacific cv. 5s	90¾
Southern Railway 5s	89
do. gen. 4s	63½
Texas Company cv. 6s, bid	98¼
Texas & Pacific 1st, bid	84½
Union Pacific 4s	86
United Kingdom 5s, bid	99¾
U. S. Steel 5s	98
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 5s, bid	93¼
Wabash 1st, bid	90¾

Stocks in New York.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Am. Beet Sugar	....	....	68¾	68¾
American Can	47½	46¾	47	47¾
Am. Car & Fdry.	85	84½	84¾	84½
Am. Locomotive	66½	66	66	66½
American Linseed	41	40½	40½	41¼
Am. Smelt. & Refg.	77¾	77½	77¾	77¾
American Sugar	110	109½	109½	109
Am. Tel. & Tel.	92¾	91½	92	91¾
American Tobacco	165	165	165	164¾
Anaconda Copper	66¾	65¾	65¾	66½
Atchison	86	85	85	85½
A. C. L.	....	....	91¾	91
Atl. Gulf & W. I.	103½	102¼	102¼	103¼
Baldwin Locomotive	90¾	88¾	89¼	90½
B. & O.	54¾	54¾	54¾	55
Beth. Steel "B"	83½	82½	82½	83½
Canadian Pacific	154	152½	153	154¾
Central Leather	67	66¾	66¾	67
C. & O.	....	....	56¾	56¾
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	44¾	44	44½	44¼
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	24	23¾	23¾	24
Chino Copper	39¼	39	39	39¼
Colo. Fuel & Iron	46	46	46	46½
Corn Products	44¾	43¾	43¾	44¼
Crucible Steel	67½	65¼	66¼	67¾
Cuba Cane Sugar	29½	29	29¼	29½
Erie	15½	15¼	15¼	15¼
General Electric	144	143	143	145
General Motors	141¼	139	139¼	143½
Grt. North. pfd.	90½	90½	90½	90
Grt. North. Ore Ctfs	31½	31½	31½	31½
Gulf States Steel	....	....	81½	81½
Illinois Central	....	....	96	97½
Inspiration Copper	53¼	53¾	52¾	53
Int. Mer. Marine	26½	26	26	26¾
do. pfd.	98½	97¾	97¾	97¾
International Paper	36	35¾	35¾	35¾
Kennecott Copper	33¾	33¼	33¼	33¾
L. & N.	....	....	113	113
Maxwell Motors	28¼	28¼	28½	29
Mex. Petroleum	101¾	99½	99½	99¾
Miami Copper	29¾	29½	29¾	29¼
Midvale Steel	52¾	51½	51¾	52¼
Missouri Pacific	23¾	23¼	23¼	23¾
New York Central	72¼	71¼	71½	72¼
N. & W.	....	....	103	103
Northern Pacific	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾
Ohio Cities Gas	37¾	37¾	38	37¾
Pennsylvania	45	44¼	44¼	44¾
Pittsburg Coal	51	51	51	50
Ray Cons. Copper	24	24	24	24
Reading	88¾	87¼	87¾	88¼
Rep. Iron and Steel	92¾	90¾	91	92¼
S. A. L.	7¼	7¾	7¾	7¼
do. pfd.	....	....	19¼	19¼
Sinclair O. & Refg.	31¾	31¼	31¼	31½
Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	....	....	61½	61½
South. Pacific	85¼	84½	84¾	84¾
South. Railway	23¾	23½	23½	23¾
do. pfd.	63	63	63	63¼
Studebaker Corp.	45½	44¾	44¾	45¼
Tenn. Copper	19¾	19¼	19¼	19¾
Texas Co.	151	151¼	151¼	150½
Tobacco Products	72¼	70¾	70¾	71¾
Union Pacific	122¾	121¾	121¾	122¼
United Cigar Stores	101	100¾	100¾	101
United Fruit	....	....	125	125
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	128	126¼	126¾	128
U. S. Rubber	....	....	61½	62
U. S. Steel	108¾	106¾	107¾	108¼
do. pfd.	112¼	111¾	112¼	111¾
Utah Copper	81¼	81¼	81¼	81
Va.-Car. Chem.	52¼	50¼	50¾	51¼
Wabash Pfd. "A"	39¾	39	39	39¾
Western Union	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼
Westinghouse Elec.	41¾	41¼	41¼	41¾
Willys-Overland	20	19¾	19¾	19¾
N. Y., N. H. & H.	40¾	40¼	40¼	40¾

Total sales for the day, 311,900 shares.

Coffee.

New York, July 30.—Business in the market for coffee futures was quiet and prices again had a narrow range after an opening decline of 2 to 6 points. Liquidation by trade interests weakened December to 8.60 after early sales at 8.61 and May sold at 9.00, the market closing 4 to 6 points net lower. September, 8.36; October, 8.44; December, 8.60; January, 8.67; March, 8.81; May, 8.98.

Spot coffee easier, Rio sevens, ⅛c lower at 8½, and Santos fours unchanged at 11¾. In the cost and freight market the undertone seemed to be easier with offers of Santos fours at 10.95 f. o. b., London credits, equal to 12.25 regular cost and freight.

The official cables reports 75 reis decline in Rio sevens and exchange ¼d lower. Santos fours were off 100 reis and futures 100 to 225 reis lower. Brazilian port receipts, 22,000; Jundiahy, 17,000. The weather in Sao Paulo was fine with temperatures ranging from 50 to 54 degrees.

Commodities in New York.

New York, July 30.—Flour, dull and unchanged.

Pork, quiet; mess, $49.00@50.00.

Lard, strong; middle west spot, $26.60@26.70.

Sugar, raw, steady; centrifugal, 96 test, 6.05; refined, steady; cut loaf, 9.00; crushed, 8.75; powdered, 7.65; granulated, 7.50.

Coffee, Rio No. 7, on spot, 8¾c.

Tallow, specials, 18c; city, 17¼c.

Hay, firm; No. 1, $1.25@1.40; No. 3, 80c@$1.15; clover, 75c@$1.35.

Atlanta Bank Clearings.

Bank clearings Tuesday	$5,280,000.01
Same day, last year	3,117,376.65
Increase	$2,162,623.36

RECEIPTS LESSEN; CORN PRICES RISE

Less Favorable Aspect of War News Also Has Its Effect—Oats Receipts Are Heavy.

Chicago, July 30.—Falling off in receipts, together with the less favorable aspect of war news, did a good deal today to lift prices of corn. The close was strong, 1½ to 2 cents net higher with August $1.54¼ to $1.54⅜ and September $1.55½ to $1.55¾. Oats finished at ½c decline to ⅛c advance and provisions up to 10 to 15 cents.

At first corn displayed weakness owing to better weather and to reports that Turkey and Germany had severed relations. Subsequently, however, the fact that the Turko-German break had not been confirmed led to a rally, which gained in impetus after word came that huge counter attacks by the Germans in France had not been wholly fruitless

Agogas v. Jessup Today

Edited by Dick Jemison.

Baseball Most Popular Sport At Camp Gordon

By Dick Jemison.

Figures compiled by the camp physical director show that 198,500 khaki-clad boys at Camp Gordon witnessed 61,960 of their fellow participants in 7,369 games, bouts, meets, etc., during the month of June, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A.

Camp Gordon ranked second in the department statistics.

A total of 360,460 soldiers were reached through the Y. M. C. A. physical activities during June, either as participants or spectators.

In popularity baseball ranks first for the past month, participants and spectators for that sport showing 60,561 men reached, made up of 3,15 players participating in 1,428 games and being witnessed by 47,445 spectators.

Boxing came second, with a total of 21,483 men reached, and track and field third, with 25,500.

The complete summary of physical activities at Camp Gordon for the month of June was as follows:

Activity.	Games.	Play-ers.	Specta-tors.	Total R'ched.
Baseball	1,428	13,116	47,445	60,561
Boxing	1,122	2,930	28,653	31,483
Track and Field	1,106	9,795	15,705	25,500
Soccer	118	4,912	13,051	17,963
Volley Ball	552	2,814	13,182	15,996
Quoits	2,005	1,677	9,537	11,214
Gym Games	207	6,591	3,040	9,631
Indoor Baseball	229	2,140	6,490	9,630
Basket Ball	94	1,146	8,300	9,446
Medicine Ball	160	3,535	3,253	6,788
Wrestling	30	63	2,835	2,898
Football	14	420	2,200	2,620
Tug-of-War	15	120	240	360
Gym Work	8	108	....	108
Miscellaneous	35	12,169	43,000	55,169
Totals	7,369	61,960	198,500	260,460

Jessup Tackles Agogas at Ponce This Afternoon

The Camp Jessup baseball team will play the Agogas this afternoon at 4 o'clock at Ponce de Leon park and a hot game is expected.

These teams have been making dire threats of what they are going to do to one another when they meet and today will settle their claims for once and for all time.

Turkey Boman will probably hurl for the Jessup bunch, with either Parker or York on the hill for the Agogas. Plenty of pep is certain from both sides and from the rival rooters.

STANDING OF CLUBS

National League.

CLUBS—	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	59	32	.648
New York	56	35	.615
Pittsburg	46	42	.523
Cincinnati	42	47	.472
Philadelphia	42	47	.472
Brooklyn	39	50	.438
Boston	40	53	.430
St. Louis	36	55	.396

American League.

CLUBS—	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	56	38	.596
Cleveland	54	42	.563
Washington	51	43	.543
New York	45	44	.506
Chicago	44	48	.478
Detroit	42	51	.452
St. Louis	41	51	.446
Philadelphia	37	55	.402

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Red Sox 11, Browns 4.

St. Louis, July 30.—Jones proved better than five St. Louis pitchers today and Boston won 11 to 4.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Boston 102 030 320	11	14	2
St. Louis 001 001 200	4	6	1

Batteries—Jones and Agnew; Bennett, Rogers, Lowdermilk, Davenport, Houck and Severeid.

Tigers 3, Yanks 0.

Detroit, July 30.—Two extra base hits by Cobb and Boland's effective pitching enabled Detroit to win from New York 3 to 0 today. Cobb doubled with two men on bases in the sixth inning and tripled in the eighth with a man on third. Boland allowed the visitors only four hits.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
New York 000 000 000	0	4	1
Detroit 000 002 01x	3	6	1

Batteries—Love, Robinson and Walters, Hannah; Boland and Stanage.

Senators 3, White Sox 0.

Chicago, July 30.—A ninth-inning rally today gave Washington a 3 to 0 victory over Chicago. Cicotte weakened in the last inning. Shotton's batting was a feature.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Washington 000 000 003	3	7	1
Chicago 000 000 000	0	3	0

Batteries—Shaw and Ainsmith; Cicotte and Schalk.

Indians Win Two.

Cleveland, July 30.—Philadelphia lost today's double-header to Cleveland, 4 to 2 and 5 to 1, Bagby and Enzmann outpitching Gregg and Watson. The games were devoid of features.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia 010 010 000	2	5	0
Cleveland 100 002 01x	4	8	1

Batteries—Gregg and Perkins; Bagby and O'Neill.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia 010 000 000	1	5	3
Cleveland 000 220 01x	5	10	0

Batteries—Watson and McAvoy; Enzmann and O'Neill.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

All games postponed.

ZIM TELLS OF KONEY'S FIRST BOX APPEARANCE

The recent news that Ed Konetchy had pitched for the Braves recalls the following story, as told by Heinie Zimmerman: "One day a few years ago, when Koney was with the Cardinals and I was with the Cubs, an umpire working in a game between these clubs ordered everybody on the St. Louis bench to the clubhouse because of their unruliness. We were hitting their pitcher pretty hard, and finally it was decided to take him out.

"Big Ed volunteered to pitch, so they put one of the outfielders on first base, put the pitcher in the outfield and let Koney go into the box. We thought he would be a joke as a pitcher, but I don't think anybody on our club got as much as a hard foul off him for the remainder of the game. Then, to top it off, the Cards came from behind and beat us out, and Koney was credited with winning the game. For a long while he used to have a lot of fun boasting that he was the only pitcher who had never lost a game, but now his record is broken."

SPORT SPASMS

Heinie Zimmerman is suspected by many fans of being a "bonehead." The truth of the matter is, however, that he has forgotten more real baseball than many major league players will ever learn.

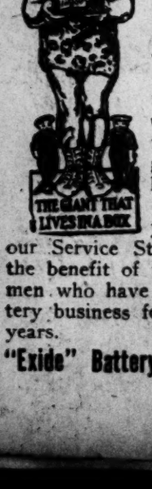
Fred Coombe, of the Indians, is having the best season he has had since he made his major league debut with the Red Sox.

Gedeon is still making good at second for the St. Louis Browns. He is one of the surprises of the year.

Charley Grimm, one of the Cardinals' utility infielders, used to sell peanuts at the St. Louis ball park.

Pitcher John Watson, of the Mackmen, was picked up by Connie's scouts down in Oklahoma.

"Exide"



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OTHER RESULTS

International League.

At Syracuse-Baltimore, postponed; rain, double-header tomorrow.

At Rochester 1-0, Binghamton 3-10. Second called seventh inning by agreement.

At Buffalo 2, Newark 6.

At Toronto 1-4, Jersey City 3-2.

QUERIES ANSWERED

(Under this head the sporting editor will endeavor to answer all questions pertaining to all branches of sports.)

If a player knocks a ball out of the park and the park rule gives him a home run; if the coach man at third as the player starts in home from third base put his arms around player and goes in home with him, is he put ur not?—C. A. L.

I would not so rule it, but some leagues make it that stringent.

If two men are out, a man on second and third; the batter knocks the ball in outfield or infield and the player on third comes in home, crossing the plate, and the man that was on second comes in behind him and got out, does the man's score that was on third, that came, in touching plate before man on second came in and got out because he was a few feet behind him. Does this score count or not, when the bases were not full?—C. A. L.

Score counts.

FAVORITES WINNERS AT COLUMBUS MEET

Columbus, Ohio, July 30.—Three of the four races on the program of the second day's Grand Circuit meeting went in straight heats to favorites, but the first event on the card, the 2:17 trot, went seven heats before it was decided and a strong arm had to be employed on a driver before John Spencer, who at one time sold for $5 in a ticket worth $100, went over the winner. Squier at the end of the fifth heat, was derricked by the judges, and C. A. Valentine substituted. He won the next two heats and the race. The judges awarded him $100 for driving the race and held judgment on Squirer's case in abeyance until later in the week.

June Red, winner every time out this season, kept up her good work by defeating a large field of 2:12 trotters in the S and S stake, purse $5,000. The final heat, she made a skip five feet from the wire, but the heat was awarded to her from the onrushing Royal Knight.

The Problem was a prohibitive favorite in the 2:11 pace and was barred in the betting. He won as he pleased for Driver Murphy. Chestnut Peter lowered his record to 2:06¼ in the first heat of the 2:16 trot for 3-year-olds, with Divorcee chasing him out. The other miles were in good time considering the high wind that blew up the back stretch. It was Hoster Day and a crofd of 7,000 was in attendance.

COMISKEY OPPOSED TO CUTTING SEASON

Chicago, July 30.—Charles A. Comiskey, president of the Chicago Americans, today issued a statement opposing the suggestion of President Ban Johnson, of the league, to close the season about August 20 and then play the world's series.

"I think we should continue to play until September 1, the date set by Secretary Baker for the suspension of baseball," President Comiskey said. "We are drawing the largest crowds in the east in several years, and we should give that section of the country its share of the schedule as originally mapped out."

Clark Griffith, manager and part owner of the Washington club, also is opposed to curtailing the season.

HAWAIIAN SWIMMERS PAD EXPENSE ACCOUNTS

Chicago, July 30.—Charles A. Dean, president of the national A. A. M., and Fred Steers, chairman of the central registration committee of the A. A. U., tonight began an investigation of charges that three Hawaiian swimming stars had "padded" their $960 expense account on a recent twelve-day tour of five cities in the middle west.

Charges were lodged against Duke Kahanamoku, Clarence Lane and Harold Kruger. If the charges are substantiated, it was said, the swimmers will be barred from competition in the central states.

ALL-STAR BOXING CARD POSTPONED ONE DAY

Philadelphia, July 30.—The six-round fights between Battling Levinsky and Harry Greb, Jack Thompson and Sam Langford, Irish Patsy Cline and Willie Jackson and Soldier Barfield and Jack Britton, scheduled at Shibe Park tonight, were postponed until tomorrow night because of rain.

JOE STECHER AND BROTHER ENLIST

Fremont, Neb., July 30.—Joe Stecher, former wrestling champion, and his brother, Anton, also a wrestler, have enlisted in the navy.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

American League.

Wash. in Chicago; New York in Detroit. Phila. in Cleveland; Boston in St. Louis.

National League.

Cincinnati in Phil.; Pitts. in New York. St. Louis in Brooklyn; Chicago in Boston.

KNIGHTS APOLOGIZES FOR CALLING "LIAR"

Continued from First Page.

of Pike; Ballard, of Newton, and Stone, of Grady. The resolutions were ordered spread on the minutes.

Cause of Incident.

The incident which so stirred the house occurred when the bill to create the state department of archives and history came up for reconsideration, Mr. Burwell, of Hancock, having moved to reconsider, as the bill had been defeated by the house on Monday.

Mr. Grantland, speaking to a point of personal privilege, stated that he had been approached on the streets by Mr. Knight and asked to change his vote in favor of the bill, as he had voted against it.

When he refused to change his vote, Mr. Grantland stated, that this seemed to anger Mr. Knight, so much so, that he told Mr. Grantland that he "had no brains and no sense." To this Mr. Grantland replied, "I called him a scoundrel, and he turned and walked rapidly away. I endeavored to call him back—"

"You aree a liar," shuoted Mr. Knight from the gallery.

Move to Expel Made.

Mr. Arnold, of Lumpkin, pointing his finger toward Mr. Knight, said, "Mr. Speaker, a man in the gallery has just called a member of this house a liar, I move that he be expelled from the gallery."

Almost every member arose to his feet to catch a glimpse of the man in the gallery. Speaker Holder then ordered the messengers to go to the gallery and remove him, but Mr. Knight had already gone to his office.

Shortly before the hour of adjournment, Judge Atkinson, of Fulton; Griffin, of Decatur, and Swift, of Muscogee, presented to the house a privilege resolution, Judge Atkinson appearing as spokesman for the committee. The resolution came shortly after Speaker Holder stated that he had received a letter "purporting to be an apology, but, said he, "I refused it, because it was not in the right spirit."

Judge Atkinson then arose and said, "Gentlemen of the house, I regret exceedingly to call your attention to the gross breach of the rules of this body on the part of Lucian L. Knight. It is utterly without excuse or extenuation; I can conceive of no greater affront than that offered by Mr. Knight. If any explanation can be made, let the offender appear before this body. Public interest demands the immediate adoption of this resolution."

Atkinson's Resolution.

Mr. Atkinson then offered the following resolution:

A privilege resolution:

Whereas, during the deliberation of the house of representatives, this day held, and while the gentleman from Spalding, Mr. Grantland, was addressing the house upon a matter of privilege, Lucian L. Knight, from the gallery of the house, used to and of the said member from the county of Spalding, the grossly opprobrious expression, "You are a liar," or words of similar import; and

Whereas, the use of such language in the presence of the house to and of a member of the house while in the discharge of his public official duties, constitutes a gross and manifest abuse of the privileges of the house, and tends to expose it and each of its members to the public ridicule and contempt,

Be it therefore resolved, That the said Lucian L. Knight be and he is hereby declared to be in contempt of this house; that the sergeant-at-arms of this house be and is hereby required to apprehend the body of the said Lucian L. Knight and bring him instanter before the bar of this house to the end that such action may be taken in the premises as will assure the integrity of the house and vindicate its dignity against the unwarranted intrusions by others upon its deliberation.

The resolution was adopted unanimously by a vote of 123 to 0. The speaker of the house immediately dispatched the sergeant-at-arms, who, after a brief search had been made, found Mr. Knight in his office, but not before the house had voted to adjourn. A motion was made to reconsider and hear Mr. Knight, but this was ruled impossible by Speaker Holder under the rules of the house. Adjournment was then taken until 3 o'clock.

After the incident Mr. Burwell withdrew his motion to reconsider the bill creating the archives department, which kills it.

Conference Report Rejected.

The house refused to accept the conference report of the senate on the absent-voters bill. The bill has been passed by both houses, but there are certain provisions with regard to the application of the bill to absent voters that are too comprehensive in the opinion of the house. The senate would make the law operative a year after the close of the war and include all who may be away from their voting precincts on election day. The vote to reject the bill as presented from the senate was 103 to 8. The bill now goes back for committee conference.

At the afternoon session the long-discussed state-wide school tax bill came to a vote through a substitute with amendment, 69 to 54; 126 votes were needed for its passage. Mr. Johnson, of Bartow, gave immediate notice that he would move for a reconsideration.

Mr. Hall, of Bibb, declared the title of the bill should be made to read, "To confiscate the property of the poor people of the state." Mr. McCrory, of Schley, declared that Bibb county had the best schools in the state and Fulton county the next best, and that it was done by local taxation. He opposed the bill, stating the present laws were all that are necessary.

Mr. Ayers, of Jackson, was opposed to the bill and offered an amendment that was not accepted. Mr. Kelly, of Gwinnett, thought the bill might, at least, be submitted to amendment by the people—they ought to be the final judges as to whether they desired it.

Mr. Jones, of Coweta, spoke against the bill saying that it was the merest "camouflage." Mr. Bagwell, of Carroll; Mr. Pickett, of Terrell, and Mr. Wright, of Floyd, were strongly opposed to the bill. Mr. Burwell closed in a strong speech for its passage.

Will Limit Discussions.

The house decided at its morning session Tuesday to limit the discussions to 20 minutes for the remainder of the session.

The general tax bill, which has passed the house, and a substitute passed by the senate, will go back to conference on the substitute offered in the senate.

A resolution introduced by Mr. Smith, of Fulton, provides for the employment of counsel by the state to make an effort to secure Georgia's part arising from the sale of certain lands of the federal government under the operation of the act authorizing the Louisiana and Gadsden purchase. Georgia has never participated in this fund and her share is said to amount to as much as $1,500,000. Governor Dorsey and former Governor Harris in their messages recommended the appointment of C. C. Calhoun, of Kentucky, and Claude N. Bennett, of Georgia, to represent the state. Other states interested have employed these representatives. It is likely that the funds will be used in the interest of the schools of the state, if they are obtained.

MACON GETS TIRED OF ITS COMMISSION

Macon, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—City council tonight, with few dissenting votes, passed a resolution asking the Bibb county members of the general assembly to pass an act abolishing the civil service commission of Macon, a body that has figured largely and rather heatedly in city politics for some years.

The report on Sunday moving pictures made by the police commission was received and adopted, ending the city's part in the effort the Ministerial union made to have movies prohibited.

BEN W. TYE IN SERVICE

Accepted as Candidate for Officers' Training Camp.

Ben W. Tye, one of the most popular young attorneys of Atlanta, has enlisted and been accepted as a candidate for the officers' training camp in field artillery at Camp Zachary Tay-

BEN W. TYE.

lor, Louisville, Ky., and will report there on August 15 for duty.

Mr. Tye is a son of John L. Tye and is a member of the firm of Tye, Peeples & Tye, one of the leading legal firms in the city. He is a graduate of the Yale Law school and attended the United States Naval academy at Annapolis. Mr. Tye's entrance upon a military career is entirely voluntary, as he is well above the draft age and is married and has one child. His wife was formerly Miss Annie Caverly, of this city.

A brother, Carroll Tye, is already in the service and is expected to leave for overseas duty soon. He is a West Point graduate and is now lieutenant in a machine gun company at Fort Sill.

DR. PARKS' OFFER TO RESIGN REFUSED

Continued from First Page.

resignation and consent to continue to serve as president. We feel that your love for the college as well as your legal obligation should cause you to finish out the year's work, while we still hope you may be with us many years."

Judge Gober's Statement.

Judge Gober's statement in part follows:

"The course taken by Dr. Parks and two or three others who are dominated by him, presents the psychological proposition which is complex and which I cannot understand. He must be suffering from some delusive nightmare, and if he would only get rid of this, he could see things as they are.

"He seems to have some great antipathy towards the board of trustees of the University of Georgia. He is president of the G. N. & I. college at Milledgeville and seems to think it is incumbent on him to exhibit this whenever opportunity offers.

"It is a great school; it was a great school before Dr. Parks ever had anything to do with it. To say that the board of trustees of the university or any one of its members have any antagonism to it or have any but the kindest interests in it, is a mistake.

Have Helped the School.

"As for myself, I have helped that school every time I have had a chance. I voted to give Dr. Parks an honorary degree, which was given by the board of trustees of the university. Every dollar appropriated to its maintenance from the state treasury is gotten in the name of the trustees. That school got the old executive mansion and twenty acres of ground which was the former site of the penitentiary and $35,000 for the inauguration of the school. Since then, it has had four dormitories from the state. The university proper has three dormitories, one built in 1801, and one in 1832, and the last one in 1901 during the term of office of Governor Candler. It has not dormitory room for more than one-third of its students.

"The great school of technology has never had one dollar appropriated by the state for dormitories, the College of Agriculture has never had one dollar appropriated for dormitories. The medical school at Augusta has never had one dollar appropriated for this purpose, and the North Georgia Agricultural college at Dahlonega, which was established many, many years previous to the establishment of the G. N. & I. college in 1888, has never had but $20,000 appropriated for a dormitory.

"Still in the face of these facts, Parks and two or three men about him have been in the public prints, have endeavored to have newspaper controversies about the antagonism and disfavor shown the G. N. & I. college on account of the trustees failing to furnish it with proper dormitory facilities.

Did Not Want Assignment.

"Previous to June, 1918, I had been assigned to the School of Technology as trustee for about five years. The chairman of the board thought that the trustees should be rotated under the act of 1910 and I along with two others was assigned to the G. N. & I. college. I did not want the assignment and did not ask for it, but long ago I said that as long as I continued to serve on the board I would try and do whatever work was put upon me.

"The statement that Dr. Parks tendered his resignation to the board of trustees of the G. N. & I. college is absolutely untrue. He had what he called a conference of six members of the board out of ten. He had it clearly understood that it was not a meeting of the board.

"This meeting was held in his room in an Atlanta hotel and I take it that it was done under proper precautions and maybe the door was shut. There were three members who were not notified of any such meeting and the members present, as I am informed, met in a conference, not at a meeting of the board, but simply under the direction of Dr. Parks. He himself notified at least one of them by telephone.

"Now this was a perfectly safe performance on his part. If he wanted to resign he knew how to do it and he knew when he tendered it in this way that under the circumstances the meeting to which he tendered it had no authority to accept it.

Remarkable Proposition.

"He assigns as a reason that he does this on account of the fact that I was appointed to that board. This is a remarkable proposition. There are ten members on the board and as to how and in what way I could control the board is not apparent. It is ridiculous to say that one man could control seven members of the regular board and the two other members. He states that his opposition to me is because I am closely associated with Judge McWhorter, who, he says, he is informed has said that he (Parks) should be fired. If it would be any consolation to Dr. Parks, I have no recollection of Judge McWhorter ever having mentioned his name to me. The trouble with Dr. Parks seems to be that he has an idea that he occupies a very great place in minds of a great many people.

"Let me say further, by direction of the board of trustees, I have been here before the legislature trying to present the claims of every single branch college of the university along with the G. N. & I. college. As the bill stands now the G. N. & I. college gets a greater increase in maintenance fund than any other similar school."

When called over the phone last night, Dr. Parks made the following statement with reference to the interview published in the early edition of The Constitution, with Judge Gober: "I regret that Judge Gober saw fit to resort to personalities. That weakens his argument. I shall reply, not in personalities, but with facts that will convince."

SENATE CANDIDATES ADDRESS THE VOTERS

Howard Flays Hardwick at Danielsville and Harris Asks Howard's Withdrawal.

Danielsville, Ga., July 30.—(Special.) Between 500 and 600 citizens of Madison county today heard William Schley Howard deliver a powerful campaign address at the noon recess of Madison superior court.

Mr. Howard was introduced by Colonel John E. Gordon, a prominent Madison county lawyer. An hour of Mr. Howard's hour and 40 minutes was devoted to an arraignment of Senator Hardwick's record.

He arraigned the junior senator with great power on his opposition to the parcel post, his opposition to extension of the rural free delivery service, his opposition to the nitrate plants for manufacturing nitrates to be sold to the farmers at cost and then took up the senator's record of opposition to the important measures for the prosecution of the war.

Devoting 10 or 15 minutes to William J. Harris, who spoke here last Thursday, Mr. Howard gave a highly humorous description of that gentleman. Mr. Howard made use of a galvanized water pitcher, which he held underneath his left arm in the enactment of his description of Mr. Harris. It brought down the house with gales of laughter.

In conclusion, Mr. Howard then gave a presentation of his own record in congress, showing that he has supported, with only two exceptions, every measure advocated by President Wilson; that his experience of eight years equips him to take his place in the senate; that his work on the appropriations committee of the house renders him especially qualified to carry forward America's great war program.

Harris at Franklin.

Franklin, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—William J. Harris, candidate for United States senator, spoke here today, and was given a most cordial reception.

Criticising Mr. Hardwick for opposing the shipping bill, the federal reserve act, the draft law and other measures, which the administration has found of imperative necessity, Mr. Harris stated that no man who had set himself up against the administration could hope to accomplish anything for his state, under present conditions.

"You don't want a man in Washington," he declared, "who is persona non grata to the president, and who cannot even get in the white house. But that's exactly what you would get in either Hardwick or Howard.

"It is certainly the duty of Candidate Howard to get out of the race, or he must stand convicted of violating his second promise to the president. Not only did he promise the president not to run, but he further promised in a subsequent letter that if his withdrawal became necessary to the certain defeat of Mr. Hardwick, he would get out of the way. If he fulfills this promise, he will certainly withdraw now."

Mr. Harris declared he had rought all efforts looking to fixing the price of cotton, and congratulated the cotton growers upon the recent statement that there would be no action whatever in this direction.

Hardwick Cancels.

LaGrange, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—Senator Hardwick, who was advertised to speak here this afternoon at 5:30 o'clock, telephoned from Atlanta it would be impossible for him to fill his appointment here at the present time, but would make an effort to come at a later date.

Cooper at LaGrange.

LaGrange, Ga., July 30.—(Special.)—At 11 o'clock J. R. Cooper, candidate for the United States senate, delivered an address at the courthouse to a large audience, composed of people from different parts of the county.

In addition to presenting his own claims, Mr. Cooper devoted a good part of his speech to ridiculing the claims of Harris.

He spoke of this being the former home of Benjamin H. Hill, and in this connection said, "If such a man as Senator Hill was making the present race he would not be in it, but as matters now stood, he was making the race against three of the smallest peanut politicians Georgia ever produced." In addition to the above he paid his respects in strong language to Senator Hardwick, who he said would be the worst defeated candidate who ever ran for office in this state. Mr. Cooper was introduced by Judge Moon.

STEAMER CANADA MARU STRIKES IN DENSE FOG

A Pacific Port, July 30.—The Japanese steamer Canada Maru, which went ashore near here about 9 a. m. today in a dense fog, is reported to be in no immediate danger, though hard aground. It is as yet unknown how badly the vessel has been damaged, but a report received here said it is believed she can be floated.

The passengers are still on the steamer, it is said, and the steamer San Juan is standing by. The United States coast guard steamer Snohomish, Canadian naval patrol steamer Galiano and Canadian salvage tug Salvor, are reported en route to the Canada Maru's assistance.

The Canada Maru has a cargo estimated to be worth $4,000,000, including $2,000,000 worth of silk.

Wireless reports from the master, giving the steamer's position, led local shipping men to believe tonight that salvaging of the stranded liner will not prove difficult unless complicated by stormy weather. A tug and several scows have been ordered to the scene to lighter part of the steamer's cargo.

USED FIFTY YEARS

SSS

FOR RHEUMATISM

AT ALL DRUGGISTS

Remarkable Soft Drink

The final triumph in soft drinks.

Has the good wholesome taste of hops.

Sparkling, bubbling — absolutely pure.

Ask for it today and have it served at your meals.

CERVA

The World's Best Beverage

Official chemist, employed by state of Missouri says: "A wholesome product, free from preservatives and yeast cells and by reason of small amount of fermentable sugars present would say that no deleterious effects would be produced on processes of digestion."

CERVA is good for thirst—good for health.

Order a case at your grocers', at druggists', etc.

In fact, at all places where good drinks are sold.

This is the Cap

UNITED PROFIT-SHARING COUPONS

Try the good taste of CERVA today.

LEMP MANUFACTURERS ST. LOUIS

J. J. Barnes-Fain Company, Distributors, ATLANTA, GA.

Forty United Profit Sharing Coupons (2 coupons each denomination 20) are packed in every case. Exchangeable for valuable premiums

NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY

NEW YORK

Surety, Fidelity Bonds and Burglary Insurance

Bonds guaranteeing payment of freight charges executed promptly.

Some very desirable territory in the states of Georgia and Florida open for live and progressive agents. If you come within this class, and desire a Surety connection, write the undersigned.

"WORLD'S LARGEST SURETY COMPANY"

WILLIAM L. McCALLEY, JR.,

Southeastern Manager

1101-03 Atlanta Nat. Bank Bldg. Phone Main 1422

"IMMEDIATE SERVICE"

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the Six Months Ending June 30, 1918, of the condition of the

National Surety Company

OF NEW YORK

Organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.

Principal Office—115 Broadway, New York City.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole Amount of Capital Stock..... $4,000,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total Assets of the Company, actual cash market value..... $15,169,855.86

III. LIABILITIES.

Total Liabilities..... $15,169,655.86

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1918.

Total Income actually received during the first six months in cash. $3,156,365.32

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1918.

Total Expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash. $2,652,559.68

Greatest Amount Insured in any one risk.....$ 2,000,000.00

Total Amount of Insurance outstanding..... 567,413,047.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—Personally appeared before the undersigned, Hubert J. Hewitt, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Secretary of the National Surety Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

HUBERT J. HEWITT, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 25th day of July, 1918.

(Seal) W. E. EMMETT,

Notary Public for Kings County.

Name of State Agent—WM. L. M'CALLEY, JR.

Name of Agent at Atlanta—WM. L. M'CALLEY, JR.

Handsome Young Officer And Woman Are Wanted On "Bad" Check Charges

The police Tuesday were searching for a tall, handsome young man in uniform of a lieutenant of the United States army and a well-dressed young woman who, it is charged, went to the jewelry store of Henry Muench & Co. and secured a diamond ring valued at $99 by passing a worthless check. According to the clerk at the store they examined several cases of the rings before they decided to purchase one, and a short time after the pair left the establishment another valuable diamond ring was missing. Detectives Barnett and Pittman are investigating the case.

Arrested After Auto Accident.

Claude Wallace, 19 years old, an employee at the city shops, Tuesday night narrowly escaped serious injuries when the automobile he was driving crashed down a steep embankment near the corner of Jones avenue and Vine street. According to Wallace the steering gear broke and he lost control of the automobile, which was badly smashed. The car belonged to the city. After investigating the case, Officers Fain and Johnson arrested Wallace on the charge of reckless driving, but at the request of Councilman W. F. Buehanan, chairman of the garage committee of council, he was released on a copy of charges.

COST OF WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

One time	10c a line	Each issue
Three times	9c a line	
Seven times	8c a line	
Thirty times or more	7c	

Advertisements under the following classification will only be inserted when cash accompanies the order:

For Rent Rooms—Furnished or Unfurnished.
Wanted—Boarders.
Wanted—Board.
For Rent—Rooms Furnished.
For Rent—Rooms Unfurnished.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Furnished.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Unfurnished.
Situation Wanted—Male.
Situation Wanted—Female.

No phone orders accepted for advertisements that are to appear under "cash in advance" classifications.

Above rates for consecutive insertions only.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

The Constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

If you can't bring or send your Want ad. phone Main 5000 or Atlanta 5001.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classification, will give you complete information. And if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads (excepting those classifications that are cash with order) by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon application, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day.

EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST articles sometimes are never found, often they are stolen with no chance of recovery; but when picked up by honest persons they will get back to the owner if advertised in this column.

LOST.

$50 REWARD $50

FORD—1918 model, 5-passenger, stolen from above Doraville, Ga. License No. 89281, motor No. 2558638. Bad scar in right front tire; mohair top. Address J. P. Womack, Doraville, Ga.

$25—REWARD—$25

1917 FORD car stolen Friday at 8:30 p.m., in front of Strand theater; right back end of body bent; covered seats, South Carolina license No. 50579; car No. 475898; small mirror on windshield; one black and one red tire in rear. Please notify S. Gershon, 253 Washington St.

IN shopping district, medium size sunburst brooch, diamond and pearls. M. 3631. Reward.

LOST—Tuesday morning, at Terminal station or Walton street car station or on taxicab, suitcase; twine string tied in handle; containing child's clothing. Reward. Samuel C. Atkinson, State Capitol, Main 960.

LOST—On Whitehall street, Tuesday, black change purse; about $8. Reward. Call Mrs. Martin, E. P. 328.

LOST—July 26; either between Dallas, Ga., and Atlanta, or between Atlanta and Grayson, Ga., Goodyear rim and tasing, 34x4; one side rim slightly bent. Finder return to W. P. Parker, Compton, Ga., and get reward.

LOST—Brindle bulldog; female; light brindle on back, white neck, head and legs; ears trimmed; $5 reward. Return to 38 Piedmont avenue. Phone Main 254-J.

FOUND

FOUND—Collie dog, name "Lady" on collar. 85 Hilliard street.

PERSONAL

CLAIRVOYANT & PALMIST MME. PARKS

HOW many unhappy people are there in this city whose lives are darkened by the acts of others? Is your life nearly a wreck because you cannot overcome trouble of a domestic nature or otherwise? Do you desire a return of affections rightly yours or does another receive it? Do you find the one of your choice growing cold or indifferent, or does another take your place? Is there an interference of someone? If so, call on Mme. Parks. She will show you how to face the problems of life. You leave her parlors a different being. No. 10 Essie avenue. Take Soldiers' Home car, get off at Essie avenue. Hours, 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.

AUGUST 1, 1918, the Barnwell Oil Co., 19 E. Mitchell street, will be known as the Central Oil Co. J. N. Harris, manager. Full line of oils and gasoline.

MATERNITY Sanitarium, private, refined, homelike. Homes provided infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. Mitchell, 33 Windsor pl.

DR. HOLBROOK has returned from New York and will be glad to see any of his old patients or friends, and anyone else who may be seeking relief from any chronic or special disease of men or women.

MADAM MALONE, Clairvoyant and palmist, gives advice on all affairs of life. Lakewood ave. and Owens st. Hours 1 to 8 p. m.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any debts incurred by Miller-Habit Co. I am not connected with said firm now and will not be responsible for the debts. This July 16, 1918.

N. I. HABIT.

HELP WANTED

HELP WANTED—Male

WANTED—Several boys to take routes; must be over 15 years old. Good pay. Call at City Circulation Dept., Constitution.

BEMOANING LOST OPPORTUNITIES IS TIME WASTED

Read THE CONSTITUTION CLASSIFIED "ADS"

Many Opportunities Among Them Every Day

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

The arrival and departure of passenger trains Atlanta.

The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed.

CONSOLIDATED CITY TICKET OFFICE.
74 Peachtree street. Phones, Ivy 2734, Atlanta 142.

Atlanta Terminal Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Arrive From—		Leave For
6:30 am	Waycross and Thomasville.	7:35 am
5:15 pm	Waycross and Thomasville.	10:30 pm

Sleeping cars on night trains between Atlanta, Thomasville and Waycross.

Atlanta and West Point.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Leave For—
42	West Pt. 8:40 am	38	New Or... 6:00 am
18	Columbus 10:55 am	33	Montgom'y 8:05 am
38	New Or... 12:10 pm	39	New Or.. 1:50 pm
40	New Or... 2:40 pm	17	Columbus.. 4:05 pm
34	Montgom'y 7:15 pm	37	New Or... 6:50 pm
36	New Or.. 12:40 am	41	West Pt.. 6:40 pm

Central of Georgia Railway.

Arrive From—		Leave For—	
Savannah	6:30 am	Savannah	7:50 am
Thomasville	6:30 am	Albany	7:50 am
Albany	6:30 am	Macon	12:26 pm
Macon	6:30 am	Macon	4:00 pm
Jacksonville	7:45 am	Jacksonville	9:30 pm
Jacksonville	8:00 am	Valdosta	11:15 pm
Macon	10:55 am	Savannah	10:00 pm
Macon	2:20 pm	Jacksonville	11:15 pm
Savannah	4:20 pm	Thomasville	11:00 pm
Albany	4:40 pm	Albany	11:00 pm

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.
(The Southland.)

Effective June 16—	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati-Louisville	8:10 am	10:55 pm
Chicago and Northwest		

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM

Arrives From—	Leaves For—	Arrives From—	Leaves For—
12:10a	Cincinnati 6:45a	.....	Richmond 6:30a
5:25a	Jacksonville 10:35p	1:35p	Cincinnati 4:35p
8:40a	New York 1:00p	11:40a	Birmingham 3:15p
6:35a	Jacksonville 13:20a	4:40p	Charlotte 6:30a
7:45a	Charlotte 10:40p	6:15p	Washington 12:00a
7:45a	Shreveport 11:00p	6:30p	Washington 12:40p
8:10a	Toccoa 4:45p	7:20p	Brunswick 7:50a
9:50a	Rome 3:35p	8:35p	Chattanooga 6:50a
10:30a	Macon 5:30p	9:00p	Greenville 12:55p
10:50a	Fort Valley 5:20p	10:10p	Columbus 1:20p
11:35a	Columbus 5:10p	10:25p	Kansas City 5:50a
11:40a	Memphis		

Following Southern Railway trains arrive and depart from Peachtree Station and do not enter Terminal Station:

Arrive From—	Departs For—	Arrives From—	Departs For—
1:10p	Washington 3:08p	5:00p	Birmingham 1:15p
1:10p	Richmond	5:00p	Memphis 1:10p

Seaboard Air Line Railway Company.
Effective May 12, 1918.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Leave For—
11	New York 8:00 am	11	Birmin'm. 8:10 am
11	Norfolk.. 8:00 am	30	Monroe... 6:10 am
11	Washin'n 8:00 am	6	New York 12:15 pm
11	Portsm'h.. 8:00 am	6	Washin'n 12:15 pm
17	Abbe,S.C. 8:50 am	6	Norfolk.. 12:15 pm
6	Memphis. 11:59 am	6	Portsm'h. 12:15 pm
6	Birmin'm 11:59 am	6	Richm'd.. 12:15 pm
23	Pied't,Ala. 10:00 am	23	Pied't,Ala. 3:50 pm
5	New York 4:50 pm	5	Birmin'm. 5:00 pm
5	Washin'n 4:50 pm	5	Memphis.. 5:00 pm
5	Norfolk.. 4:50 pm	18	Abbe,S.C.. 4:00 pm
5	Portsm'h. 4:50 pm	12	New York. 8:25 pm
12	Birmin'm 8:15 pm	12	Norfolk... 8:25 pm
29	Monroe.. 9:15 pm	12	Portsm'h.. 8:25 pm

Fred Geissler, Asst. General Passenger Agent
Telephone—Ivy 2708.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.
(Dixie Flyer.)

No. 84 Leaves for Chicago..... 8:25 am
No. 95 Arrives from Chicago..... 9:05 pm

Union Passenger Station.

Georgia Railroad.
*Daily Except Sunday.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Leave For—
3	Charles'n 7:45 am	3	Augusta and East.... 6:15 am
3	Wilmin'n 7:45 am	6	Augusta 12:05 pm
*11	Conyers. 7:25 am	8	Augusta. 3:25 pm
*13	Soc. Cir. 9:45 am	*14	Soc. Cir. 6:10 pm
1	Augusta. 1:50 pm	4	Charles'n 7:40 pm
5	Augusta and East. 5:25 pm	4	Wilmin'n 7:40 pm
7	New York and Aug. 8:35 pm		

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective June 10—	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and Louisville	4:45 pm	11:59 am
Knoxville via Blue Ridge	7:30 am	5:10 pm
Knoxville via Carterseville	4:45 pm	11:59 am
Blue Ridge accommodation	3:40 pm	10:35 am

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Leave For—
3	Nashville.. 8:00 am	2	Nashville... 7:30 am
5	Chattanooga & Rome... 10:30 am	6	Rome and Chattan'a.. 5:10 pm
1	Nashville... 7:15 pm	4	Nashville.... 8:30 pm

TAXICABS

BELLE ISLE—TAXICABS
IVY 166. 4 LUCKIE ST. IVY 5190.

I. 3436——TAXICABS——I. 322
EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY, INC.

PIEDMONT HOTEL
W. 1419-L TAXI W. 1419-L
TRIP, HOUR OR DAY.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

HELP WANTED—Male

WANTED — YOUNG MAN WITH SOME EXPERIENCE FOR SHIPPING CLERK LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE; GOOD SALARY AND EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES. ADDRESS R-278, CONSTITUTION.

WANTED—Male stenographer over draft age. Good address and references. Address R-255, Constitution.

TWO young men for railway news service, not in draft age. Union News Co., 36 Madison avenue.

WANTED—Licensed druggist. State age, experience, give name of past employers, married or single; must have had experience in retail store. Address Employer C. H. W., care Atlanta Constitution.

PROOFREADER WANTED BY LARGE CITY DAILY; UNION; REFERENCES AS TO ABILITY AND RELIABILITY, ADDRESS R-215, CONSTITUTION.

OPENING FOR HIGH-CLASS OFFICE MAN; GOOD SALARY; PREFER ONE WHO HAS HAD TRAINING IN PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT'S OFFICE; GIVE RESIDENCE PHONE; ALL COMMUNICATIONS WILL BE TREATED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. W. Y. J., CARE CONSTITUTION.

WANTED—Young man for general office assistant. Prefer one who can take shorthand moderately. Good chance for promotion. Applicants must be well recommended. Pattillo Lumber Co., 701 Peters Bldg.

WANTED—Men to learn cotton business by correspondence course and type samples with Cotton Trade Guide. Big demand. Charlotte Cotton School, Charlotte, N. C.

STENOGRAPHER—Refined, cultured gentleman; for month of August in boys' camp in mountains; must be absolutely first-class; salary $100 month and board and transportation; pleasant living conditions; typewritten application with full information and references to A. A. Jameson, Camp Dixie, Wiley, Ga.

WANTED—Experienced middle-aged cotton man to take charge office at Spartanburg. Address P. O. Box 1718, Charlotte, N. C.

WANTED—Two or three wells drilled near Hapeville. Kuhn's Cafe, Peachtree and Edgewood.

WANTED—First-class licensed Corliss engineer. Apply Union Box Mfg. Co., Glenn street and Southern Railway.

HELP WANTED—Male

WANTED—AT ONCE

2 first-class estimators for building construction work in connection with government shipbuilding plant. Only experienced, quick, accurate man need apply. In replying state age, experience, present classification in draft, salary expected and when you can report. Address Fred P. Ley & Co., Inc., Mobile, Ala.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED LEDGER MAN NOT SUBJECT TO DRAFT. ATLANTA WOODEN WARE CO., 264 MARIETTA ST., CITY.

BOY about 18 years old to learn trade. The Publishers Press, 195 Marietta st.

WANTED at once by B. F. Goodrich Rubber Co., city, competent pricer and extension clerk. Make application by letter only, giving age, reference and experience. Address attention A. J. M.

500 SCHOOLBOYS. Apply 8:30 a. m. to Mr. Shrauger, 408 Walton Bldg.

TWO well-dressed young men wanted to call on the best people in Atlanta; $30 per week to those who qualify. Call from 8 to 8:30 and from 3 to 4. Mr. Hall, 407 Austell Bldg.

WANTED—BRIGHT OFFICE BOY, NOT UNDER 16 YEARS OF AGE. ATLANTA WOODEN WARE CO., 264 MARIETTA ST.

WANTED—Colored man to act as porter and work in shipping department; excellent opportunity for a hustler; must have references. Lucas Theater Supply Company.

WANTED.—ASSISTANT ACCOUNTANT, WHO HAS HAD SOME EXPERIENCE IN PUBLIC AUDITING; GOOD PAY; GIVE RESIDENCE ADDRESS AND PHONE. ADDRESS W. Y. J., CARE CONSTITUTION.

MEN learn barbering; more pay, light work; wages earned. Call or write Moler Barber College, 61 North Forsyth, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Several men to carry routes; hustlers can make good salary. Apply at City Circulation Dept., Constitution Bldg.

WANTED—News agent R. R. trains, good run open. Crescent News Co., 34 E. Hunter.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS ACCOUNTANT. APPLY IN WRITING, P. O. BOX 1243.

EXPERIENCED SAWYER—Year's work for right man. J. J. Stephenson, 1117 Healey building.

WANTED—Several boys to carry routes; good pay to energetic boys who wish pleasant work. Apply at City Circulation Dept., Constitution Bldg.

HELP WANTED—Female

WANTED—YOUNG LADY AS FILE CLERK, ATLANTA WOODEN WARE CO., 264 MARIETTA ST.

FOUR WELL EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHERS. 1018 ATLANTA NAT'L BLDG.

EXPERIENCED HOTEL FOOD CHECKER, N. C. SYSTEM. 1018 ATLANTA NAT'L BANK BLDG.

WANTED at once by large auto tire house experienced lady bookkeeper. Excellent opportunity and good salary to the right party. Give age, reference and experience. Address R-276, Constitution.

WANTED—Young girl to assist in office; must be a good penman and accurate at figures. Salary to start $12 per week. Good change for advancement for right kind of girl. E. W., care Constitution.

TELEPHONE operator, temporary work, fifth floor Third National Bank bldg.

EXPERIENCED STENO-BOOKKEEPER. WISEBERG MFG. CO., 81½ MARIETTA ST.

WANTED—Colored girl for light house work. 351 Courtland st.

WANTED—An experienced lady stenographer for temporary work which may prove permanent. Only high-class stenographer desired. Call at 233 Peachtree.

WANTED—Settled colored woman to cook and help with housework; room on place if desired. 697 Ponce de Leon Avenue.

WANTED—Experienced trimmers; piece work; can also use few beginners. N. Bodenheimer & Bro., Wholesale Millinery, 100 South Pryor.

TYPISTS—We desire 3 typists; hours 9 to 5. Answer, giving age and salary wanted. Address R-222, Constitution.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS in Atlanta soon; 20,000 women clerks to be appointed at Washington. Women desiring government clerkships write for free particulars to R. E. Terry (former civil service examiner), 315 Columbian building, Washington.

GOVERNMENT NEEDS 20,000 women clerks in Washington. Examinations everywhere in August. Experience unnecessary. Women desiring government positions write for free particulars to J. C. Leopard (former civil service examiner), 33 Kenois bldg., Washington.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

INSURANCE WORK

FRATERNAL organization, writing both men and women, high-class and profitable proposition. Representation wanted in every city in Georgia; experience unnecessary. Address, with reference, P. O. Box 838, Atlanta, Ga.

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER WANTED. APPLY J. L. RILEY & CO., EMPIRE BUILDING.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Names men-women, 18 or over, wishing to become government clerks. $1900 month. F-84, care Constitution.

WANTED—First-class bookkeeper, man or woman; must be thoroughly experienced, capable, quick and accurate; none other need apply; state age, experience and qualifications in own handwriting. Postoffice Box 867, Atlanta.

WANTED—Stenographer; prefer young man who has had clerical experience. Write The Prest-O-Lite Co., Box 1633, City.

RAILWAY mail examinations August 10. $1,100 year. Sample questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 56F, Rochester, N. Y.

COOK AND BUTLER to work on country place near Atlanta. Nice servants' house, lights, water. Good place. Answer 1223 Empire Bldg. Call Ivy 443.

AGENTS

MAGNIFICENT new maps. War maps; World maps; State maps. Quick sellers. Big profit. Workers coining money. Southern Map Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Teachers

THE ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY now placing teachers for fall term. Methods unique, successful. 1121 Healey bldg., Atlanta.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS

WANTED — TALKING MACHINE SALESMAN. EXPERIENCED PREFERRED. ANYWAY, INVESTIGATE OUR PROPOSITION IF YOU CAN SELL. 82 N. PRYOR. PHILLIPS & CREW CO.

TO SELL our liquid and plastic roofing cement throughout the south. Makes old roofs better than new. Commissions paid monthly. Hurguley Oil Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SITUATION WANTED

SITUATION WANTED—Male

MARRIED man, 38 years old, as salesman for an A-1 house; best references as to ability and integrity. Personal interview can be arranged by letter to 245 Euclid avenue or phone Ivy 6878.

SITUATION WANTED—Female

EXPERIENCED steno. wants half-day or easy hour position. R-275, Constitution.

WANTED—Position as assistant bookkeeper; also can assist in general office work. Call West 982-J.

EXPERT stenographer wants position immediately. Address R-271, Constitution.

WANTED—A washerwoman at once. Hemlock 1067 or call 115 E. Fifteenth st.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

EXCEPTIONAL opportunity to buy well-established tailoring business in town near Atlanta, 15,000 inhabitants. No such chance ever before offered. Address "Tailoring," care Constitution.

WILL pay cash for your Liberty bonds. Write at once. E. Elemeyer, 210 N. 7th, St. Louis, Mo.

FOR LEASE—A brick mill, 150-h.p., boilers and engines, warehouses, etc; have parties who will consider assisting financially manufacturing proposition of any useful kind. E. W. Menefee, Raymond, Ga.

THE CHEAPEST TIRES in America direct from factory. Ford size $7.52; thirty-four four $12.75. Other sizes same reduction. Price list free; dealers wanted. Union Tire Co., 309 Broadway, New York city.

100 BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES. Get our Free Printed List. LIGHTFOOT'S, 317-18 Peters Bldg. Atlanta, Ga.

BLACKSMITH SHOP—Corner Boulevard and Piedmont avenue. Will sell, lease or hire someone to run same. Apply to above address or call Hemlock 48-J.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES

TYPEWRITERS

ALL kinds, at lowest prices. Factory rebuilt and fully guaranteed. Your money's worth or your money back. Typewriters rented, non-visible, three months for $5; visible, three months for $7.50. Call, phone or write for catalog C-76. American Writing Machine Company, 48 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

MUSIC AND DANCING

LANE'S DANCING. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. IVY 5786.

MEDICAL

PILES CURED—Without knife or chloroform. Removed without pain at my office. Hundreds of cured patients as references. Dr. Holbrook, Specialist, Suite 812 Austell Bldg.

WOMEN'S DISEASES cured without operation. Call for free X-ray examination. Finest equipment. Low fees. Absolutely confidential. Dr. Holbrook, American-European Specialist, 812 Austell building.

BUSINESS CARDS

ALL OPTOMETRIST AND OPTICIAN.

WILL TAKE YOUR OLD GLASSES AS part pay on new ones. 8 N. Forsyth St.
Clifton Newton Opt. Co.

CARPENTER SHOP.

CITY CARPENTER AND REPAIR SHOP. GENERAL contractors and builders; alterations and repairs a specialty. 48 South Forsyth street. Main 1655.

CLEANING AND PRESSING.

SUITS DRY CLEANED, $1. CITY HALL DRY CLEANING CO., Main 1627-L.

DENTAL WORK.

DENTIST DR. H. JENSEN, 78½ Whitehall street.

EXPERT SHOE REPAIRING.

SHOES Half-soled, sewed.....50c up
Rubber soles.....75c up
GWINN'S Rubber heels.....25c up
Child's half-sole...30c up
Done while you wait in 10 minutes.
2 S. Pryor St., Across R. R. op. Kimball.

ENGRAVING.

ENGRAVED SOCIAL and business stationery, wedding invitations, announcements. WEBB & VARY CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.

BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
Dealers in New and Used Electric Machinery.
58 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
WIRING DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1790, Atlanta 5000.
SHOP DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1782.

FOUNTAIN PENS REPAIRED.

SICK FOUNTAIN PENS MADE WELL. SEE EXPERT PEN MAN AT COURSEY & MUNN'S DRUG STORE, 29 MARIETTA ST.

HOUSE REPAIRING AND SCREENING.

POTTS & MOORE Atlanta Phone 661.
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LOCKS, KEYS, SAFES, LAWNMOWERS.
C. C. DOWNS EXPERT, 19 W. ALA. ST. Main 3146; Atlanta 4932.

OLD HATS MADE NEW.

OLD HATS made new; satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention. ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

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TO A MODEL of the feet we build arch supports that fit. Call and see it done. Kinser Laboratory, 307 Peters Bldg.

PIANO REPAIRING AND TUNING.

DIXIE PIANO HOSPITAL.
A. C. WEYBURN, MANAGER,
33 EXCHANGE PLACE, ATLANTA.
PROFESSIONAL TUNING AND REPAIRING—FACTORY REPRESENTATIVE.
Pianos, Player Pianos and Phonographs.
PHONE IVY 718.

PLUMBING AND CARPENTER REPAIRS.

L. A. DOZIER—Plumbing and Carpenter repairs. Repair anything. Call me up. Phone Main 4337. 81-B South Pryor street.

PLUMBING AND HEATING.

CAPITAL PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., 60 South Forsyth. M. 4184. Repair work given prompt attention.

ROOFING.

SEE ME before you do any roofing. George O. Barrett, 72-74 Marietta street. Phone Main 4771.

ROOF REPAIRING.

IF YOUR ROOF LEAKS, call West 416. No money required until your roofs stop leaking. J. T. Cunningham.

Mooney REPAIRS all kinds. 12 months guarantee. Reagle Hem. 1066.

TINTING.

TINTING—Rooms tinted, $3 to $4. Call 6:30 to 7:30 a. m., 7 to 8 p. m. West 630-J.

TRUNKS AND SUIT CASES.

ROUNTREE'S 77 WHITEHALL STREET. M. 1578.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

1917 STEARNS-KNIGHT LIMOUSINE

BEAUTIFULLY painted Belgian blue with black upper body and mouldings; five cord tires, wire wheels, handsomely upholstered, completely equipped.

THE ATLANTA CADILLAC CO.
183 Peachtree St. Ivy 2233.

USED CAR SPECIALS

ONE Haynes club roadster, 1917.
ONE Haynes Touring Car, 1917.
ONE Stearns Club Roadster, 1917.
ONE Buick Touring Car, 1918.
SEVERAL rebuilt, refinished Packards.

H. B. ODELL
541 Peachtree St.

USED CARS

Buick Little "6"	$1,085
1916 Studebaker	515
1915 Velie	285
1917 Maxwell Roadster	350

We buy, sell, trade or auction your used car.
USED CAR CLEARING HOUSE,
Second Floor, 181 Marietta St.

Fords FORDS, Fords. Big saving in price at Ford Auto Exchange, 30 Wall street. Main 5297. Pay cash for Fords.

BOSCH high-tension magneto, four-cylinder, type DU IV, new, never used, can be purchased for sixty dollars. Apply F. C. Dale, Room 811 Forsyth building.

USED FORDS

1918 Ford Touring.
1917 Ford Touring.
1917 Ford Roadster.
We pay cash for standard make of cars.
ATLANTA AUTO MART
142 MARIETTA ST. MAIN 415.

DODGE, 1916, 5-passenger; fully equipped; good running condition. $395. 18 Walton.

1916 FORD touring car, A-1 condition, for quick sale. 20 Elliott st.

FOR SALE—1916 model N Hupmobile; in first-class condition; reason for selling, owner leaving city. Address R-274, Const.

STUDEBAKER 6-cylinder; a bargain. Call West 36.

FORD OWNERS—You'll have the best-running car in town and pay for your gas and tires, too, if you write us right away; you will have all the Ford owners anxious to see how you do it; they will pay for the knowledge. Gasoline Economy Co., 1402 Colonial Trust Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

USED CAR CLEARING HOUSE.
181 Marietta St. Main 721.

USED CARS BARGAINS. H. B. ODELL, 541 Peachtree.

INTERN'L MOTOR TRUCKS

A SIZE and style for every business. Ready for immediate delivery. A. E. McLean, 92-94 S. Forsyth St. Main 421.

BARGAIN—Buick truck, storm curtains; newly overhauled. Call and inspect it today. 114 W. Baker st.

BARGAIN in used cars. John Lottridge Motor Sales Co., 264 Peachtree.

TEGDER TRUCK BARGAINS MOTOR CO.

USED CARS SEE Atlanta Cadillac Co., 183 Peachtree St.

USED CARS WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC. 236 PEACHTREE.

BARGAINS IN USED CARS AND TRUCKS. SOUTHERN MOTOR CAR CO. 246 PEACHTREE STREET.

USED CARS APPERSON SHOW ROOMS, 239 Peach'e St.

USED CARS HAYNES AUTO CO., 181 Peachtree. I. 5164.

USED CAR BARGAINS, Chevrolet Motor Co., 44 E. North Ave.

STUDEBAKER—Used car department. Bargains in used cars. 245-247 Peachtree St.

WANTED.

WANTED—Ford roadster. Must be cheap. Call Juniper 1002.

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES

AUTO TOPS, TRIMMING AND PAINTING. AUTO UPHOLSTERING—WALKER ROOFING CO., 273 Marietta St. M. 2917. M. 4075.

STEAM VULCANIZING.

WORK strictly guaranteed. 38 Walton St.
J. T. Boring—W. T. Chastain

ELECTRIC REPAIRING.

OFFICIAL SERVICE

ALL makes of electric starters, generators, magnetos, carburetors and igniters repaired.
Southern Auto and Equipment Co.
111 S. FORSYTH ST., ATLANTA, GA.

SIMS Magneto Service station. All kinds elec. repairing done. E. H. Odom Bros., Atlanta. Gill stop-leak piston rings, $1 each.

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JOHN M. SMITH CO.
AUTOMOBILE COACH WORK
CARS REPAINTED
Tops recovered and repaired. Wheels, springs and axles repaired.
120-122-124 AUBURN AVE.

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SERVICE RADIATOR WORKS
"Our Name Is Our Motto."
IVY 4668. 278 PEACHTREE ST.

VULCANIZING.

FOR BEST vulcanizing at most moderate prices; new and used tires. TWO-IN-ONE TIRE CO., 85 Auburn avenue. Ivy 2238.

MOTORCYCLES—BICYCLES

ONE INDIAN RESPEED TWIN MOTORCYCLE, WITH LUGGAGE CARRIER, PREST-O-LITE EQUIPMENT AND IS PRACTICALLY NEW. $250. SEE A. L. BELLE ISLE, 4 LUCKIE ST.

MONEY

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY at 8 per cent per annum. Easy terms. Atlanta Loan and Saving Company, Candler building.

MONEY FOR all. Easy terms. Hudson & Co., 313 Peters Bldg. M. 4843.

MONEY furnished salaried people. Business confidential. C. G. Mathis, 33½ South Broad St. Bell Main 2397.

SALARIES BOUGHT.

Salary Inv. Co., 304 McKenzie Bldg. Ivy 1074.

COAL

Must be paid for in CASH when it is delivered to you. You may not have the CASH on hand; but WE have, and will advance you enough money at 5 per cent to lay in your winter's supply.

See us about this today and be doubly prepared.

SURETY LOAN CO.
408 FLATIRON BLDG.

LOANS, $25.00 AND UP
WITHOUT REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
Wight Investment Co., 1111 Empire Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy terms; confidential. Scott & Co., 320 Austell building.

LOANS ON FURNITURE

TO BUY coal with. Pay cash for other commodities and save money.
O. F. WHITTEN CO.
201 Flatiron Bldg. Ivy 6150.

MONEY—On Real Estate

FUNDS on hand for loan and purchase money notes. A. F. Liebman, 17 Walton street. Real Estate and Renting.

MONEY to loan on real estate. Smith & Ewing, 66 North Forsyth st.

FARM MONEY.
Special Rate for Farms and City Property.
S. W. CARSON, 414 EMPIRE BLDG.

FIRST and second mortgage loans. A. G. Smith, Connally building. Main 2946.

5, 6, 7 AND 8 PER CENT money to lend on real estate, five years or less; interest payable semi-annually; splendid paying-back privileges. Brown-Foster Realty Company, 210 Flatiron building.

$500,000 TO LEND AT 6%
On Atlanta residence, store or apartment house property.
Special low commission rates if you call at the office.
DUNSON & GAY
409 Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg. Ivy 5678.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT 5, 6 and 7 per cent, city improved property. Established 27 years. Prompt and confidential attention.
TURMAN & CALHOUN. EMPIRE BLDG.

DIRECT CONNECTION for making city and farm loans. W. B. Smith, 706 Fourth National Bank building.

Cliff C. Hatcher Insurance Agency
LOAN AGENTS for Investors Savings Company, first and second mortgages on city real estate, payable monthly. See Rex B. Mooney, 221 Grant building.

MONEY

TO LEND, first or second mortgages, on city real estate. Current rates. Immediate action. J. S. Slicer, 51 N. Forsyth. I. 3349.

LONG TIME LOANS AT LOW RATES
On Improved Farms, Residential and business property. Inspectors at Atlanta, Macon, Columbus and various points.
Quick Action. Write for Application.
Mortgage Loan Department.
PAN-AMERICAN LIFE INS. CO.
1208 Whitney Bldg., New Orleans, La.

MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate in sums of $500 and over. Thos. J. Wesley, Cashier, 209 Grant building.

$10,000

IN odd amounts to lend at 6, 6½ and 7 per cent. W. O. Alston, 1204 Third National Bank building.

LOANS on city or farm property. M. R. McClatchey, Candler building.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

WE make real estate loans and buy purchase money notes.
Eiseman & Weil Inv. Co.
Phone M. 3010. 313 Atlanta Nat'l. Bk. Bdg.

WE HAVE fine demand for real estate purchase money notes. Brown-Foster Realty Company, 210 Flatiron building.

FOR SALE AND WANTED

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE—HOTEL FURNISHINGS AND LEASE, SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. ANSWER P. O. BOX NO. 344, CARTERSVILLE, GA.

SEWING
HELPS YOU SAVE

and at the same time helps the United States government. A special sale of high-grade drop-head sewing machines at prices that will make them sell quickly.

One drop-head White at	$15.00
One drop-head Singer at	15.00
One drop-head Domestic at	12.50
One drop-head Standard at	18.00
One drop-head College at	12.50
One Unique at	7.50
One drop-head Wheeler and Wilson at	15.00

WHITE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
133 WHITEHALL STREET.

FOR SALE—Detroit Jewel gas range, kitchen cabinet, mahogany parlor suite, cotton mattress and 2 oak rockers. Call Ivy 7619.

FOR SALE—Gas range, kitchen cabinet and gas heater. Phone Ivy 4038.

REMINGTON typewriter; absolutely perfect. Also typewriter desk; both for $60. Call West 1272.

HANDSOME bedroom and dining room suit cheap. 286 E. Fair street.

DIAMONDS.
HIGHEST PRICES PAID IN CASH FOR DIAMONDS OF ANY SIZE. MAY BROS., INC., 19 PEACHTREE ST.

EXPERT safe opening and repairing. Large stock, new and second-hand safes. Atlanta Safe Company, 64 West Mitchell street.

FURNITURE BOUGHT and sold for cash. S. M. Snider, 43 South Broad street. Main 2610.

CALL Gate City Coal Company for good coal. Teams for heavy hauling. M. 666-J.

SCALES—SAFES The Howe Scales Co. 18 S. Forsyth St.

100 USED picks and shovels. Flournoy Wrecking Service. Ivy 7710.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WANTED—Up-to-date Victrola, in good condition. Address R-268, Constitution.

WANTED—A pony buggy and harness. See Mr. Myers, care Atlanta Cadillac Co.

FIFTEEN or twenty-horse power second-handed engine and boiler. J. J. Stephenson, 1117 Healey Bldg.

WANTED—Antique mahogany bureau, 4 bedroom chairs and card table. Call H. 1686.

WANTED—First-class, second-hand mahogany desk chair at a bargain. C. P. Tolbert Co., 9-A Auburn avenue. Ivy 8814.

WE BUY SECOND-HAND clothes. Drop card, will call. 150 Decatur St.

THE Salvation Army needs old clothing, furniture, papers, books. Main 2960; Atl. 1736.

HOUSEHOLD goods bought by Central Auction Co., 10-12 E. Mitchell. Main 2424.

FURNITURE Bought for cash. Swift Furniture Co. M. 3769.

FUR NITURE wanted. Cash waiting Dixie Furniture Co. Main 156.

FURNITURE BOUGHT for cash. E. B. Gibson. Main 4647.

CASH FOR old gold and false teeth. McDuffie, 148 Peachtree street.

LIVE STOCK

COWS.

REGISTERED Shorthorn cows and calves for sale. Shedden Farms, Raymond, Ga.

BOARD AND ROOMS

BOARD AND ROOM

LARGE front room; table board; near Camp Gordon car line. Ivy 5684-J.

CORNER front room with bath and board for couple. Ivy 152. 21 E. Linden.

ROOM and board in attractive north side home. Hemlock 1279.

26 PONCE DE LEON—Second door Georgian Terrace; references. Ivy 8979.

LARGE front room, private bath, one room, connecting bath. 512 P'tree. Ivy 6122-J.

MRS. E. J. M'MEEKIN will open a first-class boarding house at 52 W. Baker street August 1; electric lights; steam heat.

WANTED—Board and Room

PIANO teacher will give lessons, exchange for room. R-272, care Constitution.

WANTED—Two rooms with or without board, for three adults. West End section preferred. Address R-269, Constitution.

WANTED—Board in refined private home, by couple and son, aged 12, connecting rooms, or large room with inclosed sleeping porch and private bath; references exchanged. P. O. Box 426.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED

NICELY furn. room, couple or two young men; med. conveniences. Ivy 8505.

NICELY fur. room, private bath and dressing room, pri. home, West End. W. 1420-J.

NICELY fur. room, joining bath, steam heat; private home. Phone Ivy 582-J. 60 East Baker.

VERY large room, steam heat, lavatory, 2 beds, Forrest ave. Ivy 2873.

LARGE, cool, next to bath; Camp Gordon line; private apartment. Ivy 1357-L.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished room, with board if desired. Call Main 5577.

66 FORREST AVE.—Nice, large room, lavatory; separate beds if desired. I. 5489.

ONE large front room with bath, steam heat; private home. Main 5120.

ONE nicely furn. room in private home; 1½ blocks from Peachtree. All modern conveniences. 99 E. Linden.

BEAUTIFUL furnished room for one or two gentlemen. Call Main 1241.

WANTED—Gentlemen to occupy large cool front room. 165 Forrest Ave. Ivy 7786.

LARGE nicely furn. room, private bath, near Georgian Terrace. Ivy 7870-L.

FURNISHED rooms for gentlemen. 32 Ponce de Leon ave.

PEACHTREE INN 321 Peachtree street
Fifty cents to $1 per day; $2 to $5 per week. Hot water at all hours. Phone Ivy 67.

358 PEACHTREE—Select furnished rooms; very desirable; all conveniences. I. 7353-J.

33 FORREST avenue; large front room with dressing room and bath. Ivy 8929.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

NICE furnished or unfurnished rooms, second house from West Peachtree, No. 6 Baltimore Place.

WANTED—Rooms

UNFURNISHED.

TWO rooms and kitchenette; not over $15. Address R-273, care Constitution.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

FURNISHED

FURNISHED room and kitchenette; private home. 226 Courtland st.

162 W. PEACHTREE, 1 or 2 newly-fur. rooms, adj. bath; elec. lights, gas, phone; adults; perma.; private; nice loca.

ONE or two rooms with kitchenette; all conveniences in home of owner. M. 3354-J.

NORTH SIDE—Desirably fur. suite, 2 rooms, kitchenette; references; adults. I. 3612-J.

NICELY fur. housekeeping rooms; private home, steam heat; moderate copy. M. 5120.

ONE nice, clean room, complete for housekeeping. Ivy 5356. 78 E. Ellis.

69 CAPITOL, nice front room, every convenience, business couple preferred. M-3976-J.

TWO attractive furn. housekeeping rooms; W. E. bungalow. 45 Stokes Ave. W-818-J.

DESIRABLE upstairs room, sleeping porch and kitchenette. Ivy 6765-J.

UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT—Nice unfurnished housekeeping rooms with couple. 351 Courtland st.

APARTMENTS, HOUSES, ETC.

FOR RENT—Apartments

FURNISHED.

FOUR rooms, steam-heated, on W. Peachtree. Can rent one room. Decatur 875.

COOL, well furnished apt., 5 rooms and 3 porches, north side, until September 15 or October 1. References. No children. Hemlock 395.

FIVE-ROOM furnished apartment. Hemlock 2414-J.

ATTRACTIVE home, 8 rooms, bath, beautiful porch, fine locality. Hemlock 493-J.

UNFURNISHED

NEW APARTMENT HOUSE
48 JUNIPER ST., between 3d and Ponce de Leon Ave., eighteen apts.—$40 to $55—ready July 25. See janitor. All three-room apts.

FOR immediate possession, apartment 7, The Jewel, 126 E. Fourth, $40; second floor. Call or phone Ivy 4592-L.

FOUR rooms and sleeping porch, near Ponce de Leon and Peachtree. Immediate possession. Ivy 5895-L.

THE STAFFORD—Five-room apt.; steam heat; all conveniences; close in. 32 Carnegie Way. Phone Ivy 4886.

6-ROOM APT.; all convens.; sleeping porch; best neighbor

Reports Loss of Auto.

R. W. Pullen, of 433 Luckie street, Tuesday night reported to the police that his Overland automobile had been stolen. The car was a five-passenger with wire wheels and the license number was 59702, Ga., 1918. According to Pullen he parked his car in front of the Lyric theater, and when he returned it was gone.

AMUSEMENTS

Loew Vaudeville.

(At the Grand.)

Stone and Boyle, blind pianist and Irish tenor, in one of the best musical acts seen here in a long time, and Madge Evans in "Neighbors," and extremely appealing photoplay, many scenes of which were taken in Atlanta, feature an extremely good bill at Loew's Grand theater for the first half of this week. Stone and Boyle, with their mastery playing and singing, have been accorded the warmest receptions here, while the Madge Evans picture is causing the greatest interest. Frear, Baggett and Frear have an exceedingly clever juggling and hat spinning act and Sylvester mystifies with a number of unique tricks. Other entertaining acts are Murray and Dean in a clever skit and the two Kelloggs in a novel musical offering.

"The Mortgaged Wife."

(At the Tudor.)

Again the Tudor theater has gone forth into the wilds of screenland and lassoed a motion picture hit which is being shown under the title of "The Mortgaged Wife," with Dorothy Phillips in the principal part. The picture is being offered in conjunction with the Tudor Screen Magazine and a special comedy attraction.

Robert Warwick.

(At the Criterion.)

Robert Warwick, the brilliant screen star who interrupted his career to serve Uncle Sam on the fighting front in France, will be seen today for the last time at the Criterion theater in "An Accidental Honeymoon." Captain Warwick has long been regarded as one of the big stars of the picture world. His talent is well brought out in the present production. A Vitagraph comedy and the Criterion screen telegram are added attractions.

Billie Burke.

(At the Forsyth.)

Billie Burke, the Paramount star, is appearing today at the Forsyth theater in a screen adaptation of Alicia Ramsey's "Eve's Daughter," which recently was shown on Broadway with Grace George as star. The screen version was arranged by Margaret Turnbull. An excellent cast includes Thomas Meighan, William Riley Hatch, Florence Flynn, Lionel Atwill and others as well known.

Mabel Normand.

(At the Strand.)

Mabel Normand in "Back to the Woods," her latest Goldwyn production, offers nothing but laughter and thrills to her admirers at the Strand theater today. The story abounds in those moments peculiar to Mabel Normand and she takes advantage of them in her own inimitable way.

"We Can't Have Everything."

(At the Rialto.)

Fancy a young woman in these parlous days deploring the war because it spoils her fun. Happily there are few such creatures in this country, but one meets them occasionally, but more especially in photoplays, as is shown in Cecil B. De Mille's production for Artcraft, "We Can't Have Everything," which will be displayed at the Rialto theater today.

"Naulahka."

(At the Savoy.)

Rudyard Kipling's famous story of romance and adventure, "The Naulahka," which has been put on by Pathe as a six-part feature extraordinary on the Pathe play program, will be at the Savoy theater today. In costliness of sets and in the fidelity of the reproduction of the atmosphere of the Far East, "The Naulahka" has seldom been equaled.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Lyric.)

The feature of the bill at the Lyric this week is the "bullet-proof lady" act, which has been puzzling all the patrons. In this number a man dressed in army uniform fastens a deck of cards to a young woman's waist, then places a mirror behind her and with one bullet, which pierces the cards, breaks the glass as well. Another big entertainment is that of the Kalaluhis Hawaians who appear in an act with all the other fine acts which will be seen for the last time today.

Today at the Movies.

TUDOR—Dorothy Phillips in "The Mortgaged Wife."
RIALTO—"We Can't Have Everything."
STRAND—Mabel Normand in "Back to the Woods."
CRITERION—Robert Warwick in "The Accidental Honeymoon."
FORSYTH—Billie Burke in "Eve's Daughter."
ALAMO NO. 2—Vivian Martin in "Unclaimed Goods."
GRAND—Madge Evans in "Neighbors."
VAUDETTE—"The Eagle's Eye."
SAVOY—Antonio Moreno in "The Naulahka."
ALPHA—"The House of Hate."

Fulton County Transfers

Warranty Deeds.

$100 and exchange of property—Kate G. Ryder to W. C. Carson, lot east side Spring street, 170 feet south of Baltimore place, 55 x170 feet. December 24, 1917.

$350 and other valuable consideration—D. N. Bowden to same, lot northeast corner Lowndes and Carnegie streets, 47x150 feet. March 1, 1917.

$1,200—A. J. Haygood to S. W. Carson, No. 404 Hilliard street, 24x99 feet. February 1, 1916.

$1,000—S. B. Scott to A. J. Haygood, same property. February 1, 1916.

$6,450—Mrs. Mary C. Lowe to U. B. Burkett, No. 247 St. Charles avenue, 50x133 feet. July 24, 1918.

$185 and other considerations—W. W. Rainey to D. T. Moody, et al., lot southwest corner Jennie Lane and West Washington streets, 50x234 feet. April 22, 1918.

$1 and other consideration—B. Unger to William G. Ashby, lot south side Georgia avenue, 212 feet west of Connally, 33x110 feet. July 18, 1918.

$1 and other considerations—William G. Ashby to T. T. Parker, same property. July 19, 1919.

$5,500—E. W. Grover Realty company to John F. Evans, lots 5 and 6, block 3, Atkins Park. July 25, 1918.

$4,000—Mrs. Cecilia B. Wallace to Mrs. Sarah Goler, lot east side Windsor street, 138 feet south of Crumley, 66x166 feet. July 17, 1918.

$3,000—John T. Wallace to Railway Postal Clerks' Investment association, No. 27 Ogiethorpe avenue, 42x91 feet. July 25, 1918.

$395—Empire Trust and Safe Deposit company to Miss Ora Montgomery, lot north side Astor avenue, 250 feet west of Hollenbeck, 50x150 feet. July 10, 1918.

$5—Mrs. E. W. Offut to J. C. Acton, No. 41 Virginia circle, 50x148 feet. July 23, 1918.

Quit-Claim Deeds.

$1—Atlanta Trust company to Railway Postal Clerks' Investment company, lot east side Ashby, 163 feet south of Parsons, 41x132. November 9, 1917.

$1—Same to same, lot west side Fraser street, 109 feet south of Richardson, 50x70. March 6, 1915.

$10—Colonial Trust company to Mrs. Sarah Goler, Nos. 208x210 Windsor street, 6x166. July 23, 1918.

$5 and other considerations—St. Louis Union Trust company to E. W. Grove Realty company, lots 5 and 6, block 3 of Atkins Park. July 5, 1918.

$7,000—C. M. Burton to H. J. Carr, lot at intersection of Forsyth and Garnett streets, 46x80. July 10, 1918.

$7,000—H. J. Carr to estate of G. W. Parrott, same property. July 16, 1918.

$1—A. P. Herrington to J. C. Acton, No. 41 Virginia circle, 50x148. June 12, 1918.

Loan Deeds.

$1,200—James C. Acton to Equitable Life Assurance Association of the United States, 41 Virginia circle, 50x148. June 1, 1918.

$570—Same to Mrs. Etta White Offutt, lot north side Walker avenue, 150 feet east of Barnett, 50x148. July 27, 1918.

$5,000—Howard Pattillo to M. S. Pitts, 35 Whitehall street, 21x100. Five years, 6 per cent. July 26, 1917.

$1,000—Malinda Johnson to V. T. Bain, lot east side Hilliard street, 74 feet north of Old Wheat street, 23x100. Five years, 8 per cent. July 15, 1918.

$690—Same to Atlanta Realty Investment company, same property. Thirty monthly notes. July 15, 1918.

$4,000—Southeastern Investment company to Mrs. C. F. Cooke, lot on Butler street, 110 feet north of Decatur, 90x110. Five years, 7 per cent. July 26, 1918.

$7,000—John F. Evans to Provident Life and Trust Company of Philadelphia, 17 St. Charles place, 52x133. Five years, 6 per cent. July 26, 1918.

$7,000—Same to same, 21 St. Charles place, 52x133. Five years, 6 per cent. July 26, 1918.

$700—U. D. Burkett to Albert H. Bailey, 247 St. Charles avenue, 50x133. July 26, 1918.

$3,250—Same to Everett Eiseman, same property. Five years, 7 per cent. July 26, 1918.

$550—Mrs. E. W. Smith to Atlanta Banking and Savings company, lot east side Fern avenue, 350 feet north of Haygood, 50x120. July 23, 1918.

Carrollton Contract Awarded.

The contract for street paving, storm sewers, sidewalks and curbing in the business district of Carrollton, Ga., has been awarded to the Municipal Engineering and Construction company, of Atlanta. Vibrolithic pavement was selected.

The work will be done according to plans, specifications and supervision of Knox T. Thomas, consulting engineer, with offices at 502 Forsyth building.

Mayor H. W. Fleurnoy and the city council of Carrollton recently advertised for bids in the local press and the above were the successful bidders.

SPECTACLES.

Spectacles are an effort on the part of men to get extra mileage out of the human eye. Are you getting full measure from yours? Jno. L. Moore & Sons, the Opticians, help you; they are experts in this line. 42 N. Broad street, Grant bldg.—(adv.)

THE MODERN CITY HOME IS A WORK OF ART

As Well as a Place to Live In

Imagine the prettiest hill in one of the most desirable residential settings in Atlanta, a site selected for its natural beauty of topography.

Then an architect of note designed a house without regard to expense; the finest quality of material was used (tapestry brick and gray stone); the best plumbing was installed; the best heating system put in; hardwood floors laid, walls tastefully decorated; grounds beautiful.

It would be practically an impossibility to duplicate this superb Ansley Park home today, the cost would bankrupt anyone. Yet we have a very reasonable sale price at which we can offer it.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR
GROUND FLOOR HEALEY BUILDING

FUNERAL NOTICE

LAMBERT—Friends of Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Lambert, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H. Lambert, Miss Bessie St. George Lambert, Mr. and Mrs. H. Minor Davis, Lynchburg, Va.; Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Lambert, New York city; Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Weaver, Pittsburg, Pa.; Mrs. Robert Murray, Elmira, N. Y., are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. Charles G. Lambert today (Wednesday), July 31, 1918, at 11 a. m., from the home, 70 West Fourteenth street, Dr. W. W. Memminger officiating. Interment at West View. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers and escort and please meet at the residence: Pallbearers: Mr. A. H. Bancker, Mr. Harden L. Cobbs, Dr. C. T. Brockett, Mr. C. D. Gibbs, Mr. W. M. Hunt, Mr. R. M. Walker, Mr. Allen Schoen. Escort: Mr. W. D. Ellis, Jr., Mr. George Bonney, Dr. W. P. Nicolson, Mr. R. E. Nolley, Mr. J. R. Wells, Mr. H. R. Callaway, Mr. E. C. Peters and Mr. William Chafin. Limousines will leave Barclay & Brandon Co.'s at 10:30 a. m.

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$200.00 REWARD
For one 1918 Studebaker SIX, special body, 7-passenger, maroon color, white wire wheels, special nickel-plated windshield, top tore in back, been repaired; motor No. 6E-12742, Georgia state license No. 70214. $50 will be paid for recovery of car. $50 each is offered by government for the three deserters in car. Wire all information to W. T. WRIGHT, Chief of Police, Gainesville, Ga.

Atlanta, Ga., July 30, 1918.

NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given that the Atlantic Compress Company has petitioned the Railroad Commission of Georgia for authority to increase its rates for compression, recompression and rebanding of cotton at Albany, Athens, Atlanta, Augusta, Columbus, Macon, Millen, Thomasville, Toccoa and Savannah, Ga., to 15 cents per one hundred (100) pounds, based upon condition that every thirty-six (36) foot car, standard size, shall be loaded with a minimum of seventy-five (75) bales, and that said application has been assigned for hearing before the commission at its meeting to be held in its offices, state capitol, Atlanta, Ga., at 10 o'clock a. m. August 13, 1918, at which time opportunity will be afforded all interested parties of being heard.

This notice is published in accordance with the requirements of the Railroad Commission of Georgia.

(Signed) ATLANTIC COMPRESS COMPANY,
By J. C. Haskell, President.

EADE'S GOUT PILLS
The Old and Popular Remedy for Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago; pains in the head, face & limbs. All druggists. E. FOUGERA & CO., Inc. Agents for U. S., 90 Beekman St., N. Y.

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Long Distance Telephone 3023, 3024 and 2025, Atlanta, Ga.

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Specialist
22-24 Inman Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

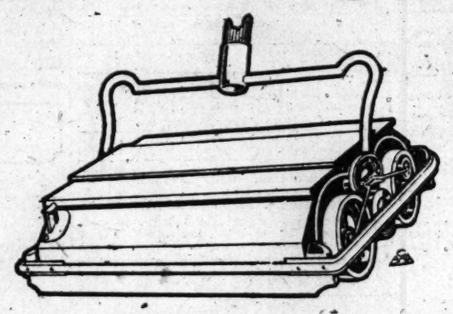
WILSON CONGRATULATED ON ANTI-MOB ADDRESS

Nashville, Tenn., July 30.—The executive committee of the Tennessee Law and Order league, organized this year to suppress mob violence, following the burning of a negro who had killed two white men at Estell Springs, today sent a telegram to President Wilson congratulating him on his recent address as follows:

"The Tennessee Law and Order league organized in March to combat mob violence in this state rejoices in your noble and stirring address to the American people on this monstrous evil. The executive committee is urging local representatives to hold public meetings at which your address will be read and steps taken to inaugurate a campaign of publicity in accordance with your ideas. Such public sentiment will, we trust, have its effect on state and local officers to whom you appeal. We pledge our co-operation in all that you may do to make our democracy what it claims to be."

Only $2.95 For Carpet Sweeper

SAVE ENERGY



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Greatest Money Saving ever since before the War

$42.50 Value 9x12 AXMINSTER RUG FOR ONLY $29.75

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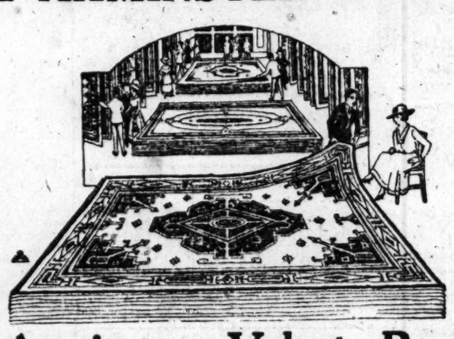

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Wiltons, Axminster, Velvet, Brussels, Patterns Reduced

WHITE TAG REGULAR — Save $20.00 on Some Patterns — RED TAG SPECIAL

$25.00	9x12	Brussels Rug	$19.75
$23.50	6x9	Velvet Rug	$19.75
$31.50	8.3x10.6	Velvet Rug	$25.00
$34.50	9x12	Velvet Rug	$27.75
$42.50	9x12	Axminster Rug	$29.75
$47.00	9x12	Axminster Rug	$34.50
$79.50	8.3x10.6	Wilton Rug	$59.50

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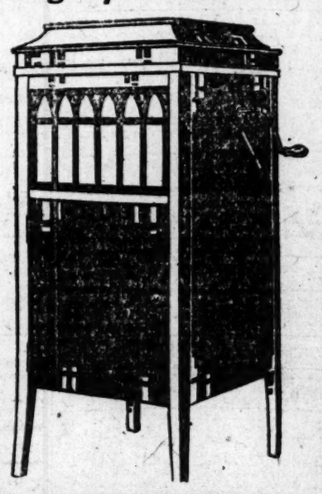

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When you find you want something—anything—in office supplies, just phone us—Ivy 4600.
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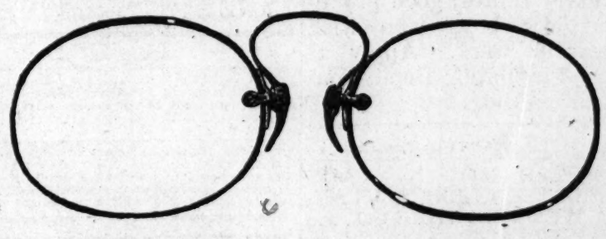

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The qualities and patterns and values in our Shirt Department are splendid—$1.50 to $10.

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